

CS5225: Parallel & Distributed Databases
Quiz 1 – 17 September 2007 (15 minutes)

Name: _____ **Matric No:** _____

State if the following statements are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F)

1. Consider a database schema with the following two relations:

$S(\underline{eid}, \underline{dob}, project, hours)$

$R(\underline{eid}, name, sex)$

where *eid* is the employee id, *dob* is the date-of-birth, *project* is the project that the employee participates in, *hours* is the number of hours the employee spent on the project, *name* is the employee name, and *sex* is the sex of the employee. The key attributes are underlined (i.e., (*eid, dob*) is a composite key of S, and *eid* is the key of R). Moreover, *sex* can only be M (male) or F (female). The following predicates appear in the majority of queries:

$hours \leq 5, hours \leq 15, sex = M, sex = F$

We would like to fragment R and S using the techniques we learn in the lecture.

a) $S1 = \sigma_{hours \leq 15} S$ is one fragment for S. [F]

b) There are in total 2 fragments of S and 2 fragments of R. [F]

c) Relation R can be further fragmented using derived horizontal fragmentation based on the fragmentations of S. [F]

d) The vertical fragmentation of S into $S1(eid, project)$ and $S2(eid, dob, hours)$ is desirable if queries frequently access (*eid, dob, hours*). [F]

2. In query optimization, an exhaustive strategy with pruning heuristics (e.g., avoid cross products) will always produce a better plan than one with across products.

[F]

3. $R1 \text{ SEMIJOIN } R2 = R1 \text{ SEMIJOIN } (R2 \text{ SEMIJOIN } R1)$ [T]

4. $R1 \text{ JOIN } R2 \text{ JOIN } R3 = R2 \text{ JOIN } R3 \text{ SEMIJOIN } (R1 \text{ JOIN } R2)$ [F]

5. In query optimization, the number of tuples per relation can influence the search space (i.e., the number of query plans). [F]

6. Consider the following hybrid fragmentation:

$EMP1 = \sigma_{ENO \leq "4"} (\Pi_{ENO, ENAME} (EMP))$

$EMP2 = \sigma_{ENO > "4"} (\Pi_{ENO, ENAME} (EMP))$

$EMP3 = \Pi_{ENO, TITLE} (EMP)$

Consider the query: **SELECT TITLE FROM EMP WHERE ENO > "5".**

a) The optimal plan involves EMP2 and EMP3 only. [F]

b) The optimal plan pushes down selection on ENO to EMP2 and pushes down projection to EMP2 (to prune away ENAME). [F]