National University of Singapore  
School of Computing  
CS1101S: Programming Methodology  
Semester I, 2013/2014  

Recitation 3  
Higher-Order Functions

From Lecture

Implementation of pair, head and tail:

```javascript
function pair(x,y) {
  return function(m) { return m(x, y); }
}

function head(z) {
  return z(function(p, q) { return p; });
}

function tail(z) {
  return z(function(p, q) { return q; });
}
```

Definitions

The following are two higher-order functions discussed in lecture:

```javascript
function sum(term, a, next, b) {
  if(a > b) {
    return 0;
  } else {
    return term(a) + sum(term, next(a), next, b);
  }
}

function fold(op, f, n) {
  if(n === 0) {
    return f(0);
  } else {
    return op(f(n), fold(op, f, n - 1));
  }
}
```

Note: it is not necessary to memorize these definitions, or even the names of these functions. Definitions of such functions (if they are used) will be given in an Appendix for examinations. What is most important is that students must be able to read the definition for such a function and understand what it does.
Problems:

1. Evaluate the return values of the following sets of statements:
   (a) var x = 12; x;
   (b) var x = 12; (function() x = 15; )(); x;
   (c) var x = 20; (function() var x = 15; )(); x;

2. Write a function `my_sum` that computes the following sum, for $n \geq 1$:

\[
1 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + \cdots + n \times (n + 1)
\]

3. Is the function `my_sum` as defined in Question 1 above a recursive process or an iterative process? What is the order of growth in time and in space?

4. If your answer in Question 2 is a recursive process, re-write `my_sum` as an iterative process.
   If your answer in Question 2 is an iterative process, re-write `my_sum` as a recursive process.

5. We can also define `my_sum` in terms of the higher-order function `sum`. Complete the definition of `my_sum` below. You cannot change the definition of `sum`; you may only call it with appropriate arguments.
function my_sum(n) { return sum(<T1>, <T2>, <T3>, <T4>); }

T1:

T2:

T3:

T4:

6. Suppose instead we define my_sum in terms of the higher-order function fold. Complete the definition of my_sum below.

function my_sum(n) { return fold(<T1>, <T2>, <T3>); }

T1:

T2:

T3:

7. Write an iterative version of sum.

8. Homework: Write an iterative version of fold.