

## MA 5219 - Logic and Foundations of Mathematics 1

Course-Webpage <http://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~fstephan/mathlogic.html>

Homework due in Week 12, Tuesday 5 November 2013.

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Hand in each homework which you want to be checked; 1 mark per each correct starred homework; up to 10 marks in total for homework - there will be more than 10 starred homeworks, so you have several chances to try.

**12.1\* Number of rounds in Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé games.** Give an example of two relational structures  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{B}$  such that the Duplicator has a winning strategy for the Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé game of 2 rounds and the Spoiler has a winning strategy for the Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé game of 3 rounds.

**12.2\* Finite Structures and the Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé Game.** Are there non-isomorphic finite relational structures  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{B}$  such that the Duplicator has a winning strategy for every Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé game? Prove your answer.

**12.3\* Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé Games on Infinite Graphs.** A graph is given by a set of vertices and an edge-relation  $E$  which satisfies  $E(x, y) \rightarrow x \neq y$  and  $E(x, y) \leftrightarrow E(y, x)$  for all  $x, y$ . Give an example of two infinite graphs which are not isomorphic but for which the Duplicator has a winning strategy in every Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé game.

**12.4 Model Complete Theories.** A consistent theory is called model complete iff  $T + \mathcal{D}\mathcal{A}$  is complete in  $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{A}$  for every model  $\mathcal{A}$  of  $T$ , that is, if for every  $\alpha \in \mathcal{L}\mathcal{A}$  either  $T + \mathcal{D}\mathcal{A} \vdash \alpha$  or  $T + \mathcal{D}\mathcal{A} \vdash \neg\alpha$ . Provide an example of an axiomatisable theory without finite models which is model complete but not complete.