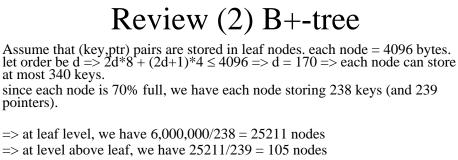
### Review (1) Consider a file with 6 million records of 200 bytes each. Suppose we have to perform 10,000 single-record accesses, and 100 range queries of 0.005% of the file. Use hashing (with key-to-address transformation of the form x mod y). Suppose the hash table has a load factor of 70% and the bucket size is 4096 bytes. Moreover, assume that records are stored in the bucket, and there is no overflow of buckets. Use B+-tree. Suppose each node is 70% full, and the sizes of a node, key and address are 4096, 8 and 4 bytes respectively. Which of the above two methods is better for the application? . Under what circumstance will the "loser" outperform the "winner"?



- => next level is the root.
- => the tree has 3 levels.
- for 10,000 single-record accesses, cost = 10,000\*(3+1) = 40,000
- for each range query, we need to traverse 2 leaf nodes, and 22 data nodes (assuming data are clustered).
- so, the cost for 100 range queries = 100\*(3+1+22) = 2600
- total = 42,600

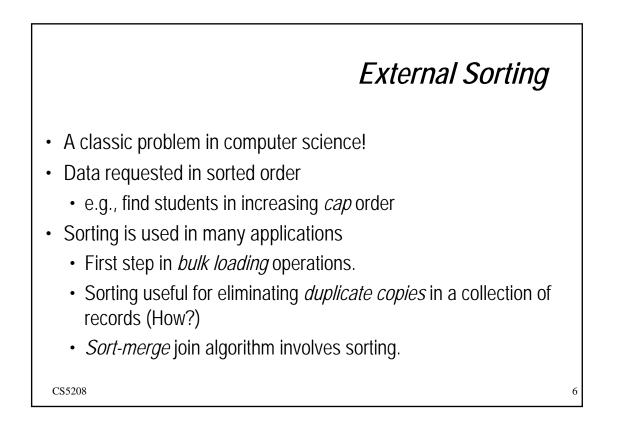
## Review (3) Hash method

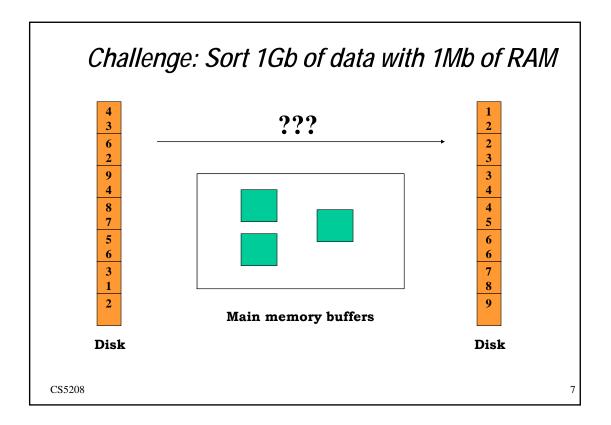
- We have 6,000,000 records, each 200 bytes, 10,000 single-record accesses, 100 range queries, each accessing 0.005% of the file, i.e., 300 records.
- bucket size = 4096 bytes = 20 records
- since no overflow, and 70% load factor ==> each bucket contains 14 records only. there are 6,000,000/14 = 428,572 buckets.
- for 10,000 single-record accesses, cost = 10,000 I/O (i.e., 1 I/O per access).
- for each range queries, we need to access the entire file. So, total cost = 100\*438,572 I/O

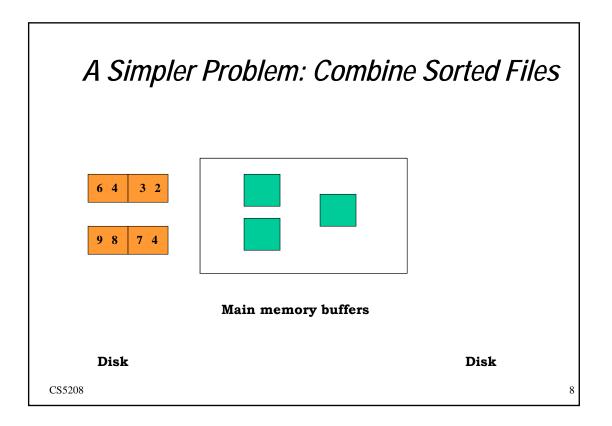
### Review (4)

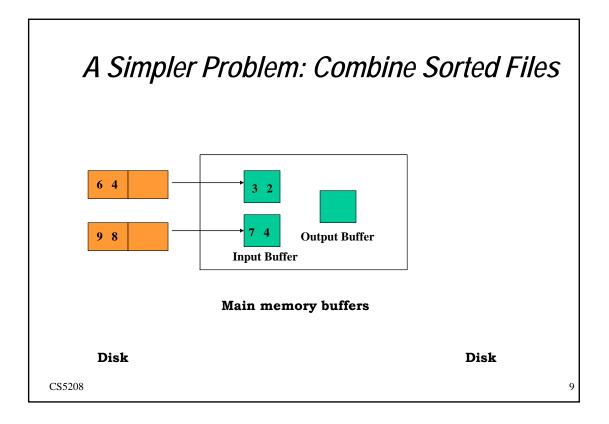
- B+-tree = 40,000 + 2,600
- Hash index = 10,000 + 100\*438,572
- clearly, the winner is B+-tree.
- if the range queries cover almost the entire file, or the workload has few range queries, then hashing technique will win.

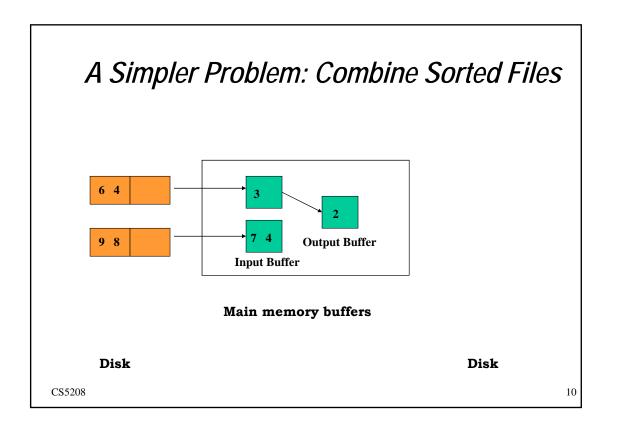
External Sort
External Sort
External Sort "There it was, hidden in alphabetical order."

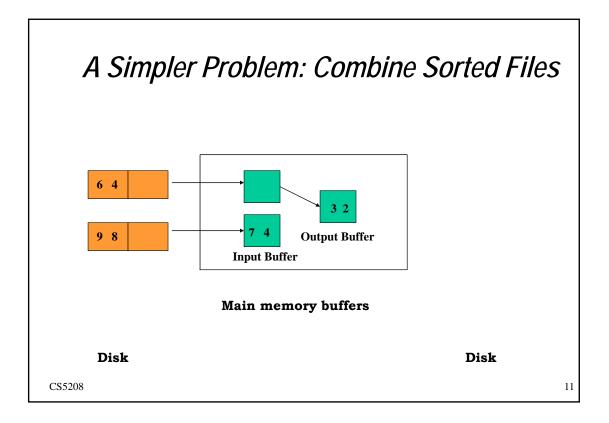


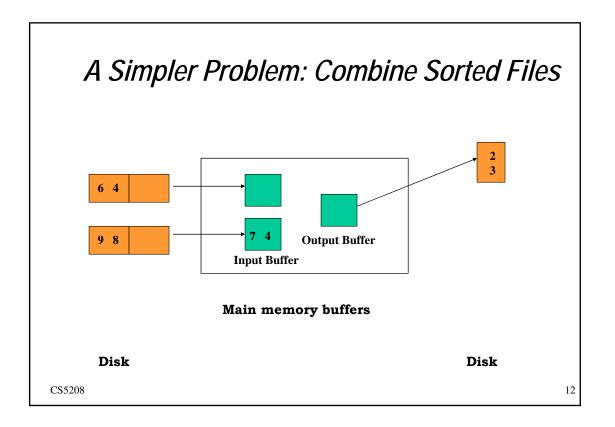


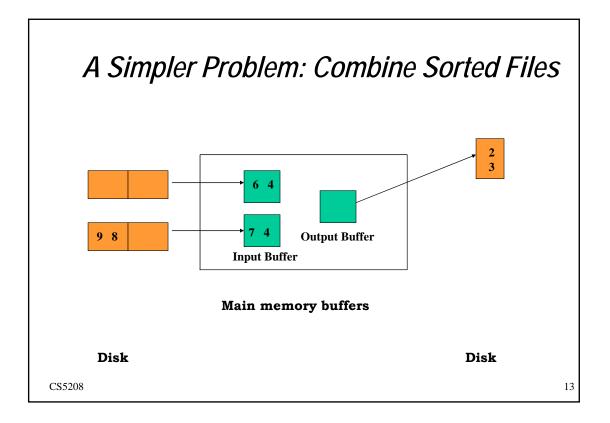


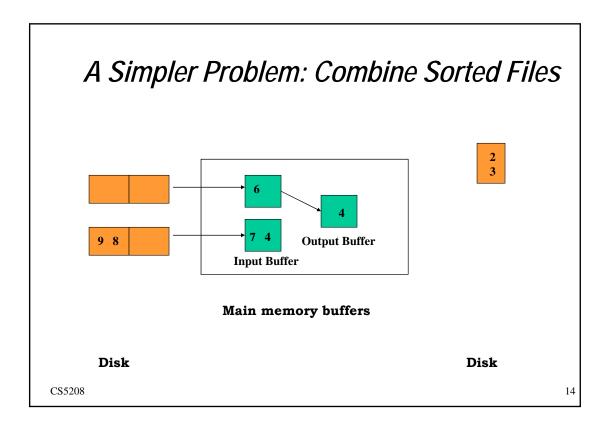


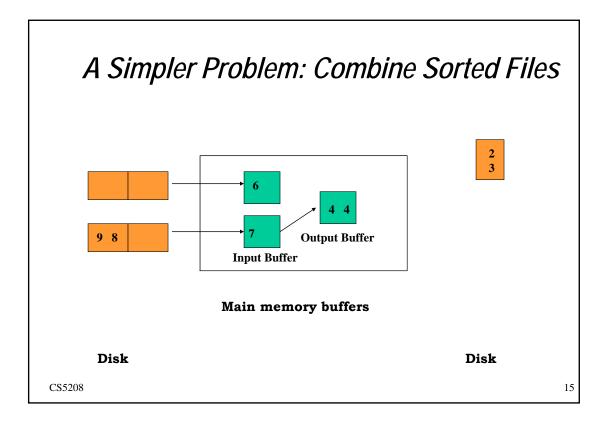


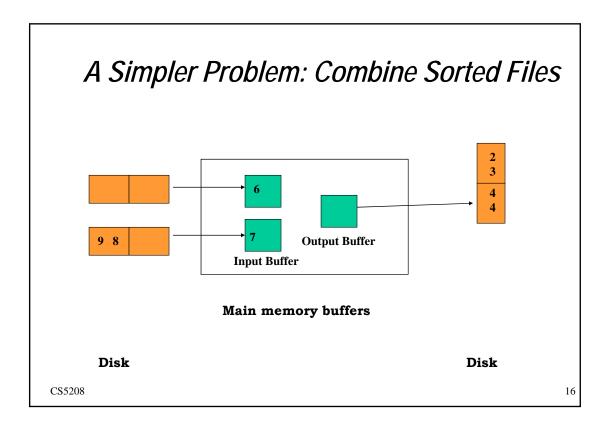


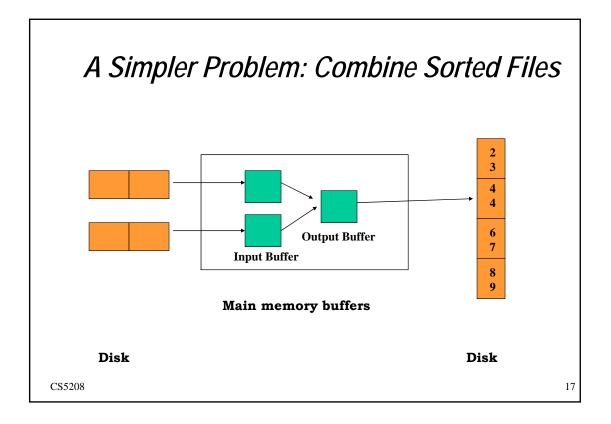


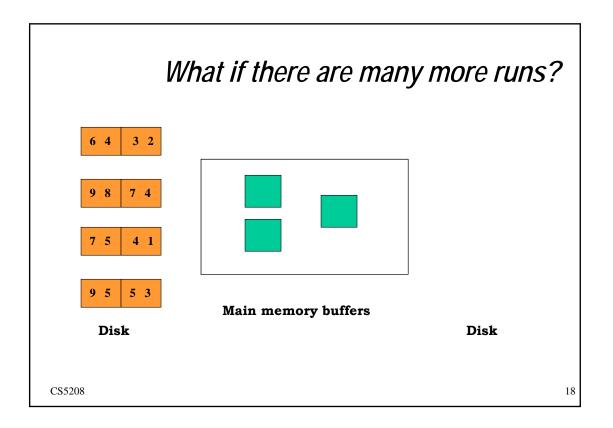


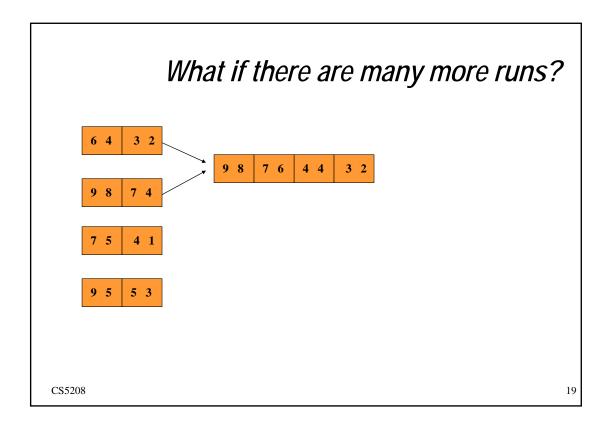


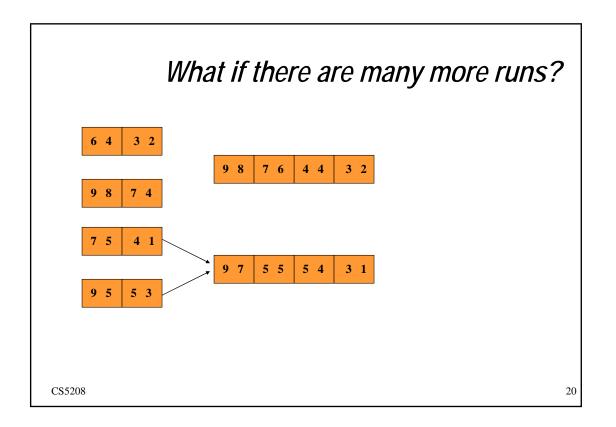


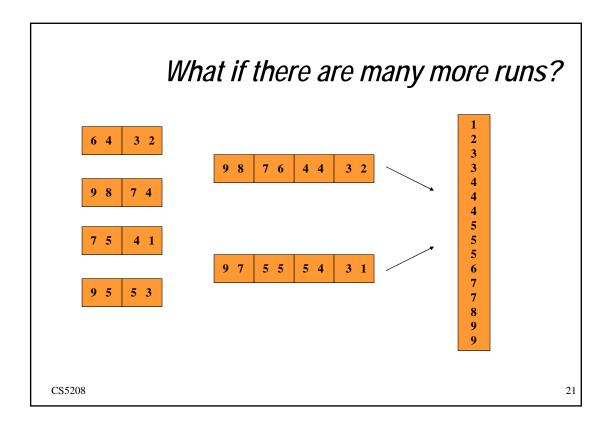


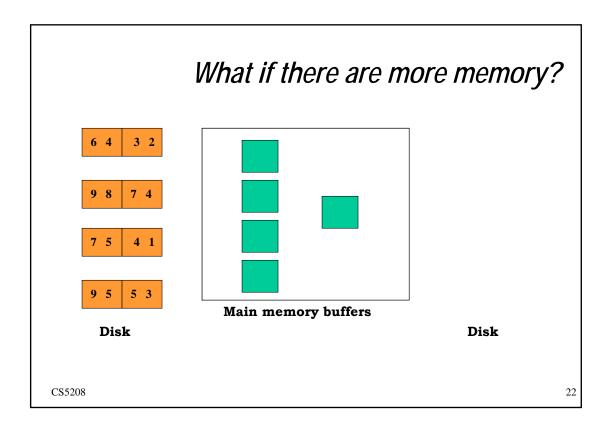


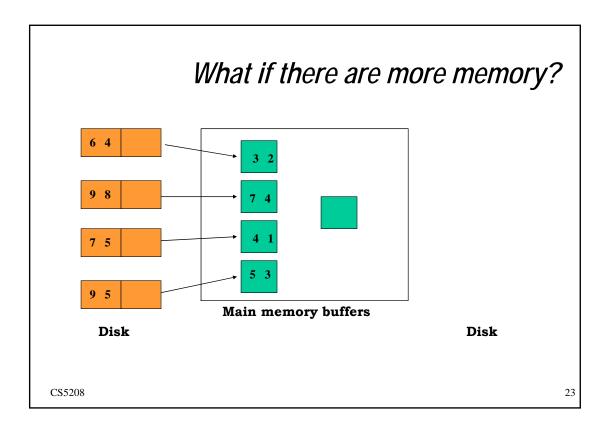


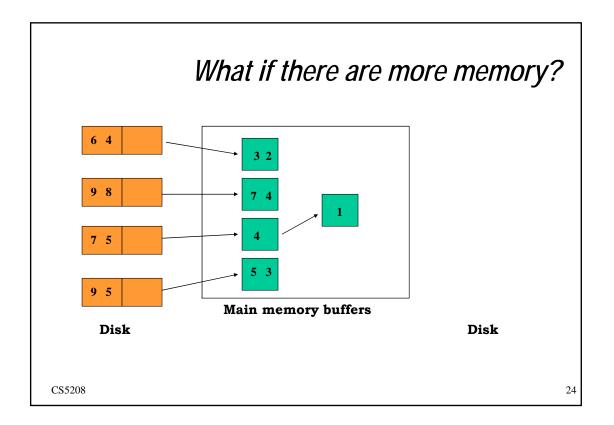


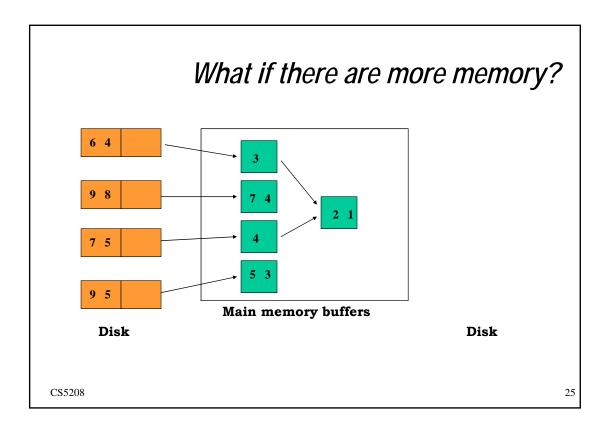


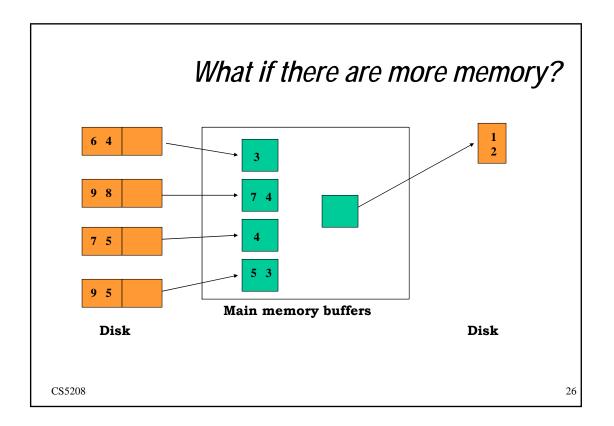


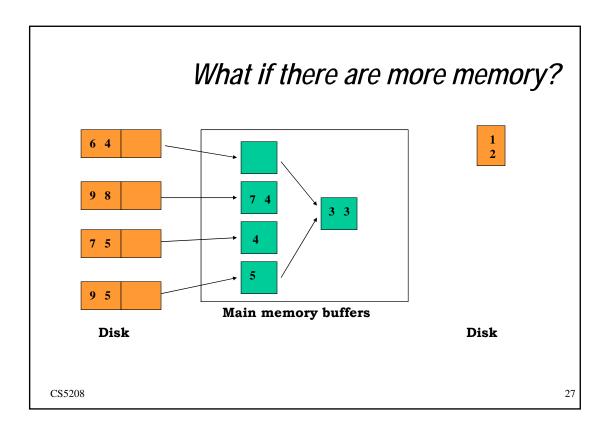


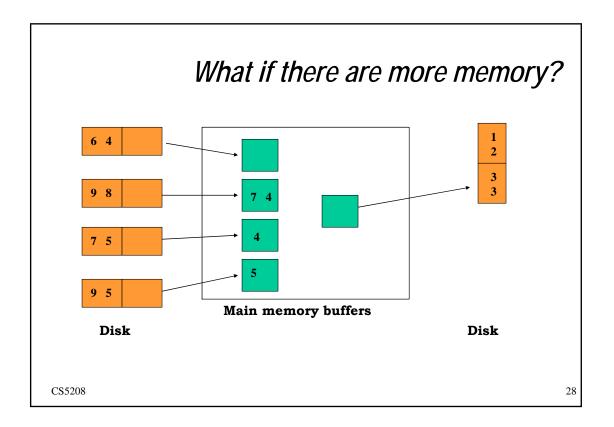


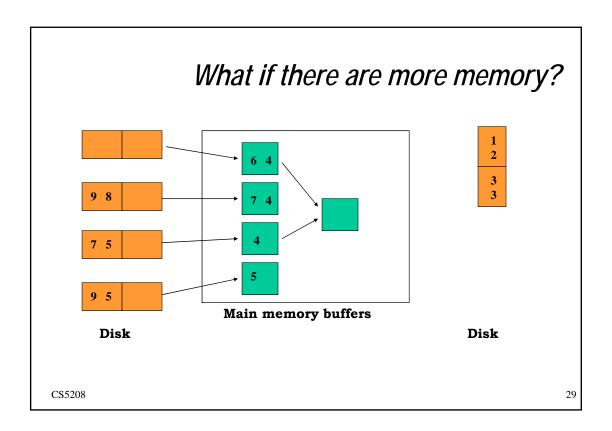


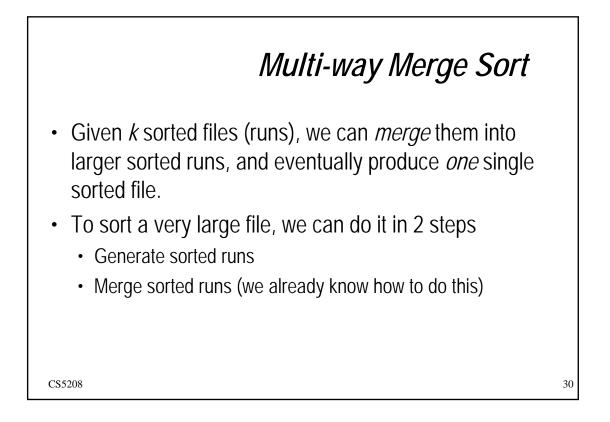


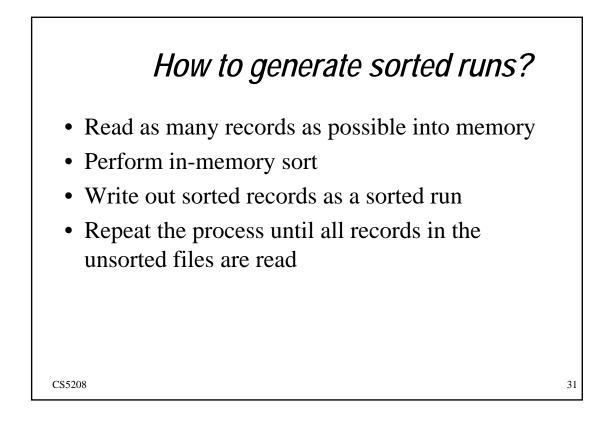


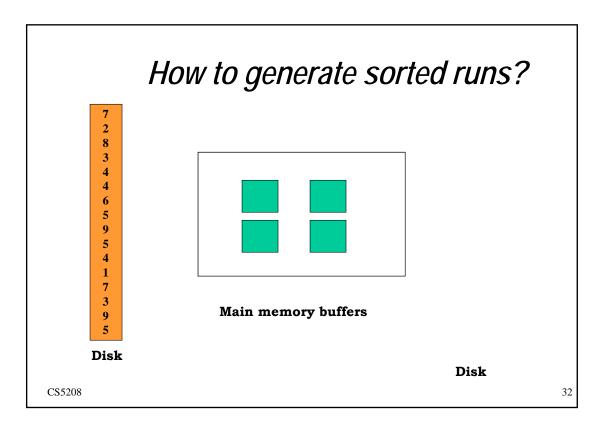


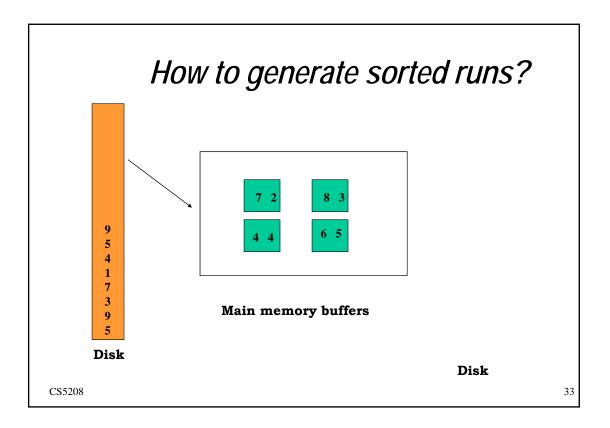


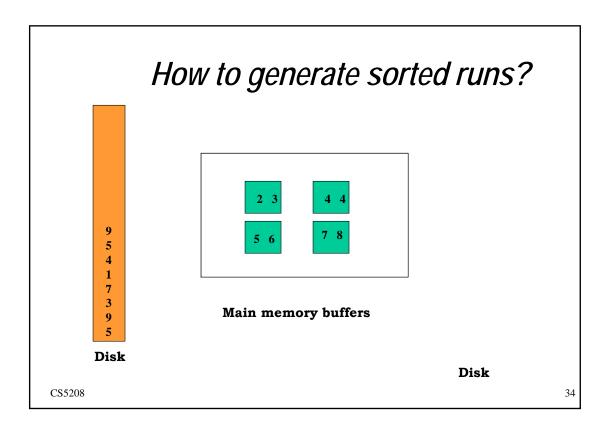


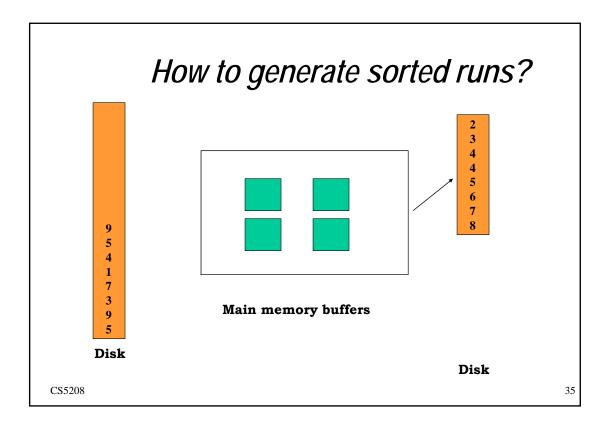


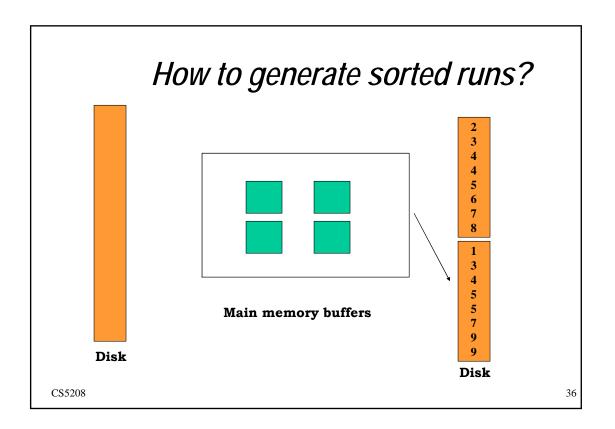


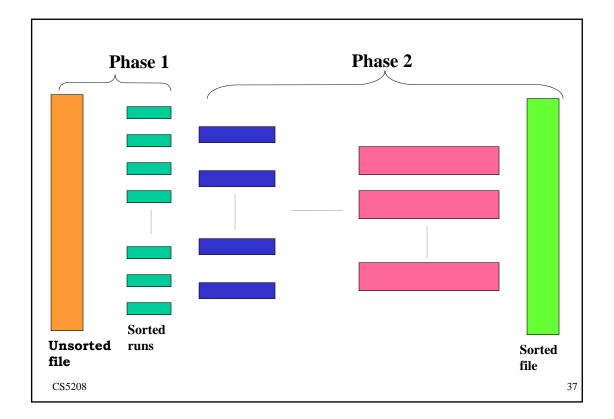


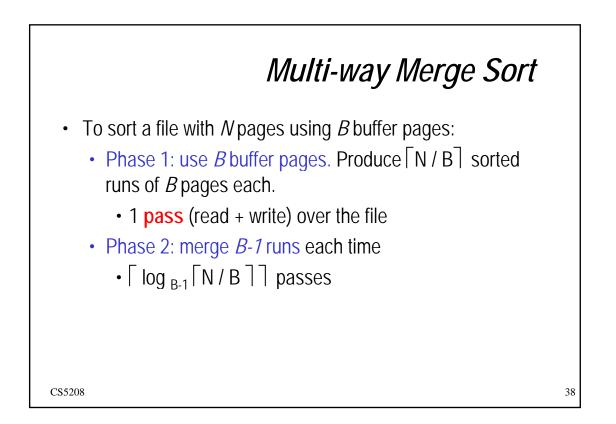


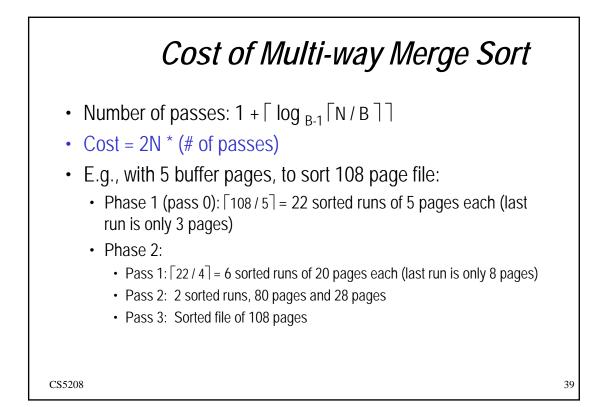




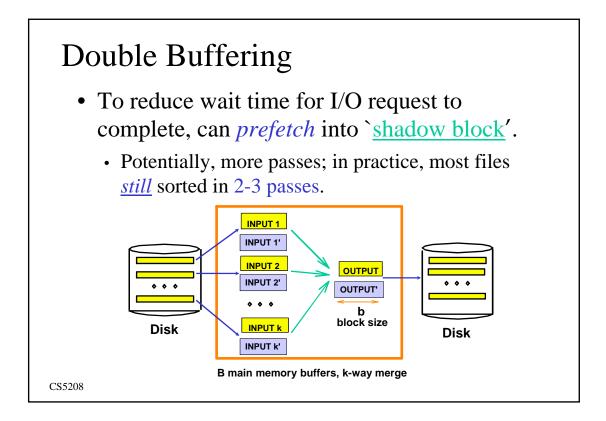


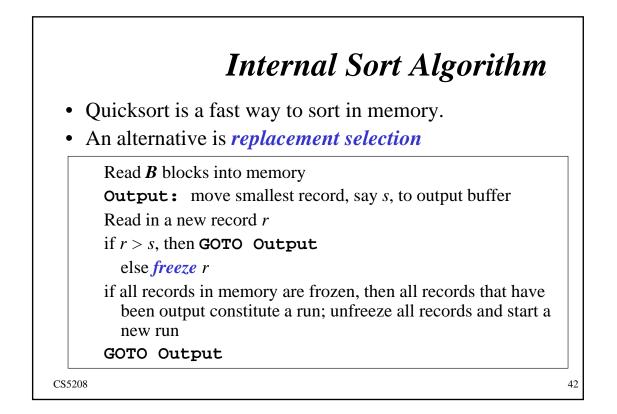


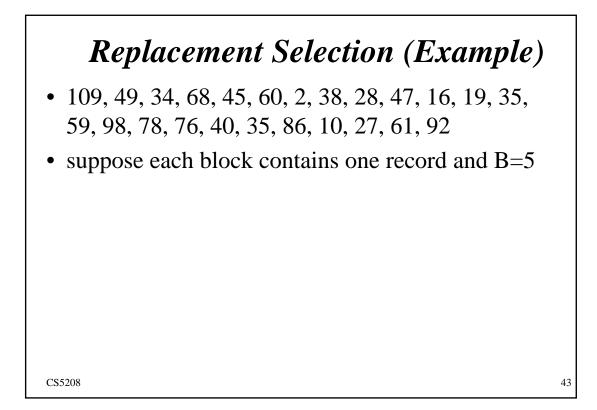


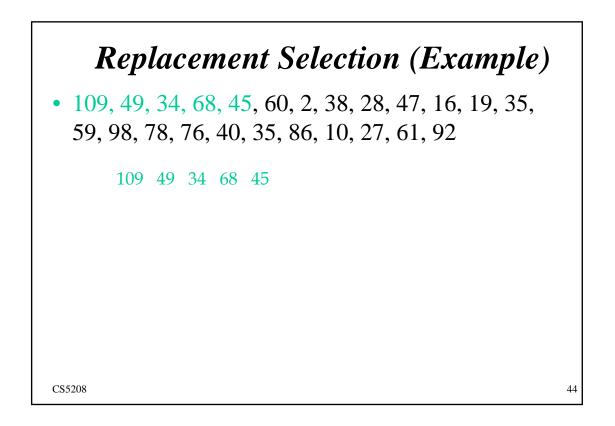


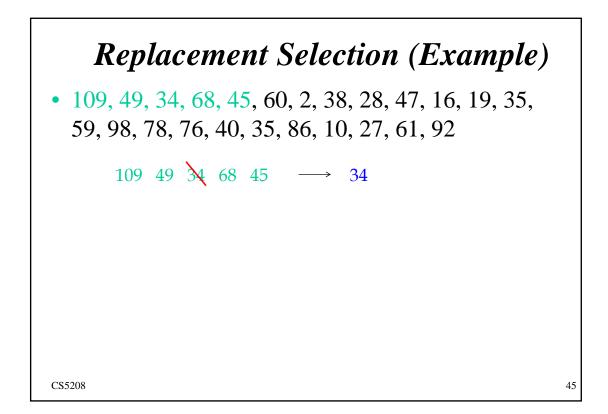
Ν	B=3	B=5	B=9	B=17	B=129	B=257
100	7	4	3	2	1	1
1,000	10	5	4	3	2	2
10,000	13	7	5	4	2	2
100,000	17	9	6	5	3	3
1,000,000	20	10	7	5	3	3
10,000,000	23	12	8	6	4	3
100,000,000	26	14	9	7	4	4
1,000,000,000	30	15	10	8	5	4

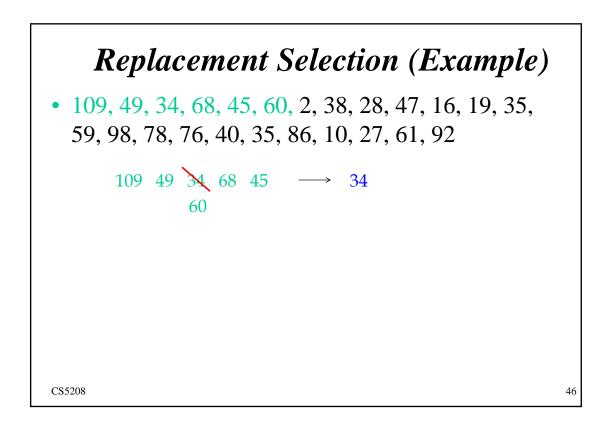


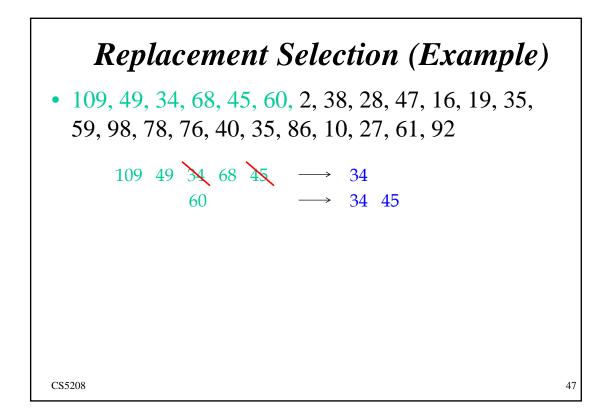


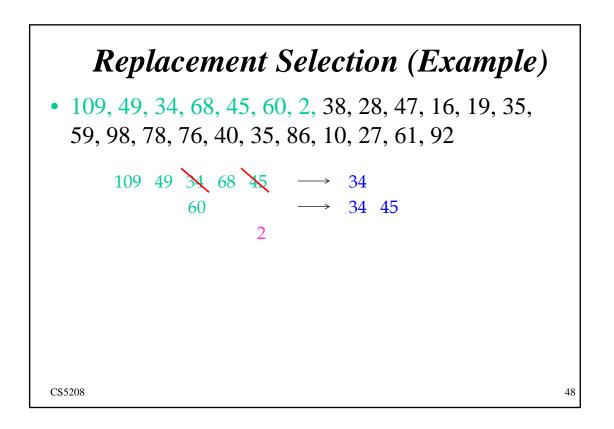


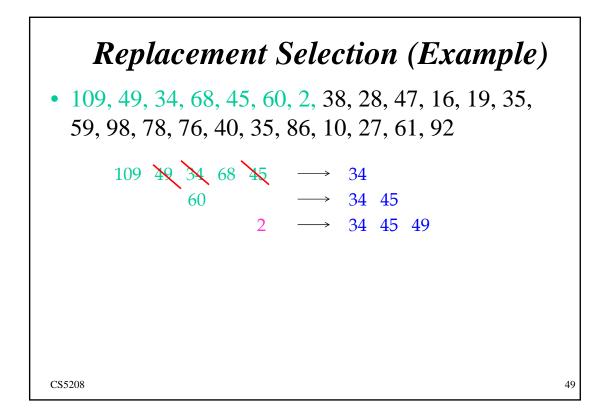


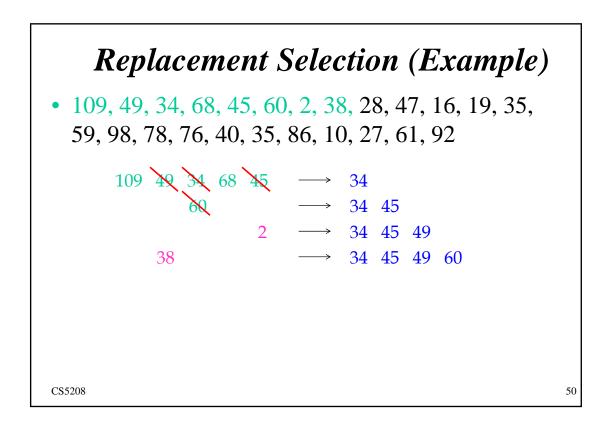


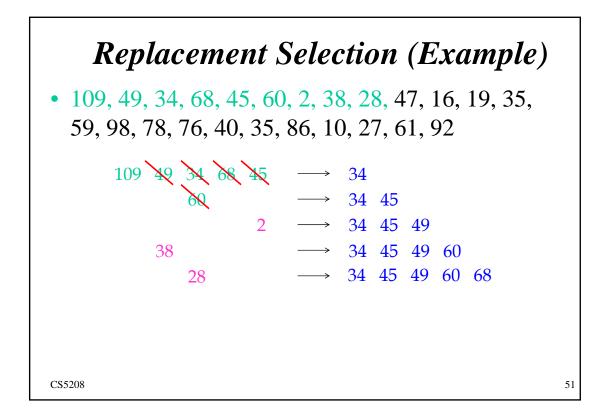


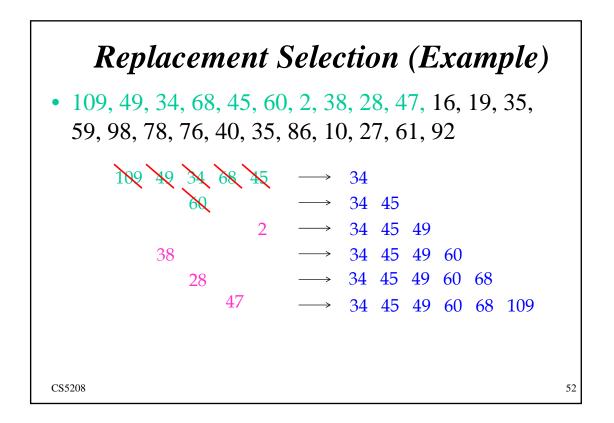


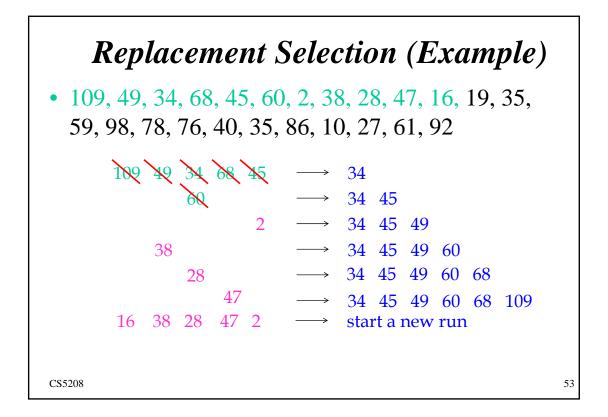


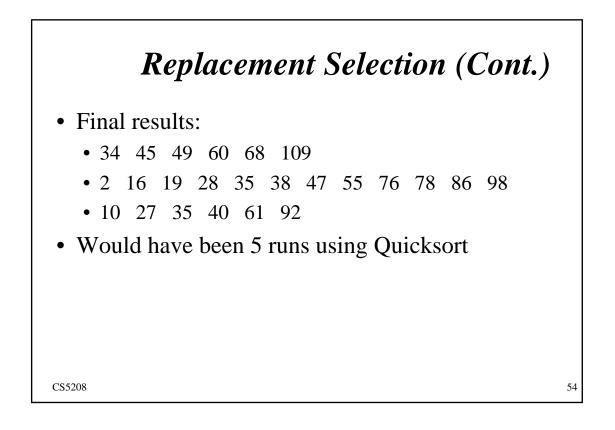


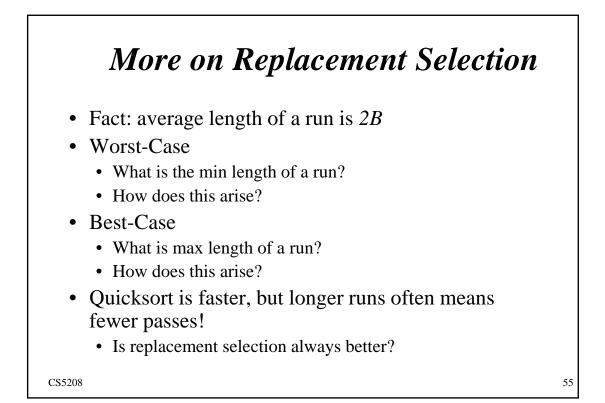




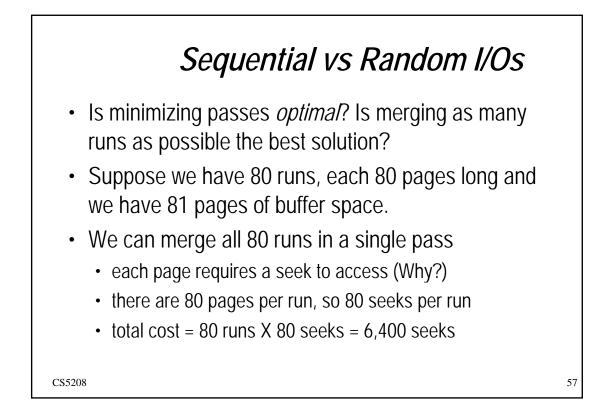


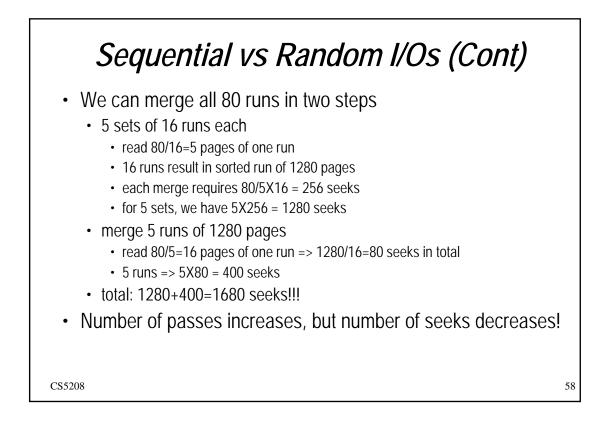






N	B=1,000	B=5,000	B=10,000			
100	1	1	1			
,000	1	1	1			
0,000	2	2	1			
00,000	3	2	2			
000,000 L	3	2	2			
10,000,000	4	3	3			
100,000,000	5	3	3			
,000,000,000	5	4	3			

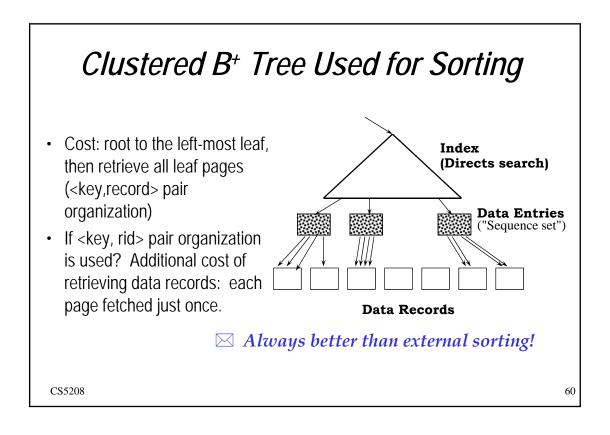




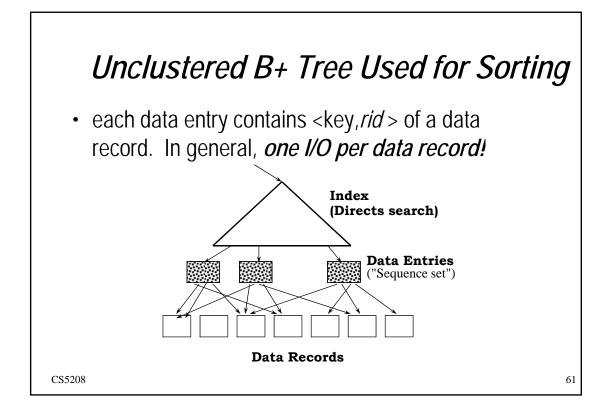
# Using B+ Trees for Sorting

- Scenario: Table to be sorted has B<sup>+</sup> tree index on sorting column(s).
- Idea: Can retrieve records in order by traversing leaf pages.
- Is this a good idea?
- Cases to consider:
  - B+ tree is clustered -- Good idea!
  - B+ tree is not clustered -- Could be a very bad idea!

CS5208



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Ν	Sorting	p=1	p=10	p=100
100	200	100	1,000	10,000
1,000	2,000	1,000	10,000	100,000
10,000	40,000	10,000	100,000	1,000,000
100,000	600,000	100,000	1,000,000	10,000,000
1,000,000	8,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000	100,000,000
10,000,000	80,000,000	10,000,000	100,000,000	1,000,000,000

# <section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row></table-row>

