# National University of Singapore <br> School of Computing <br> CS1101S: Programming Methodology <br> Semester I, 2013/2014 

## Recitation 3 Higher-Order Functions

## From Lecture

```
Implementation of pair, head and tail:
function pair(x,y) {
    return function(m) { return m(x, y); }
}
function head(z) {
    return z(function(p, q) { return p; });
}
function tail(z) {
    return z(function(p, q) { return q; });
}
```


## Definitions

The following are two higher-order functions discussed in lecture:

```
function sum(term, a, next, b) {
    if(a > b) {
            return 0;
    } else {
            return term(a) + sum(term, next(a), next, b);
    }
}
function fold(op, f, n) {
    if(n === 0) {
            return f(0);
    } else {
            return op(f(n), fold(op, f, n - 1));
    }
}
```

Note: it is not necessary to memorize these defintions, or even the names of these functions. Definitions of such functions (if they are used) will be given in an Appendix for examinations. What is most important is that students must be able to read the definition for such a function and understand what it does.

## Problems:

1. Evaluate the return values of the following sets of statements:
(a) $\operatorname{var} \mathrm{x}=12$; x ;
(b) $\operatorname{var} \mathrm{x}=12$; (function() $\mathrm{x}=15$; ) $) ; \mathrm{x}$;
(c) $\operatorname{var} x=20$; (function() $\operatorname{var} x=15 ;)() ; x ;$
2. Write a function my_sum that computes the following sum, for $n \geq 1$ :

$$
1 \times 2+2 \times 3+\cdots+n \times(n+1)
$$

3. Is the function my_sum as defined in Question 1 above a recursive process or an iterative process? What is the order of growth in time and in space?
4. If your answer in Question 2 is a recursive process, re-write my_sum as an iterative process. If your answer in Question 2 is an iterative process, re-write my_sum as a recursive process.
5. We can also define my_sum in terms of the higher-order function sum. Complete the definition of my_sum below. You cannot change the definition of sum; you may only call it with appropriate arguments.
```
function my_sum(n) { return sum(<T1>, <T2>, <T3>, <T4>); }
```

T1:
T2:
T3:
T4:
6. Suppose instead we define my_sum in terms of the higher-order function fold. Complete the definition of my_sum below.

```
function my_sum(n) { return fold(<T1>, <T2>, <T3>); }
```

T1:
T2:
T3:
7. Write an iterative version of sum.
8. Homework: Write an iterative version of fold.

