MA 4207 - Mathematical Logic

Course-Webpage http://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~fstephan/mathlogicug.html Homework

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Homework 10.1

This homework considers undirected graphs without self-loops. Consider the following two graphs:

- (a) Prove that in graph (a) nodes 0 and 1 are definable and nodes 2 and 3 are not.
- (b) Prove that in graph (b) the node 0 is definable and nodes 1, 2 and 3 are not.
- (c) For which n is there a graph of 6 nodes such that exactly n out of these 6 nodes are definable?

Homework 10.2

Let the logical language contain a function symbol f for a function with one input. Show that Λ proves the formulas

$$\neg (f(x) = f(y)) \to \neg (f(y) = f(x)), \ f(x) = f(y) \to (f(y) = f(z)) \to f(x) = f(z))$$

which is similar to some proofs in the lecture notes.

Homework 10.3

For the following formulas α and terms t, either write what α_t^z is or write that a substitution is not permitted. The formulas are $\exists x \, [\neg(x=z+1)], \, \forall z \, [x=z], \, f(x\cdot z) = f(0)$ and the terms are $x, \, 0, \, z+z$. Do not forget to make brackets where needed.

Homework 10.4

For the following formulas α and terms t, either write what α_t^z is or write that a substitution is not permitted. The formulas are $\exists x \forall y \, [x = y \cdot z], \ \forall x \, \exists y \, [z = x + y], \ \forall u \, [z \cdot z + 1 \neq u \cdot u + 2]$ and the terms are x + y, 0, $v \cdot w$. Do not forget to make brackets where needed.

Homework 10.5

Use the Deduction Theorem to show the following:

If
$$\Gamma \vdash \alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \gamma \rightarrow \delta$$
 then $\Gamma \vdash \gamma \rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \delta$.

Which other interchanges of $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ are permitted and which not?

Homework 10.6

Prove the statement from Homework 10.5 using only tautologies and modus ponens.

Homework 10.7

Let the logical language have a predicate P and constant c. Prove formally that

$$\{ \forall x \, \forall y \, [P(x) \to P(y)] \} \vdash P(c) \to \forall y \, [P(y)] \}$$

using the axioms of Λ , the Deduction Theorem and the Generalisation Theorem.

Homework 10.8

Let (A, +, 0) be a structure with constant 0 and binary operation +. Make a formal proof for

$$\{ \forall x [x + x = 0] \} \vdash \forall x [(x + x) + (x + x) = 0]$$

using axioms from Λ and the Generalisation Theorem.

Homework 10.9

Let (A, +, 0) be a structure with constant 0 and binary operation +. Make a formal proof for

$$\{\forall x \,\forall y \,[x+y=y+x]\} \vdash \forall u \,[u+(u+u)=(u+u)+u]$$

using the axioms of Λ and the Generalisation Theorem.

Homework 10.10

For (A, +, 0) as in Homework 10.9, make a formal proof for

$$\{\forall x \,\forall y \,\forall z \,[(x+y)+z=x+(y+z)]\} \vdash \forall u \,[u+(u+u)=(u+u)+u]$$

using the axioms of Λ and the Generalisation Theorem.

Homework 10.11

Is the statement

$$\{\forall x \, \forall y \, [x+y=y+x], \forall x \, \forall y \, \forall z \, [(x+y)+z=x+(y+z)]\} \models \forall x \, \forall y \, \exists z \, [x+z=y]$$

true? If the statement is true then make a formal proof else provide a model satisfying the left but not the right side of \models .