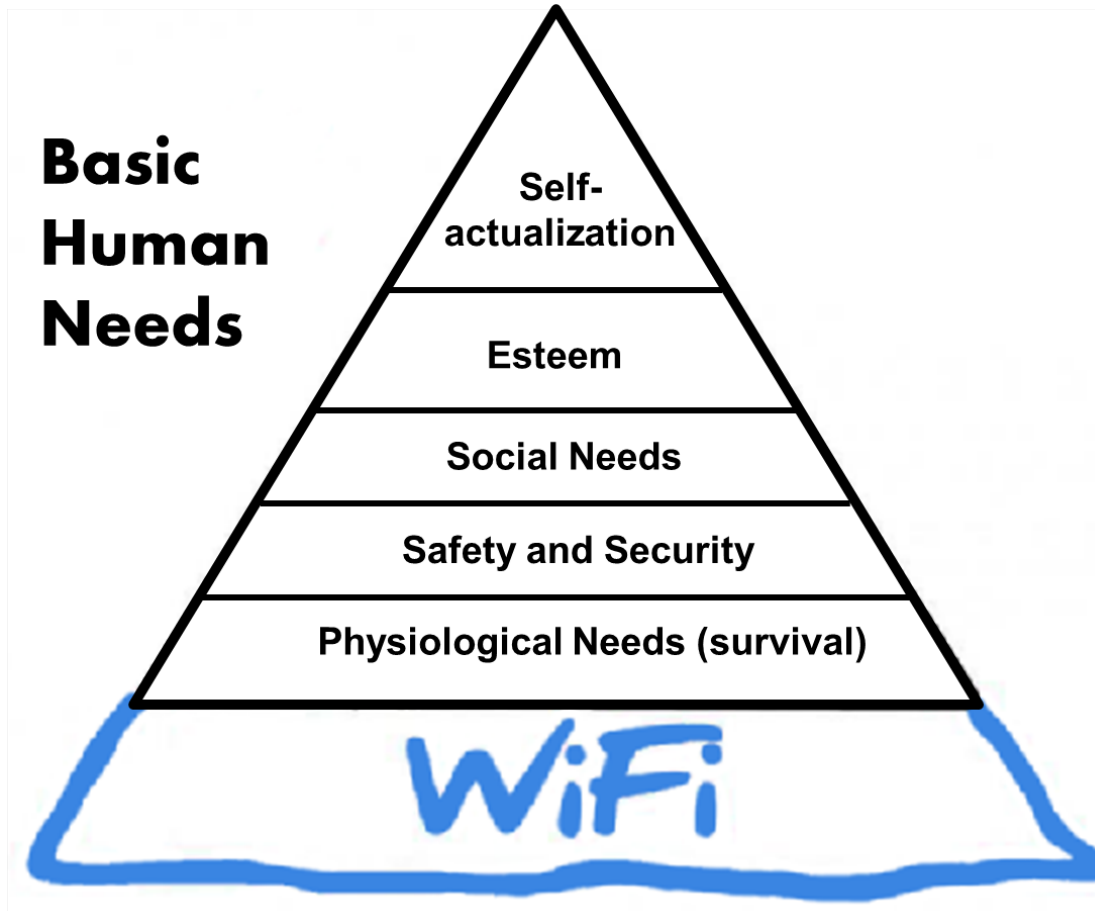


# Uncovering a Hidden Wireless Menace: Interference from 802.11x MAC Acknowledgment Frames

**Wei Wang, Qiang Wang, Wai Kay Leong, Ben Leong, and Yi Li**

School of Computing, National University of Singapore

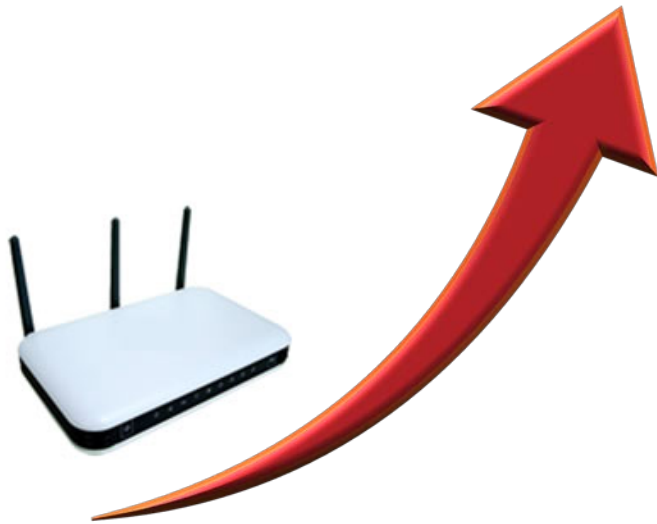
# RISING DEMAND FOR WIFI



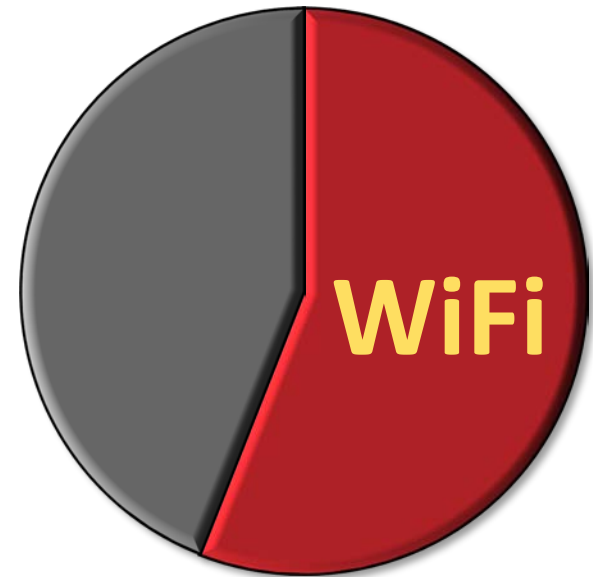
# RISING DEMAND FOR WIFI

WiFi hotspot market:

Annual growth at **84%**

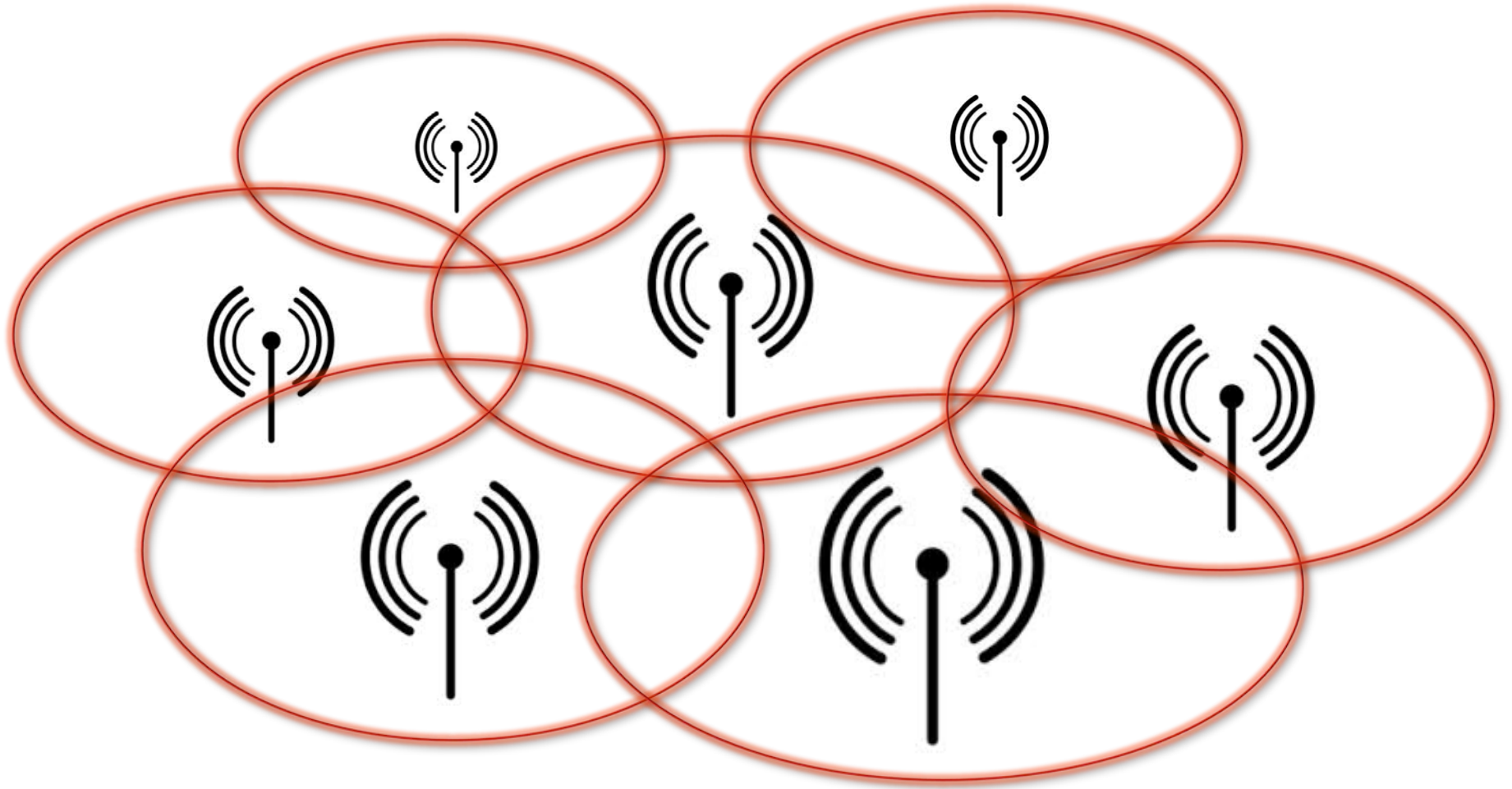


By the year of 2017



WiFi will make up **56%**  
of total Internet traffic

# DENSE DEPLOYMENT OF ACCESS POINT



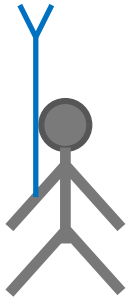
# AP DENSITY MEASUREMENT

War-walking

# WAR-WALKING

Identify wireless devices on SSID in a "sample"

WiFi sniffer



# WAR-WALKING



**University campus**



**Commercial area**



**Residential area**

# AP DENSITY RESULTS

Scenarios	Median number of APs			
	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11	Others
Commercial	6	6	9	< 1
University	8	6	5	< 1
Residential	9	15	10	< 4



# INTERFERENCE MITIGATION

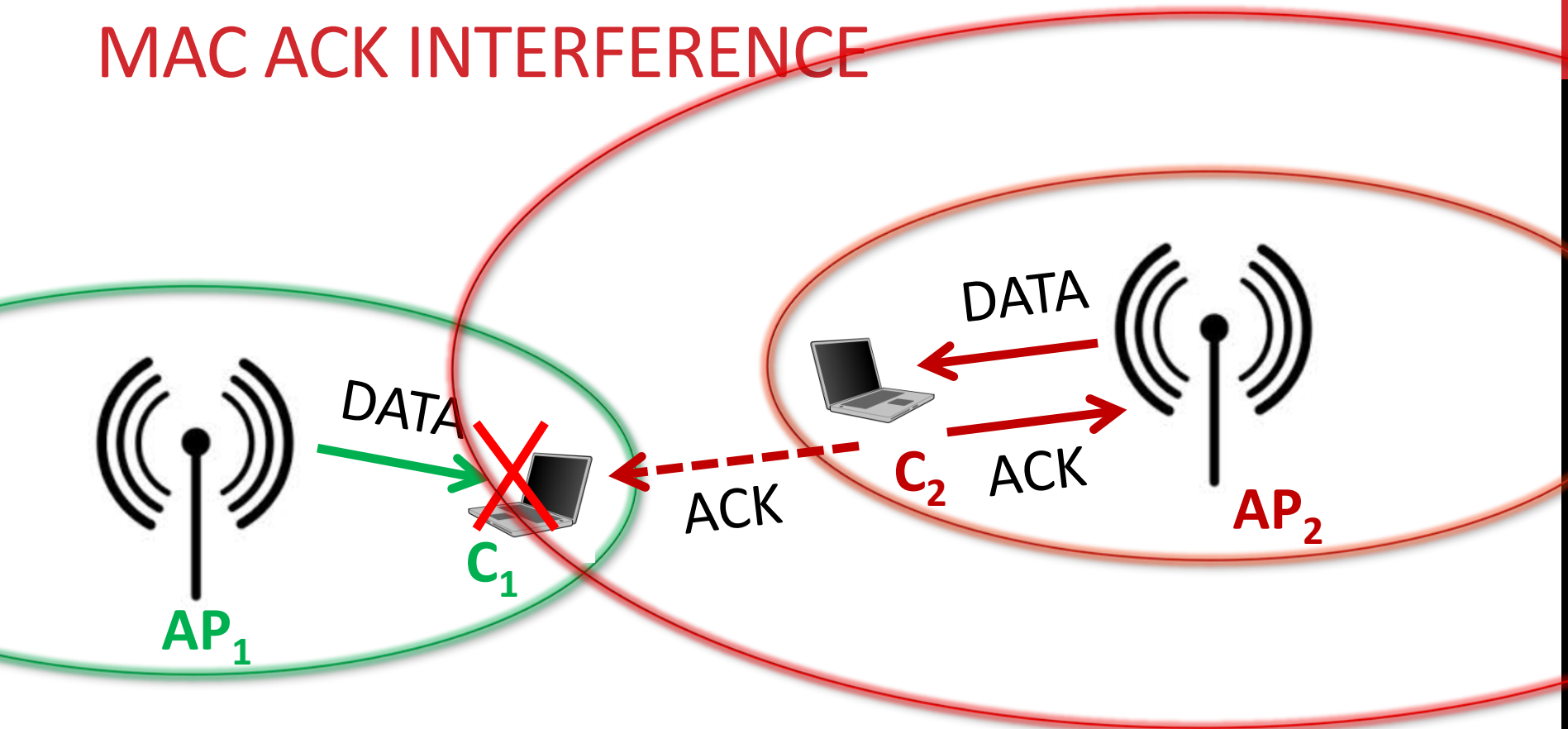
Current approaches:

- Regulate the tx power of the MAC Data frames from AP

Our key observation:

- MAC Acknowledgment frames from clients could also cause serious interference to neighbor cells

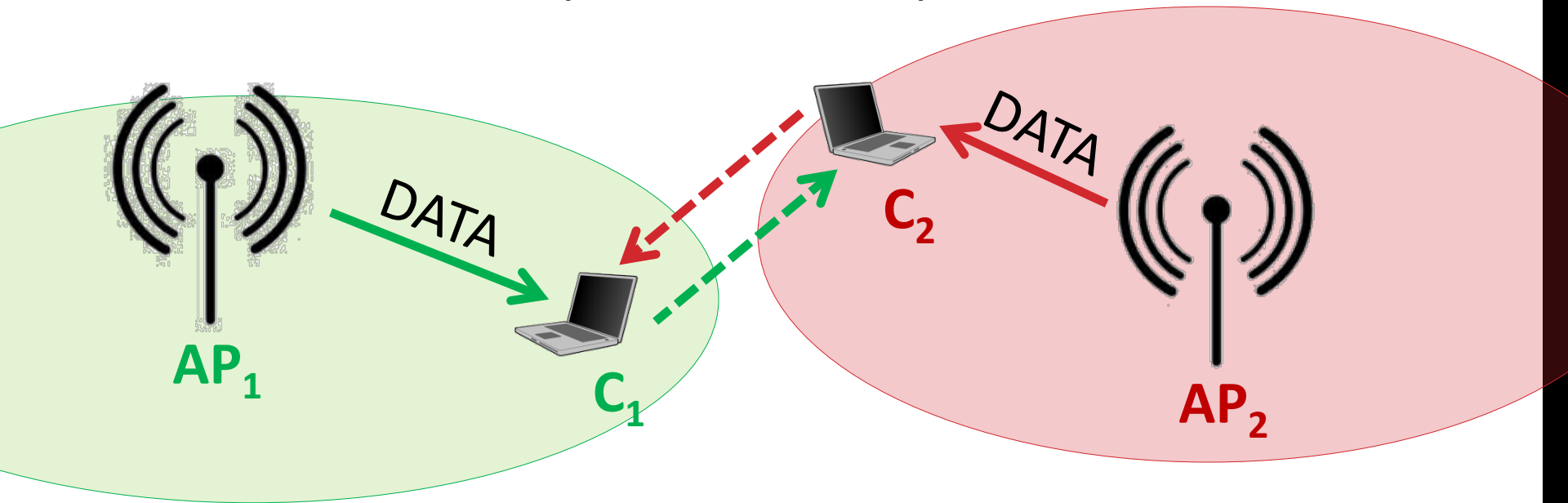
# MAC ACK INTERFERENCE



MAC ACK frames effectively extend the interference range of a hotspot

# MEASURE THE IMPACT OF ACK INTERFERENCE

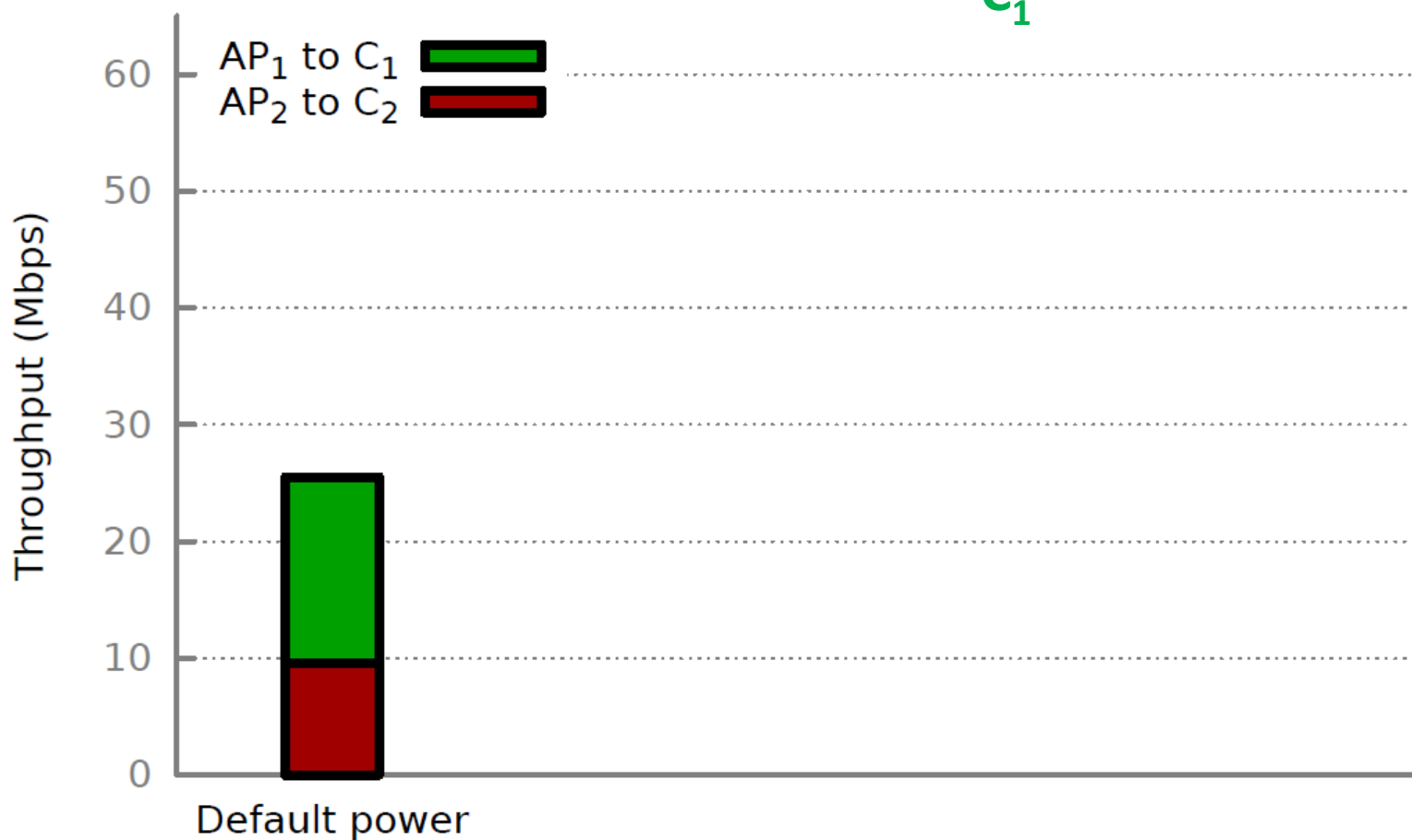
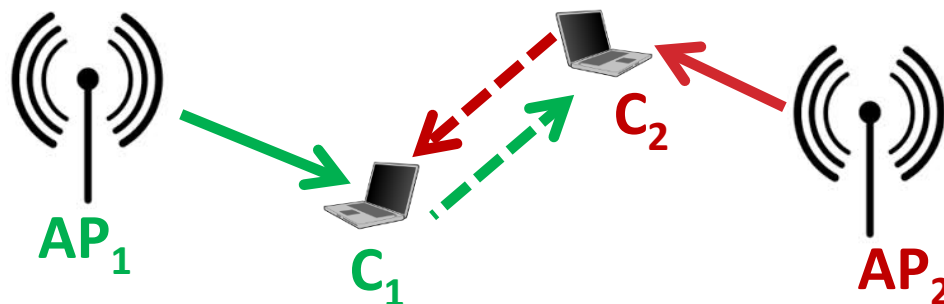
## Experiment Setup



- **Campus WLAN**
  - Cisco AP (1140 series)
- **Clients with Atheros adapters**
  - 802.11a and 802.11n

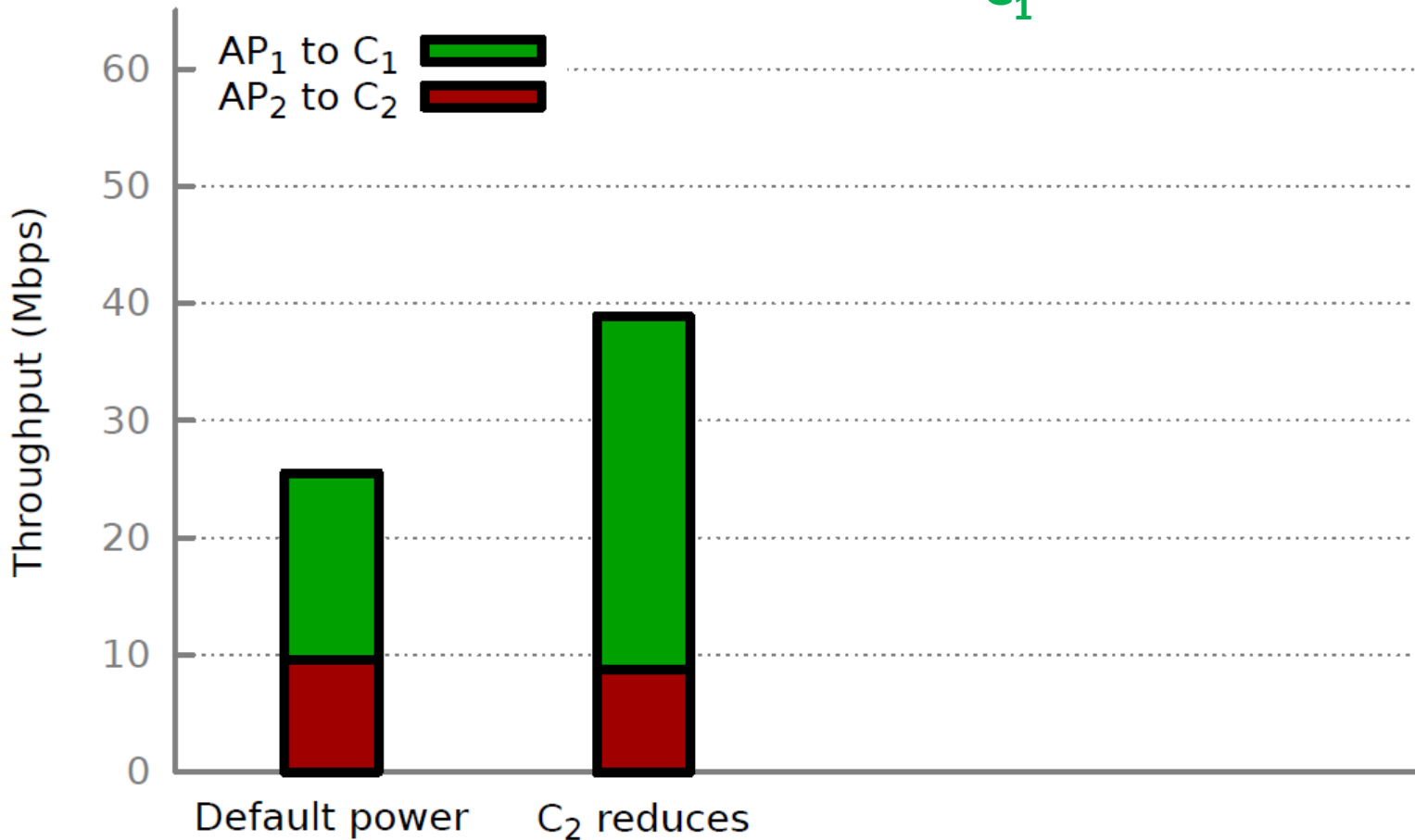
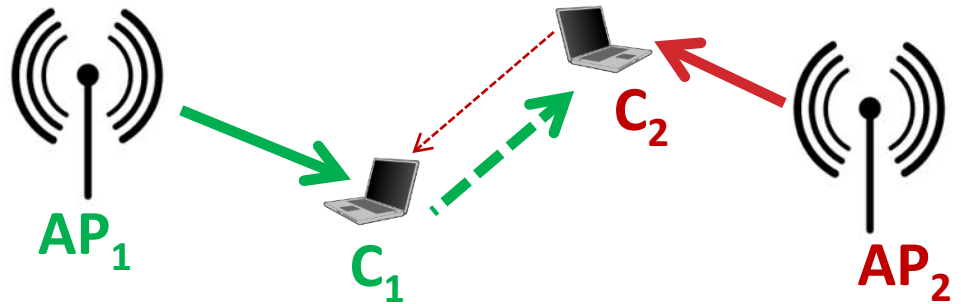
# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11n vs. 11n, UDP



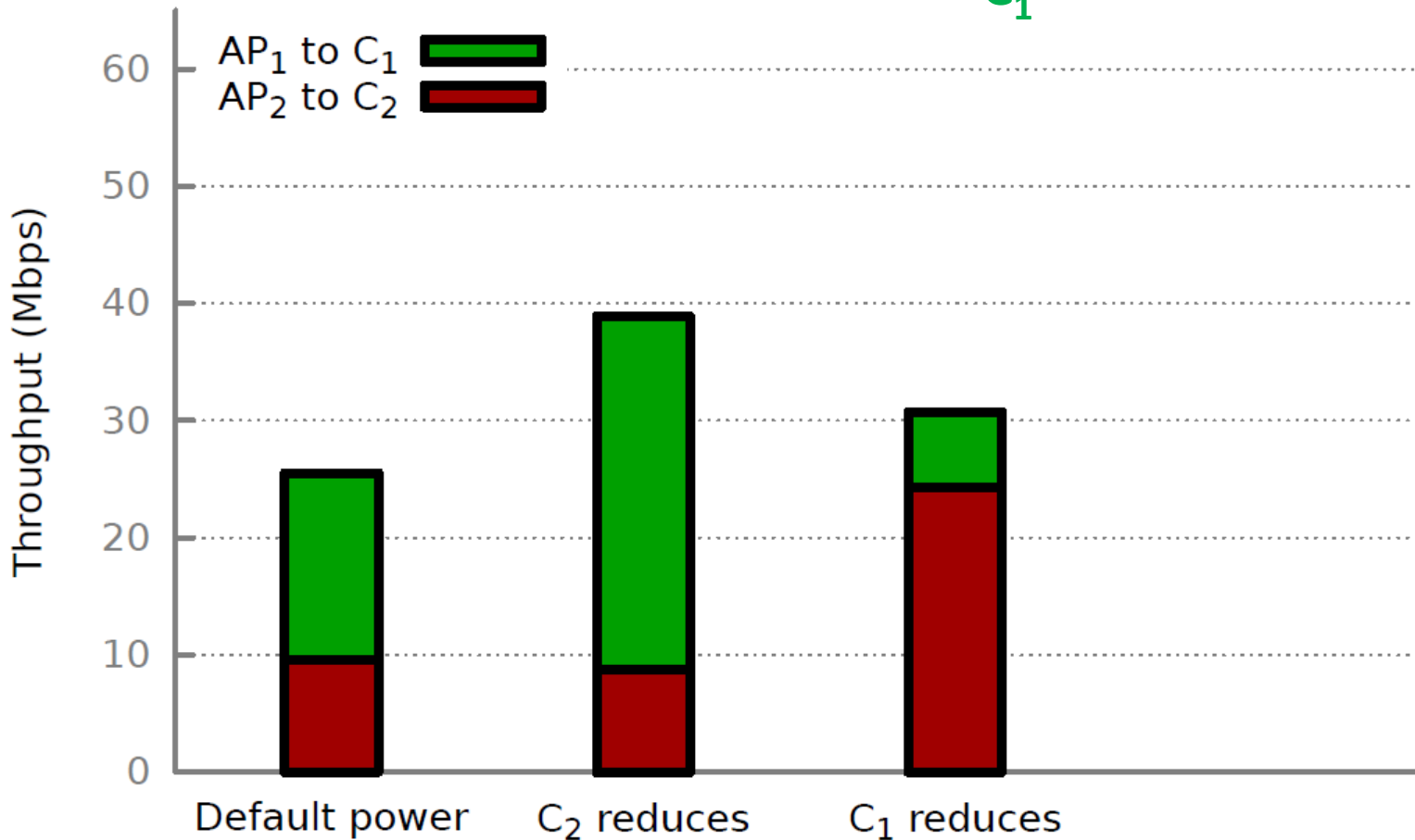
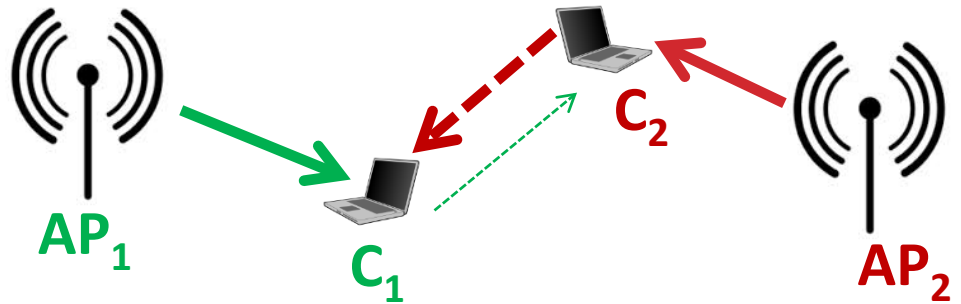
# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11n vs. 11n, UDP



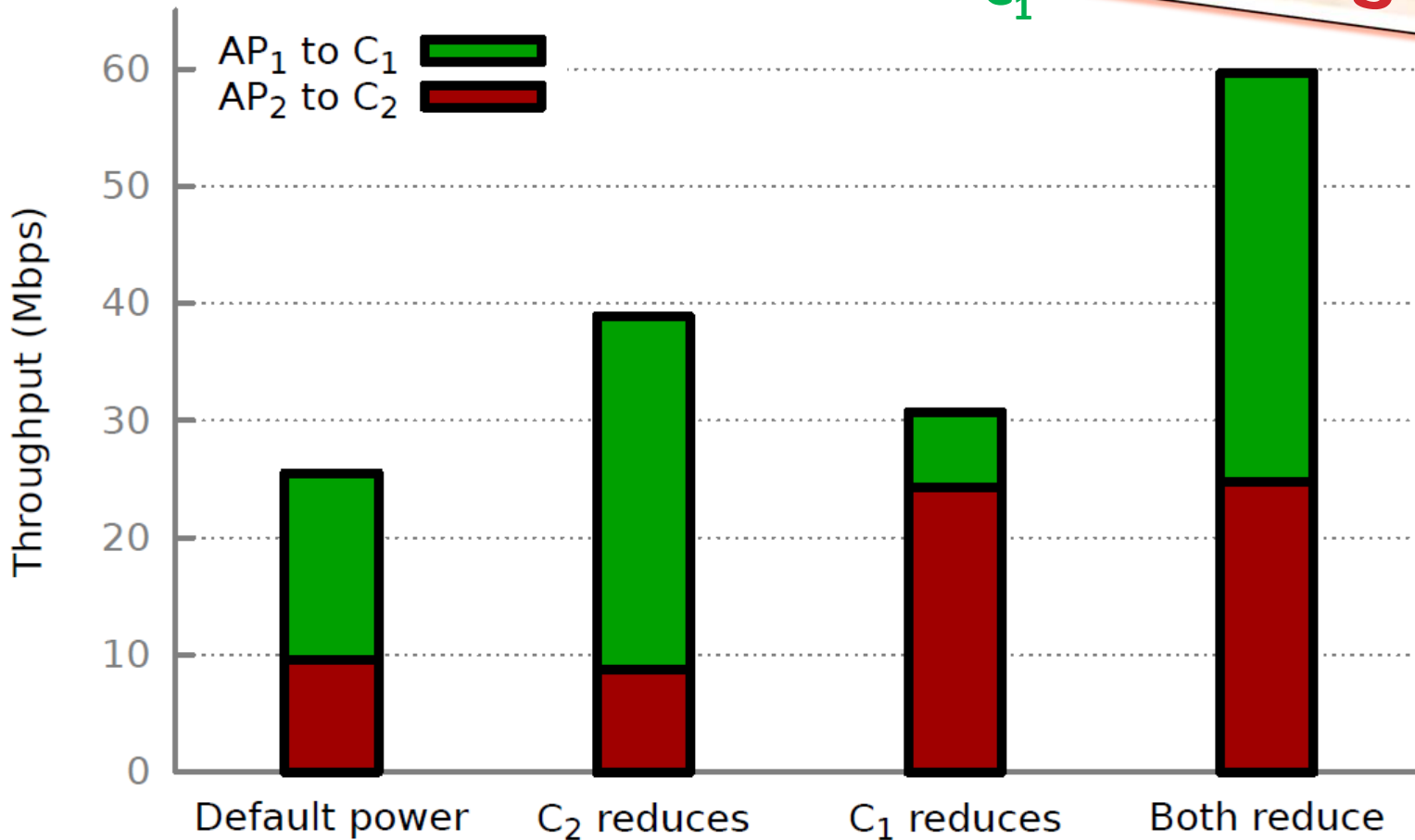
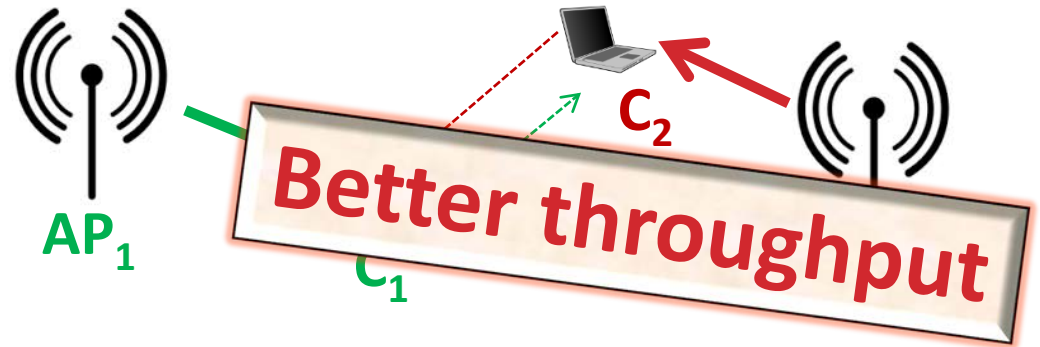
# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11n vs. 11n, UDP



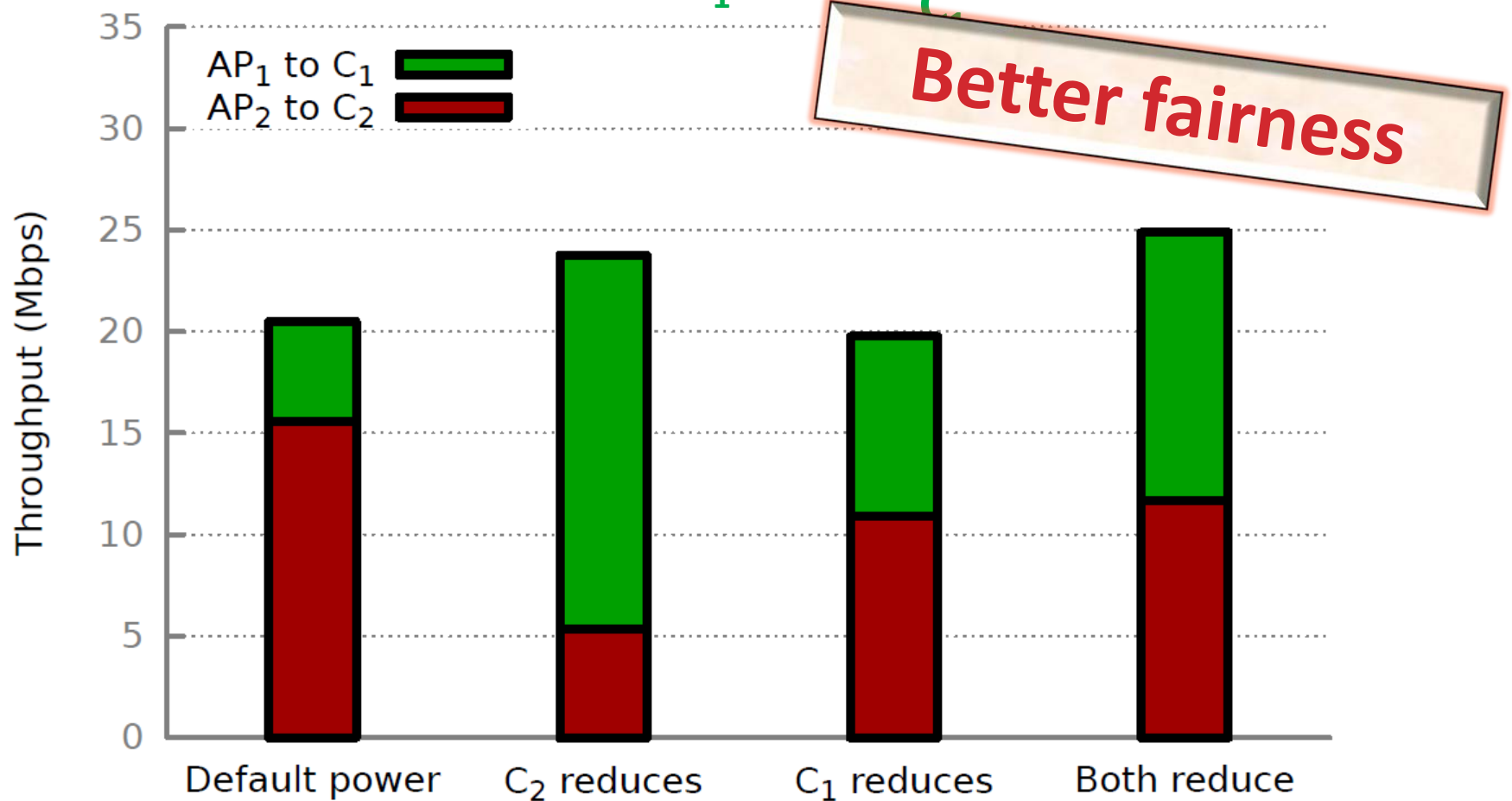
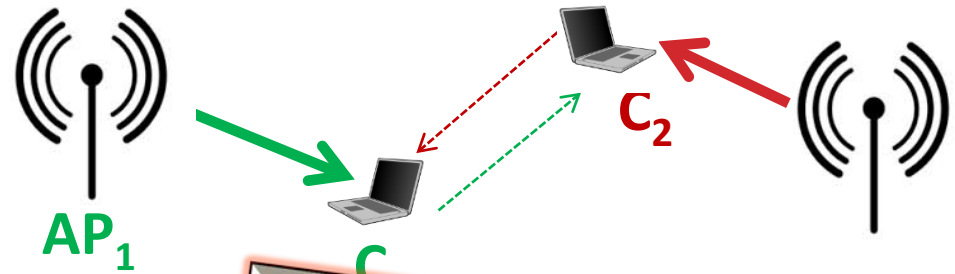
# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11n vs. 11n, UDP



# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

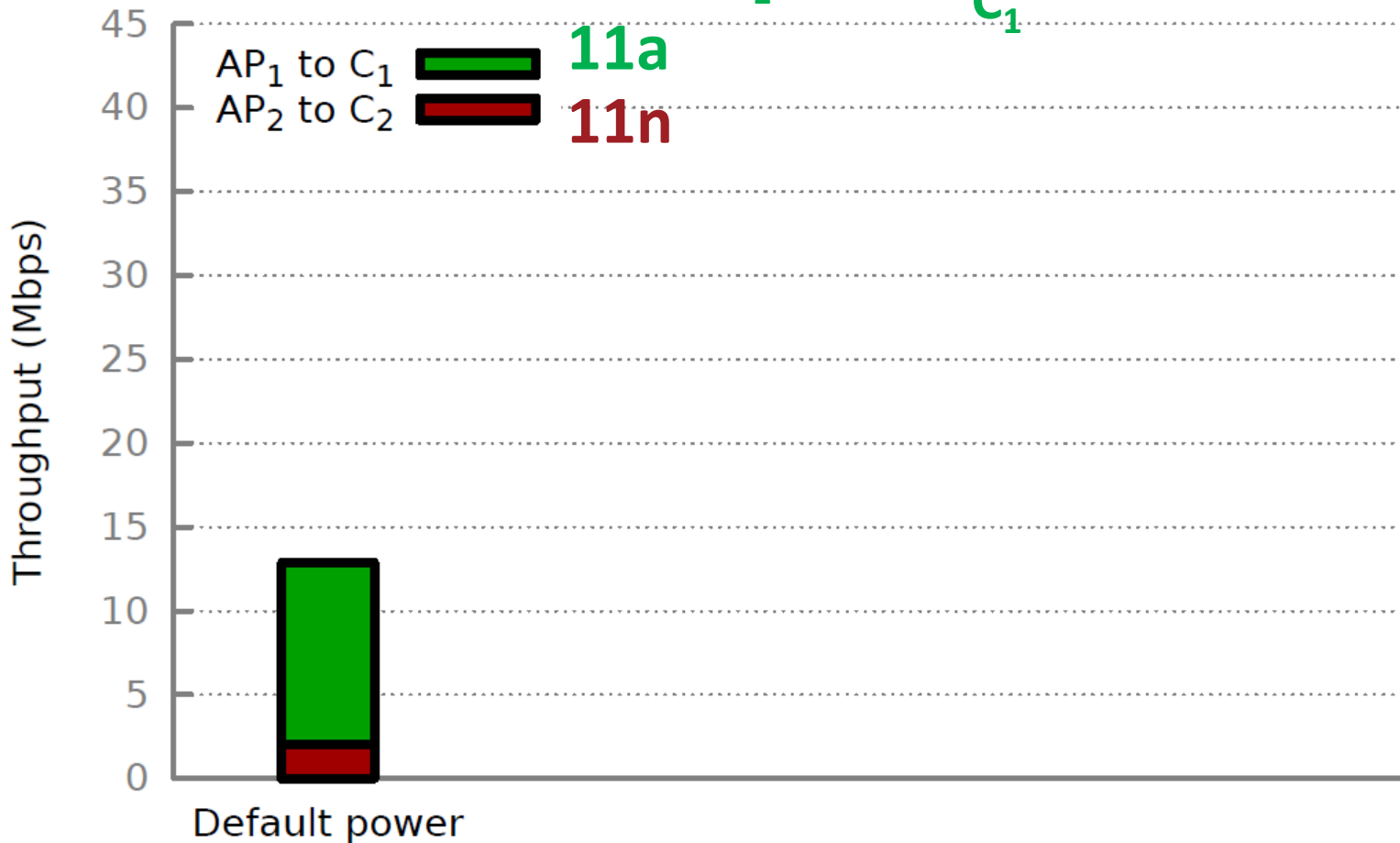
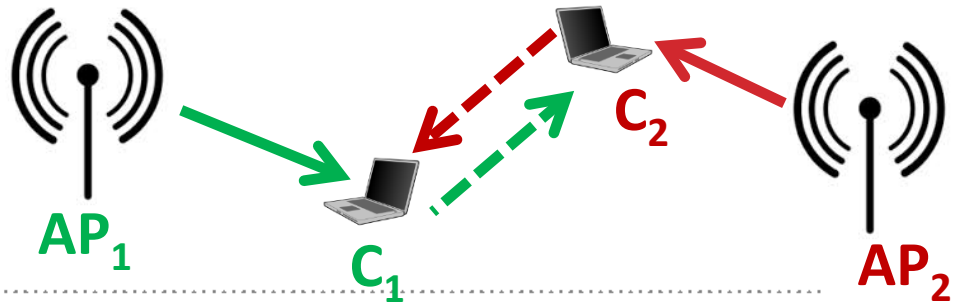
11n vs. 11n, TCP





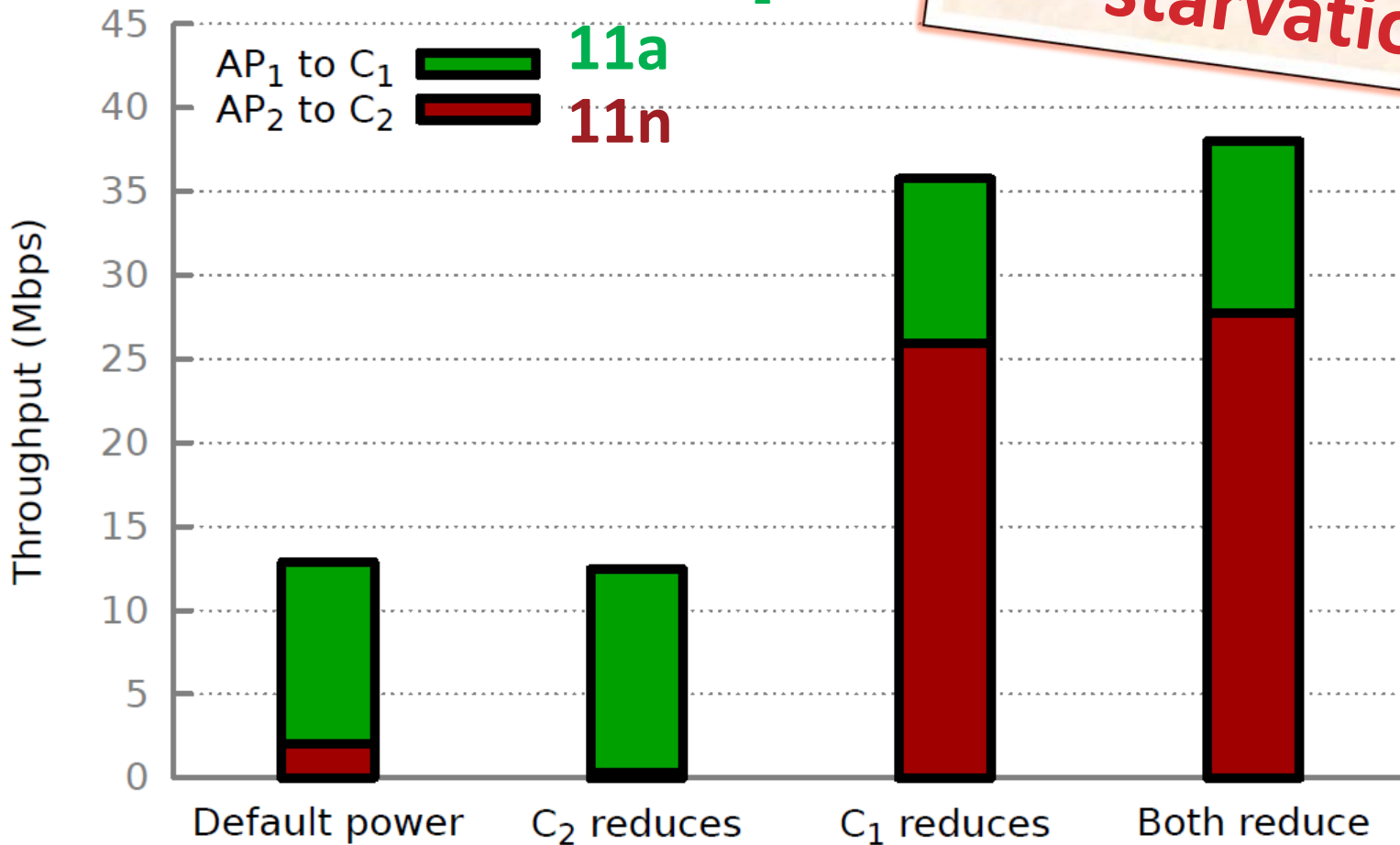
# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11a vs. 11n, UDP

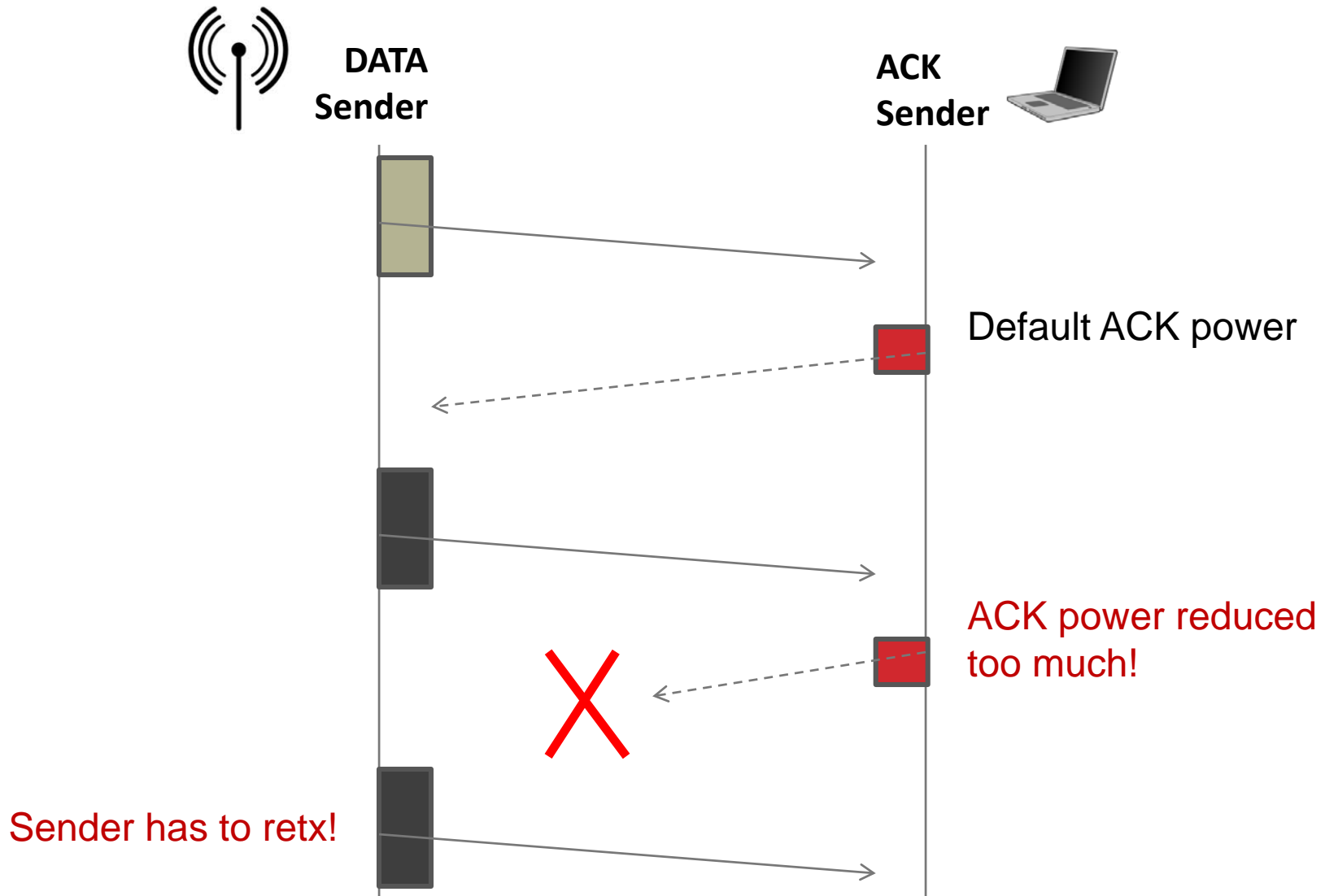


# IMPACT OF MAC ACK INTERFERENCE

11a vs. 11n, UDP



# POWER CONTROL OF ACK



# POWER CONTROL OF ACK

## Key idea

Gradually reduce the power of ACK, until the point just before the success rate of ACK starts decreasing.

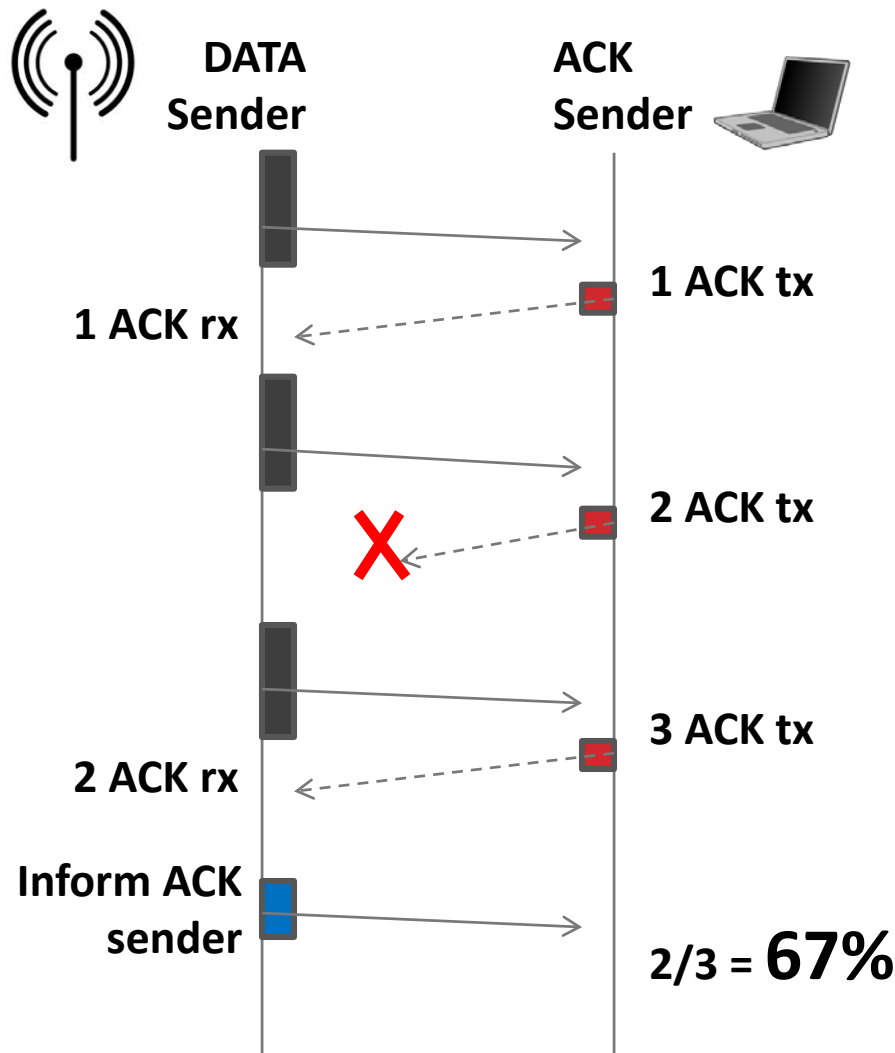
Called Minimum Power for ACK (MinPACK)

## Challenge

How can the ACK sender accurately estimate the success rate of ACK?

# ESTIMATION OF ACK SUCCESS RATE

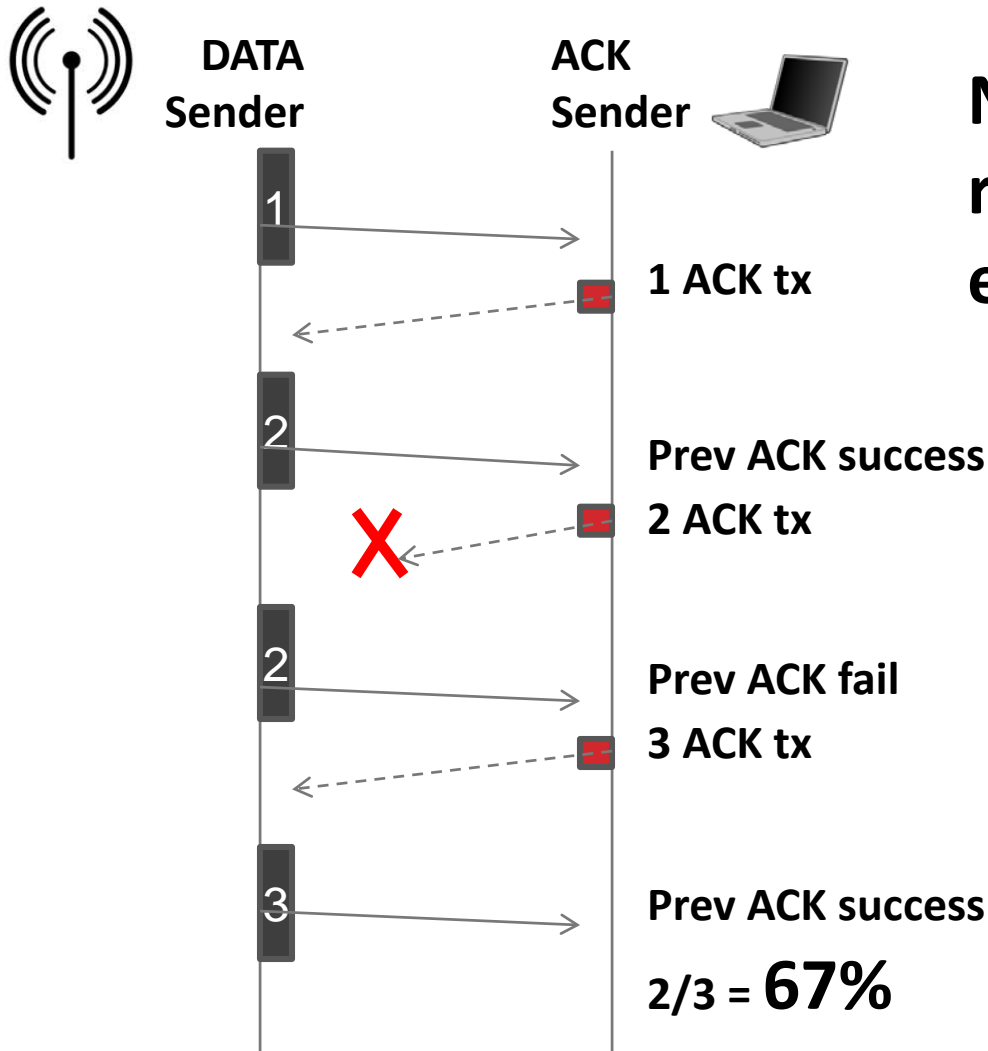
## Feedback-based method



**Accurate, but  
need to modify  
DATA sender!**

# ESTIMATION OF ACK SUCCESS RATE

## Passive estimation method



**Not perfect due to  
retx limit, but good  
enough in practice**

# PASSIVE ESTIMATION FOR BLOCK ACK

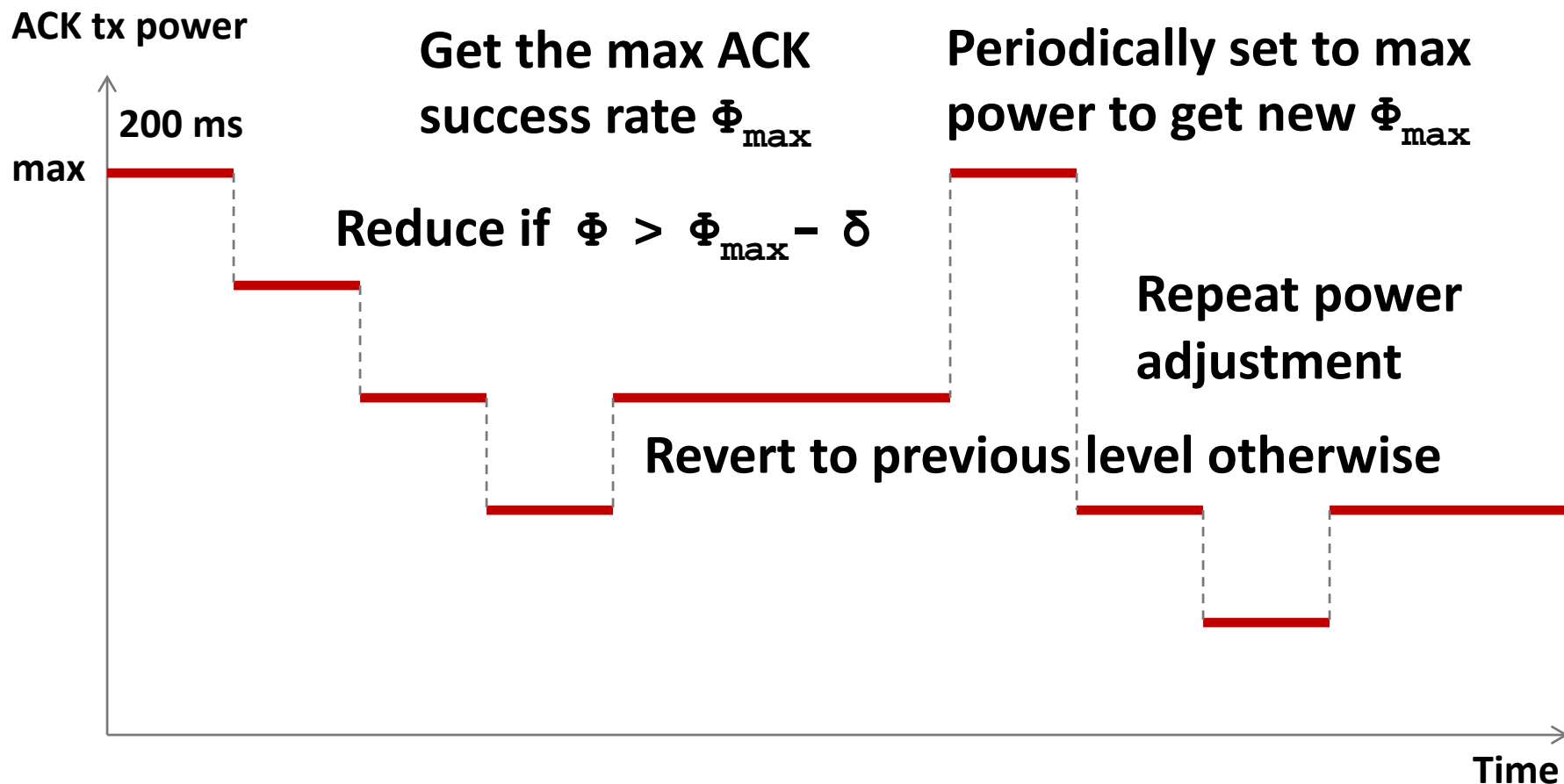
Problem: DATA sender could send any frame that has not been acknowledged

Solution: ACK sender maintains a history of frames received

More details in the paper

# MINPACK PROTOCOL

Initially at max power





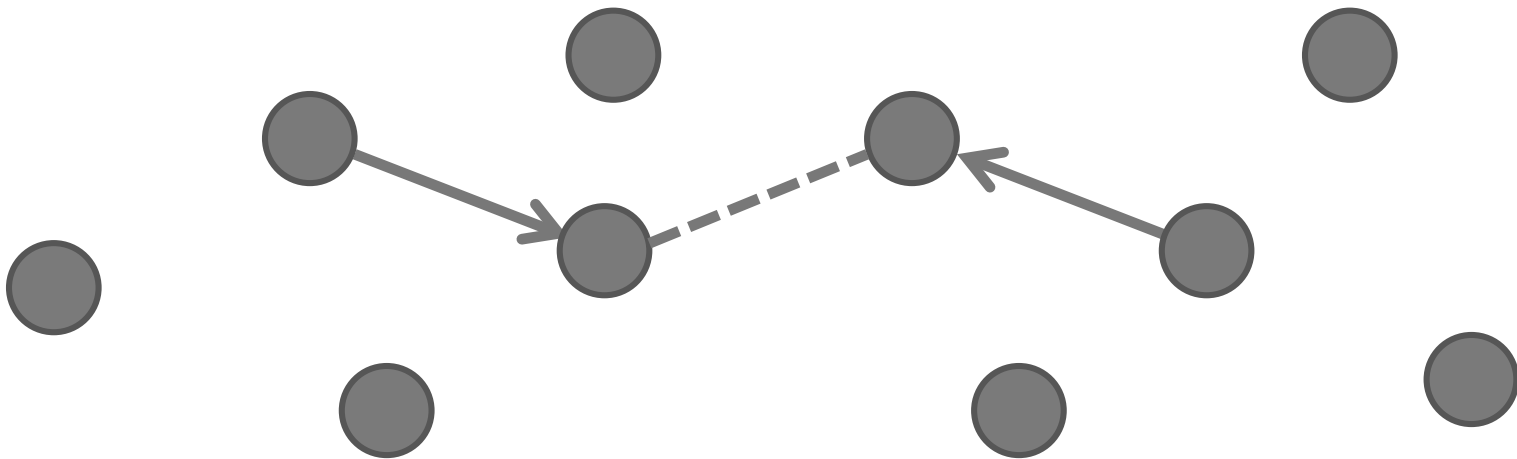
# EVALUATION OF MINPACK

## Outline

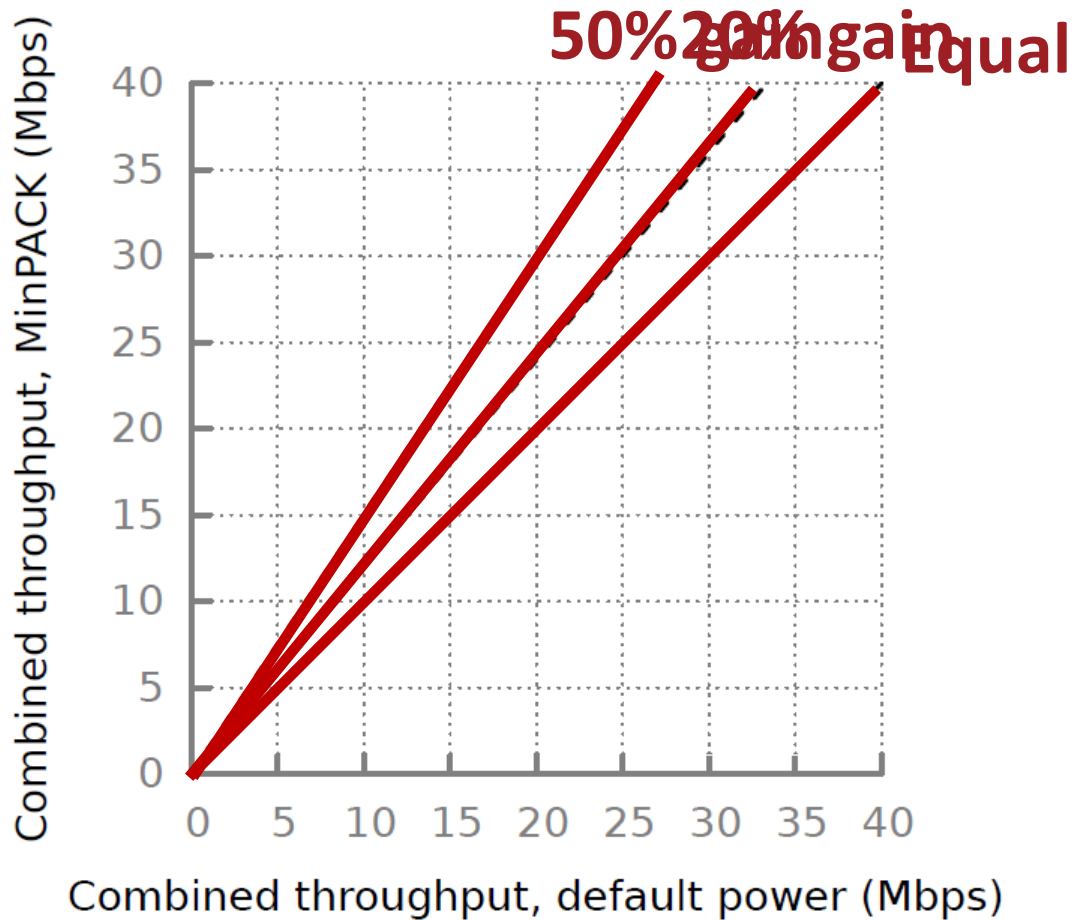
- Gain of MinPACK
  - 11a vs. 11a in 20-node testbed
  - 11n vs. 11n in campus WLAN
  - 11a vs. 11n in campus WLAN
- Interaction with DATA power control
- Adaptation to client mobility

# GAIN OF MINPACK

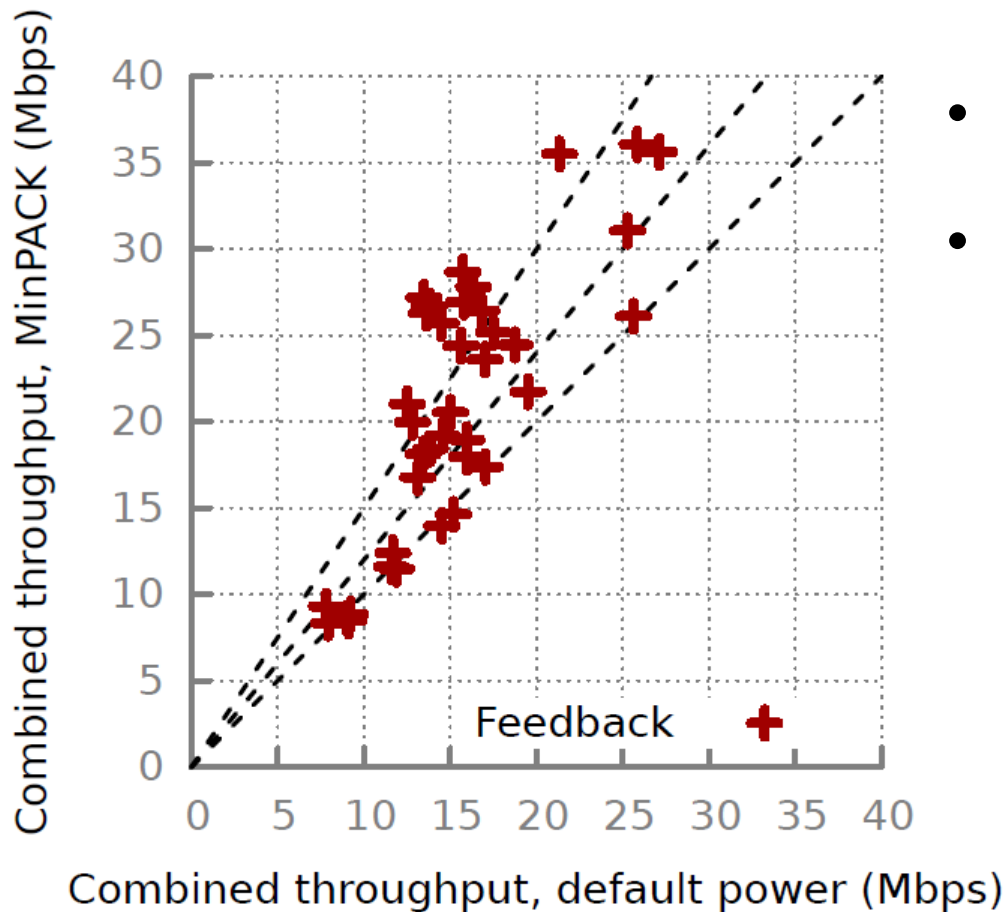
- 20-node outdoor 802.11a testbed
- Arbitrarily select 38 pairs of competing links, with UDP traffic



# THROUGHPUT GAIN

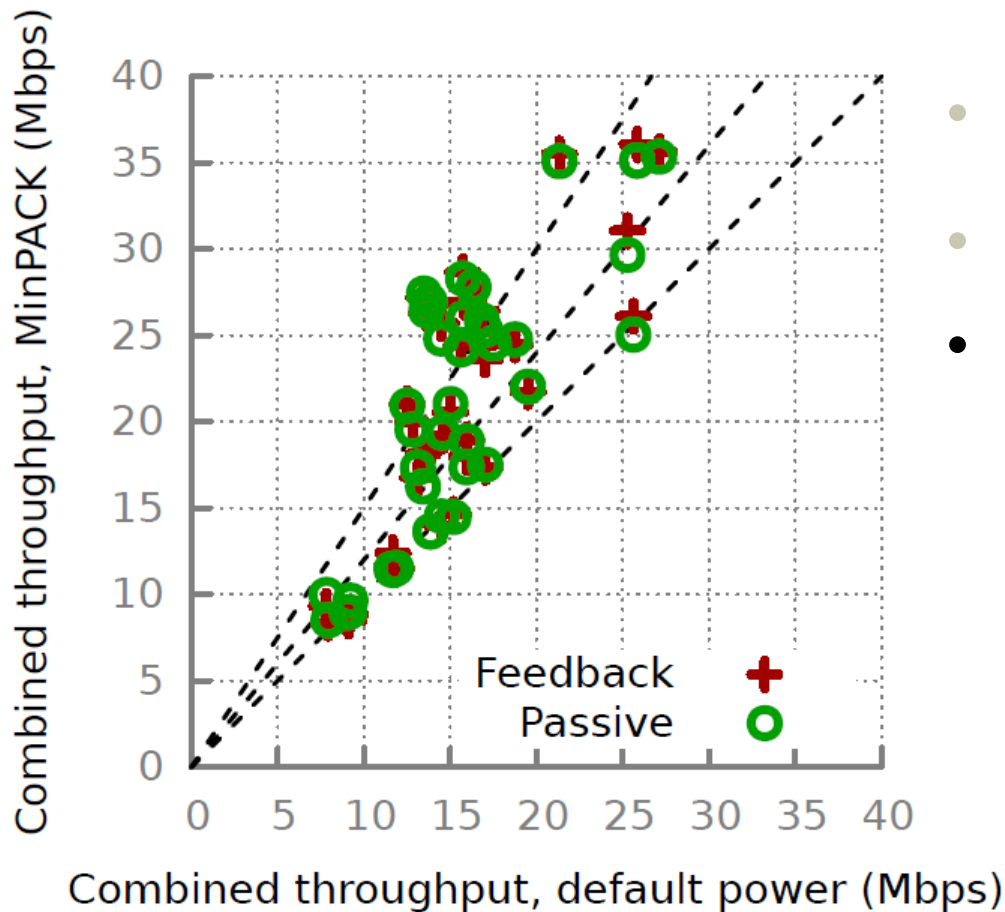


# THROUGHPUT GAIN



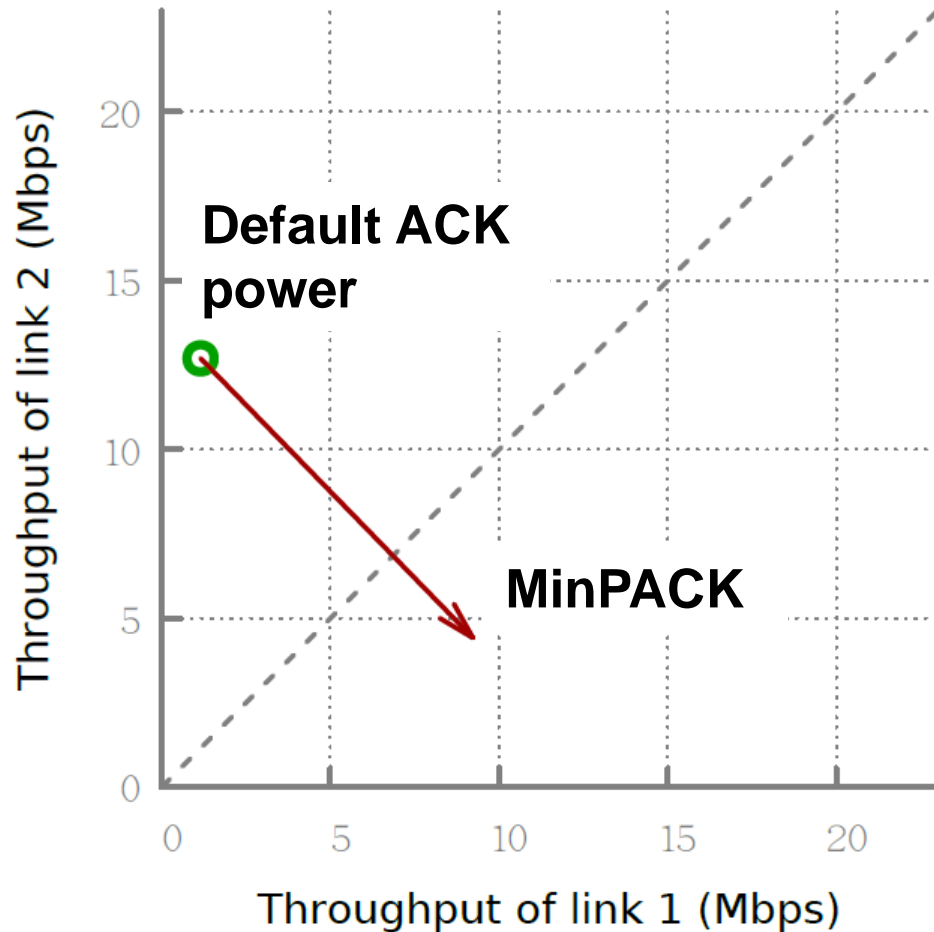
- **MinPACK does no harm**
- **Median gain is 31%**

# THROUGHPUT GAIN



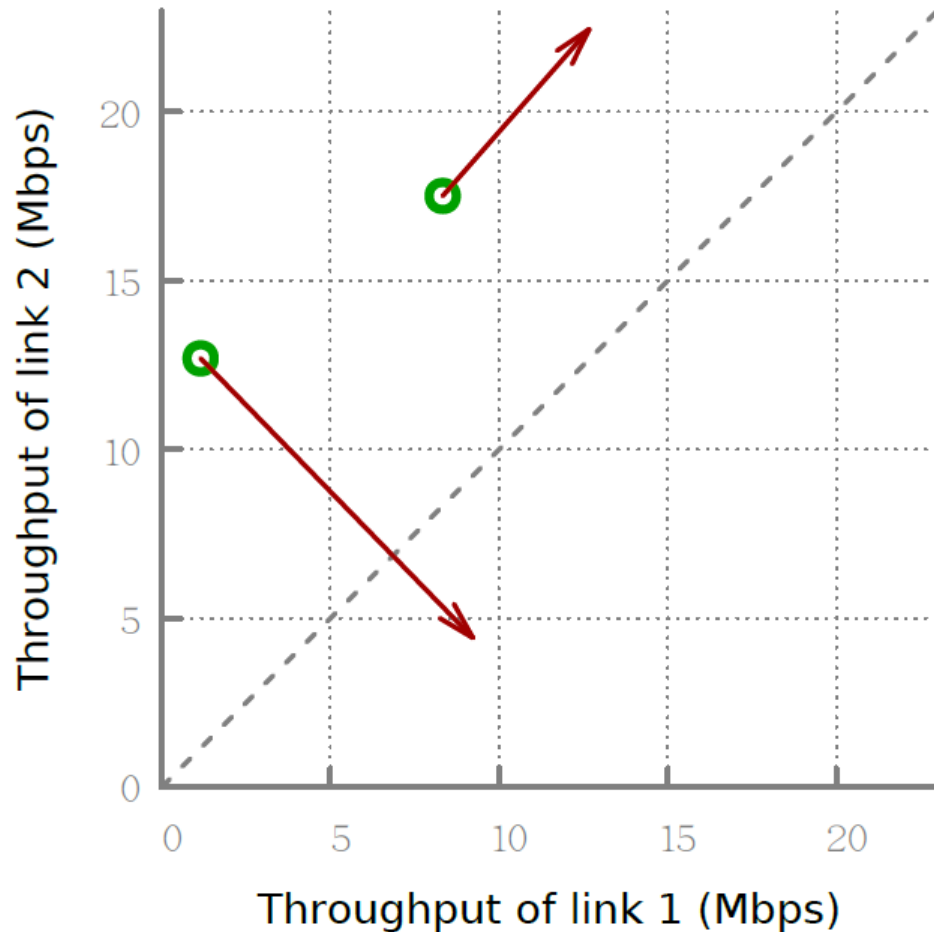
- MinPACK does no harm
- Median gain is 31%
- **Passive method achieves similar performance to Feedback method**

# IMPROVEMENT OF FAIRNESS



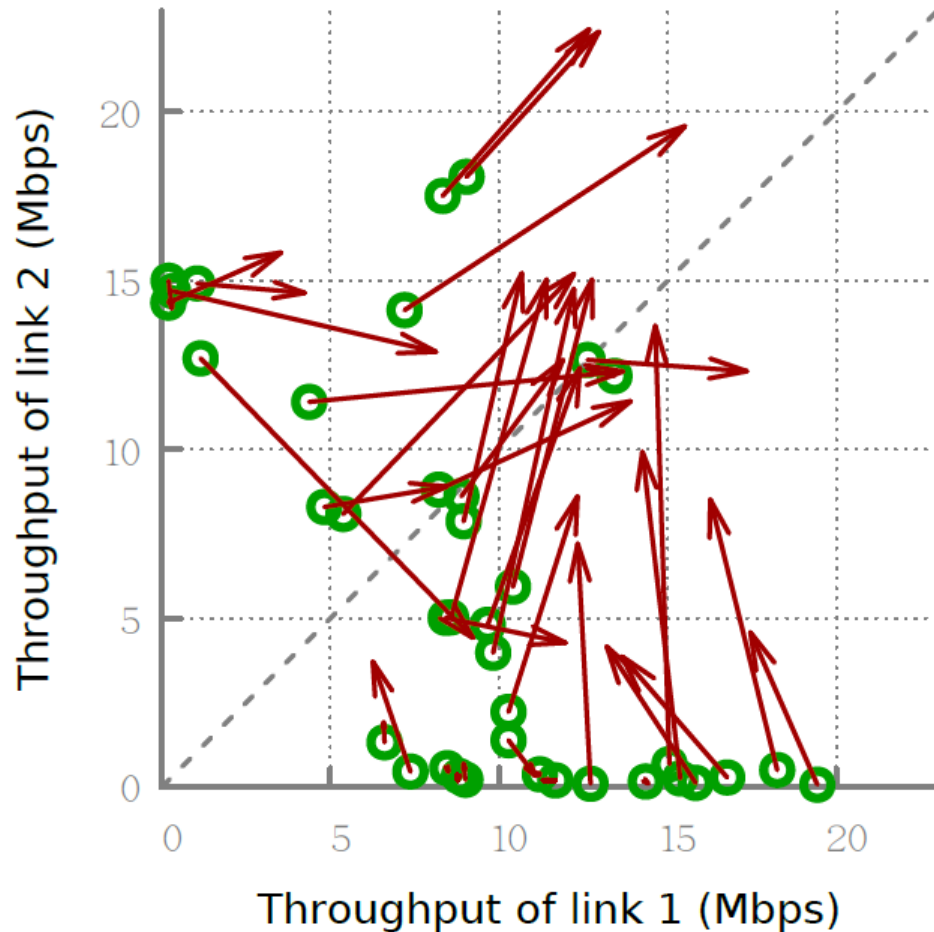
**MinPACK achieves better fairness for this link pair**

# IMPROVEMENT OF FAIRNESS



**MinPACK achieves better efficiency for this link pair**

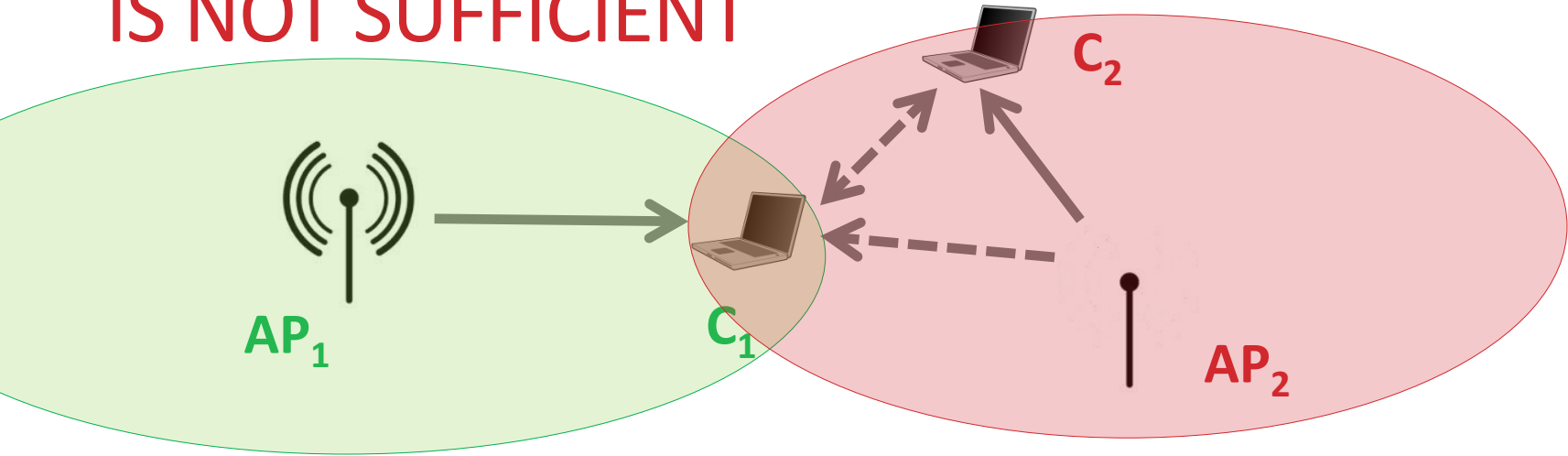
# IMPROVEMENT OF FAIRNESS



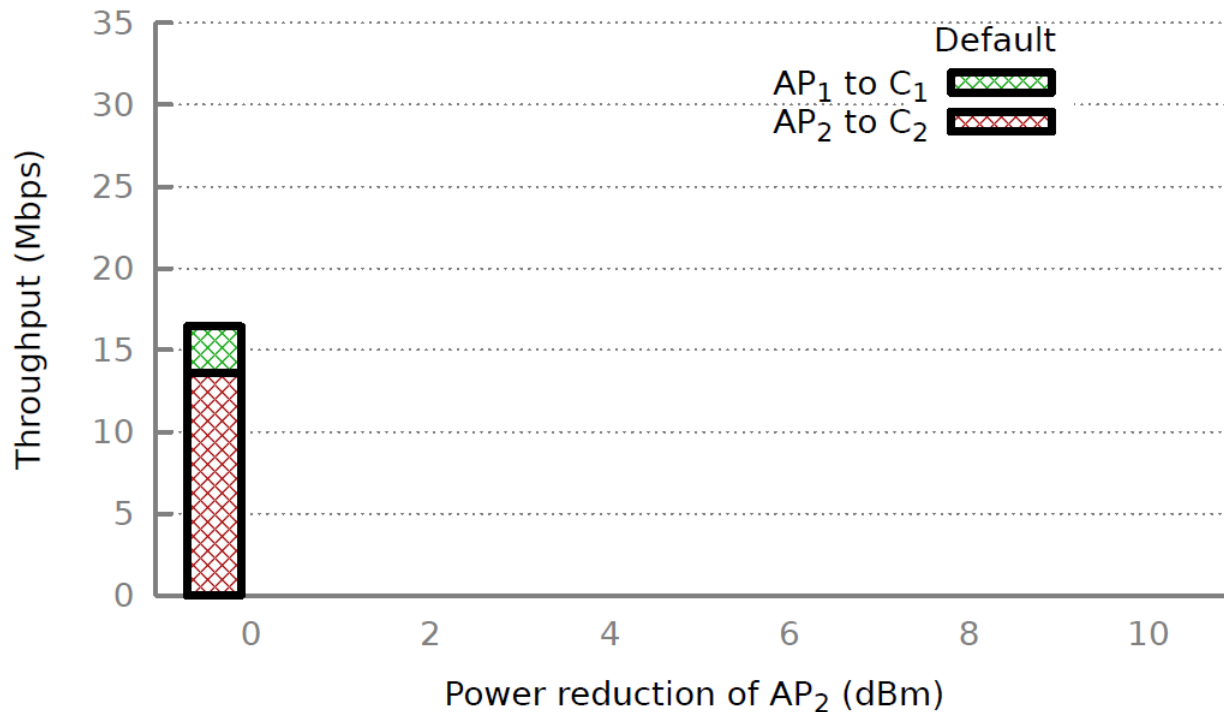
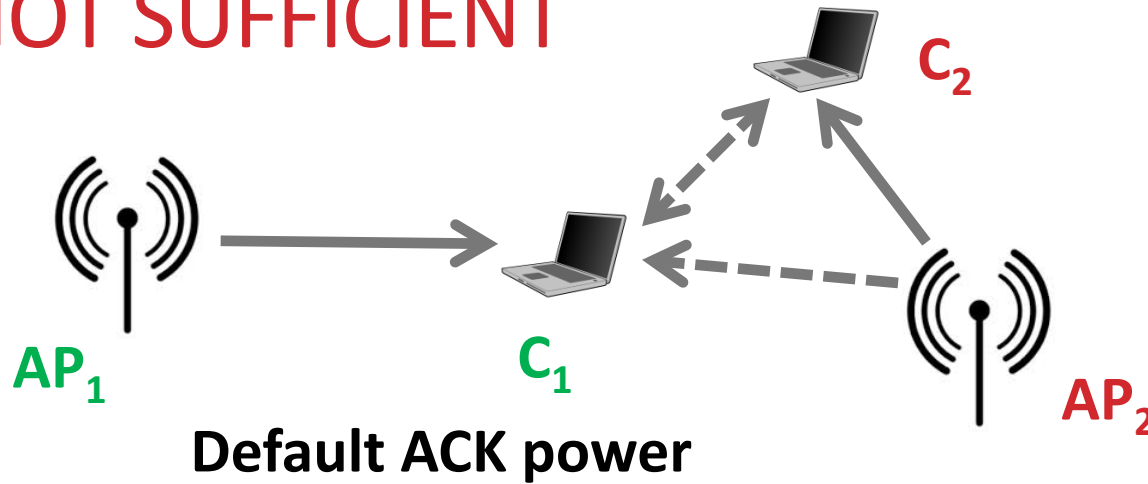
- Fairness is improved for most link pairs.
- Some link pairs have fairness and efficiency both improved.



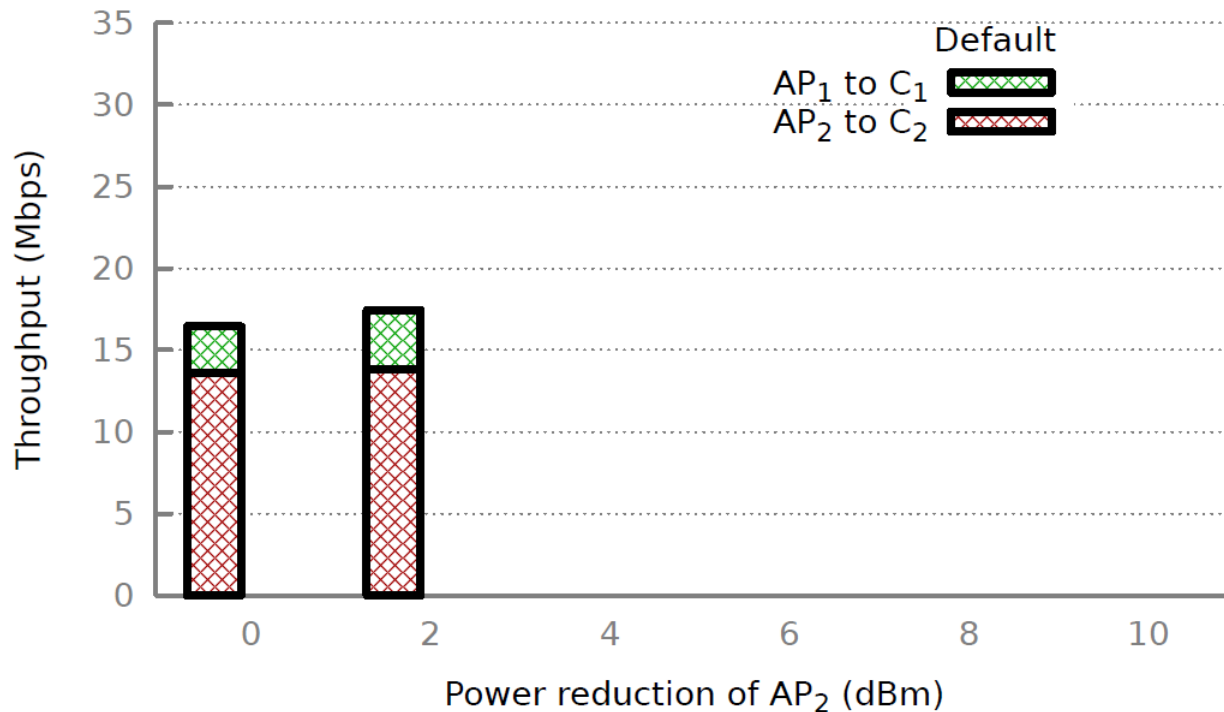
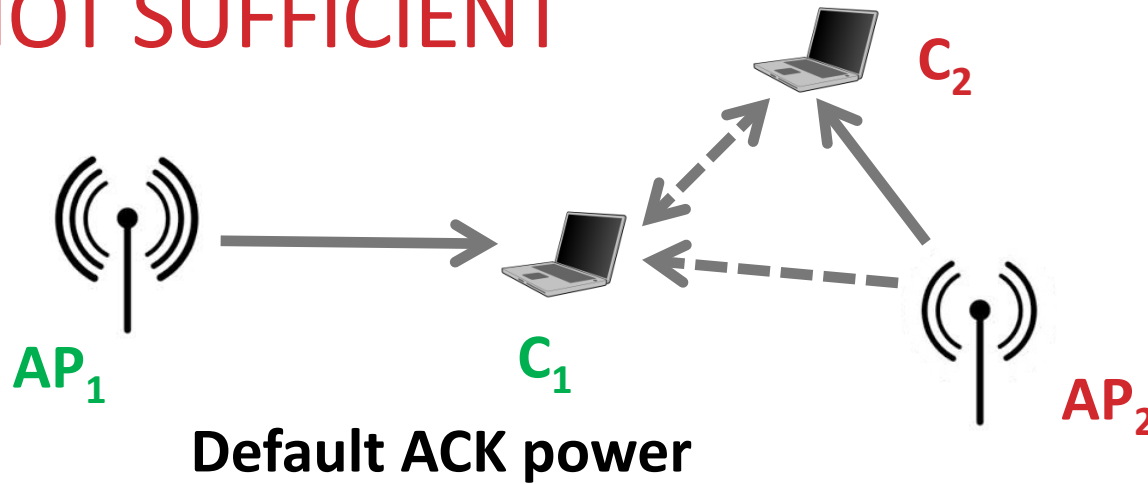
# POWER CONTROL OF DATA FRAMES IS NOT SUFFICIENT



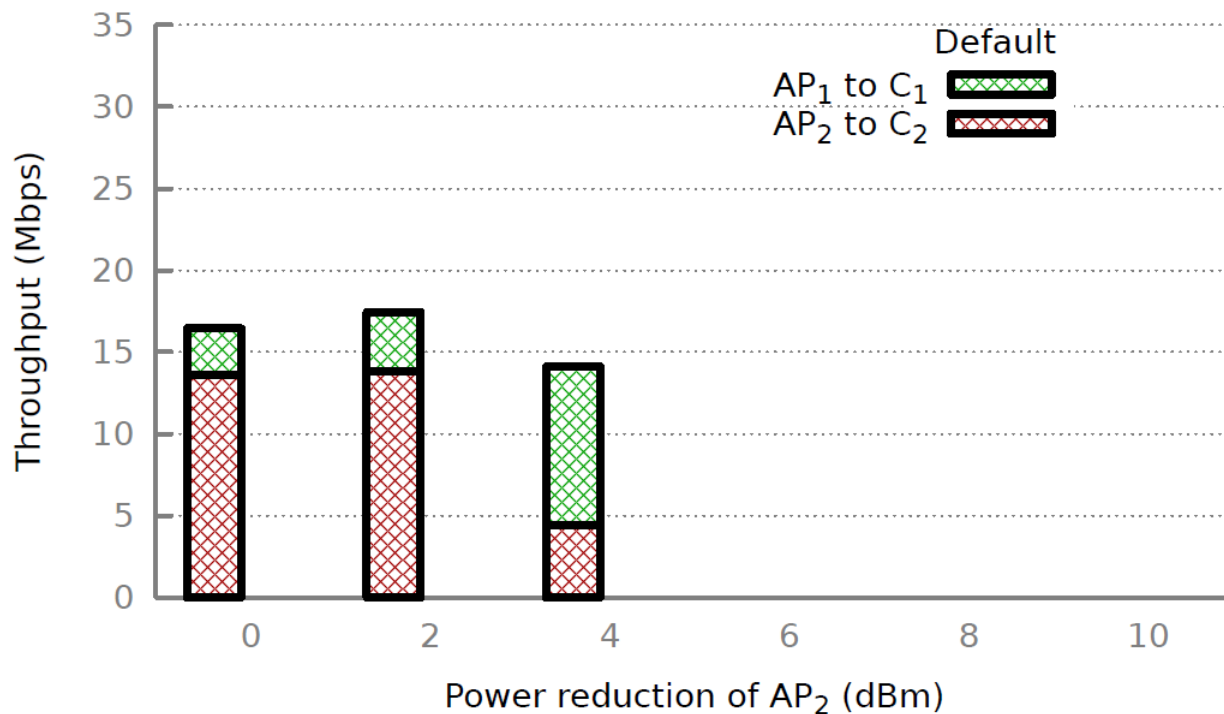
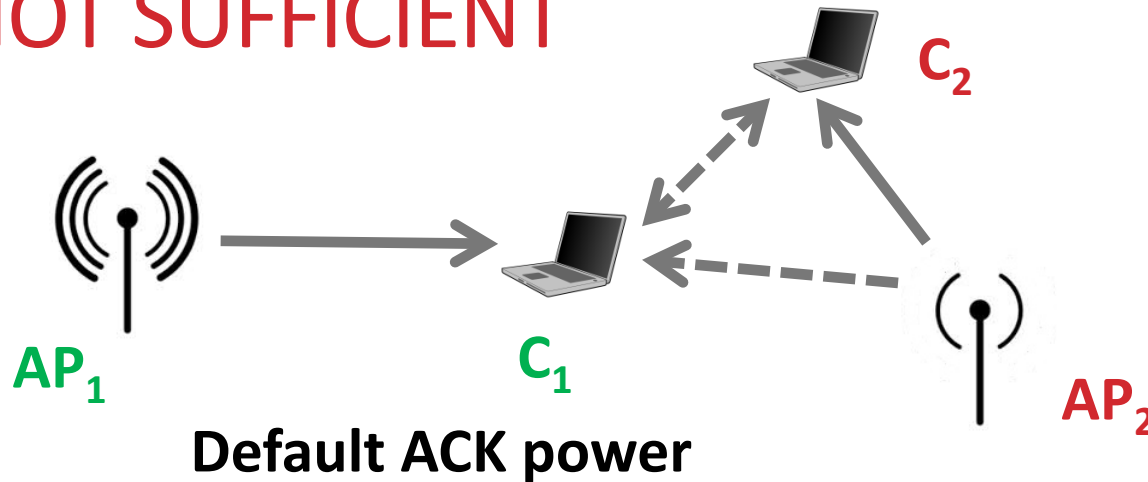
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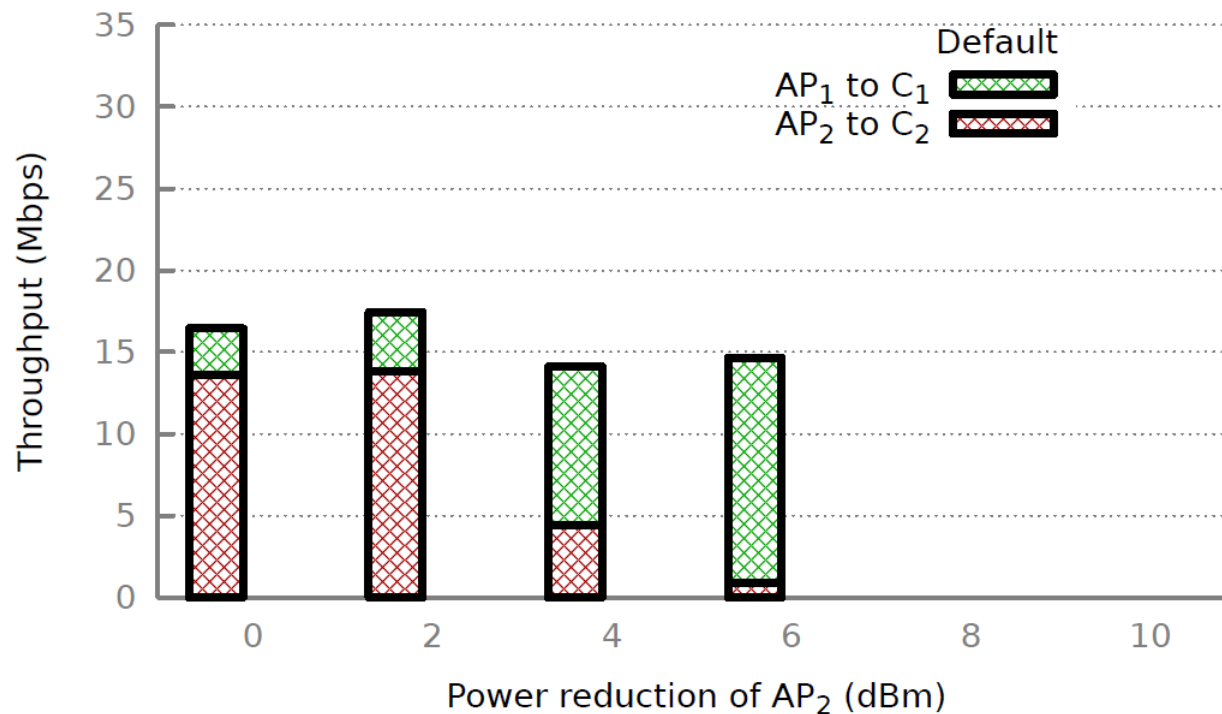
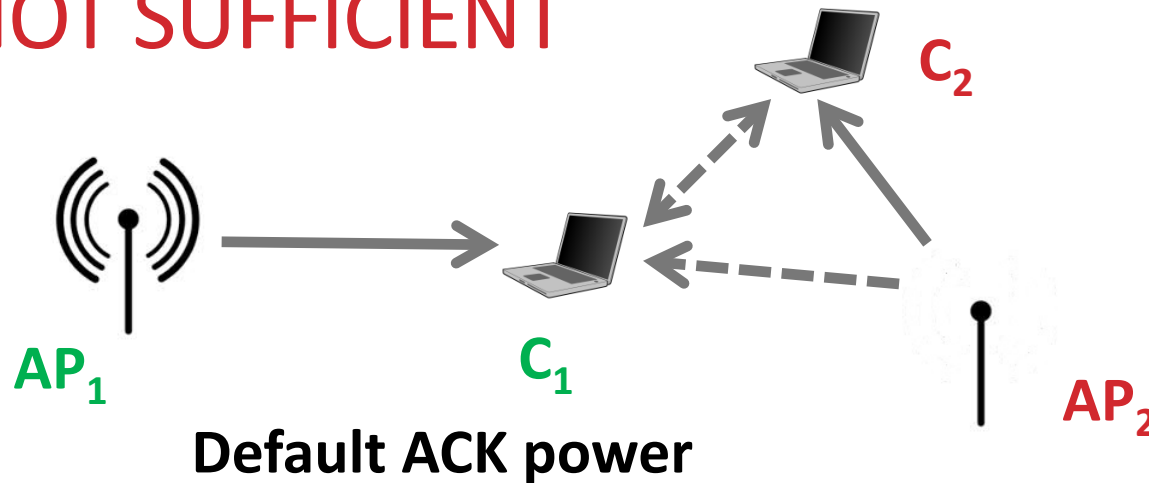
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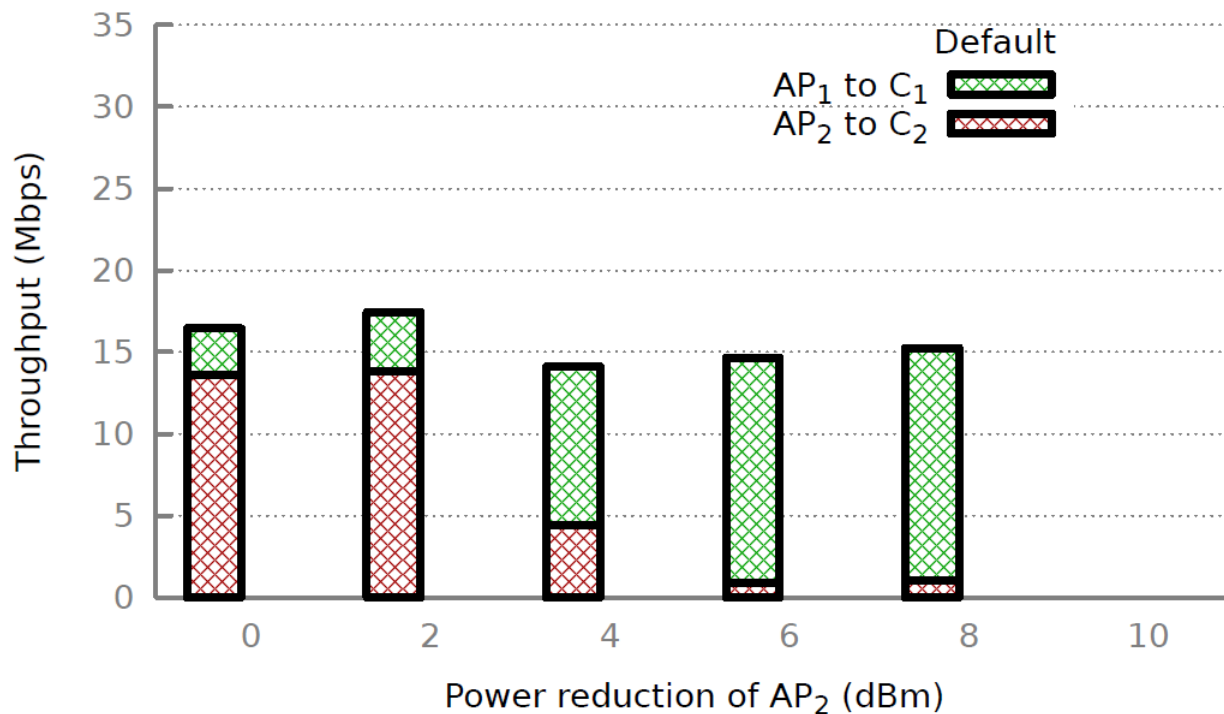
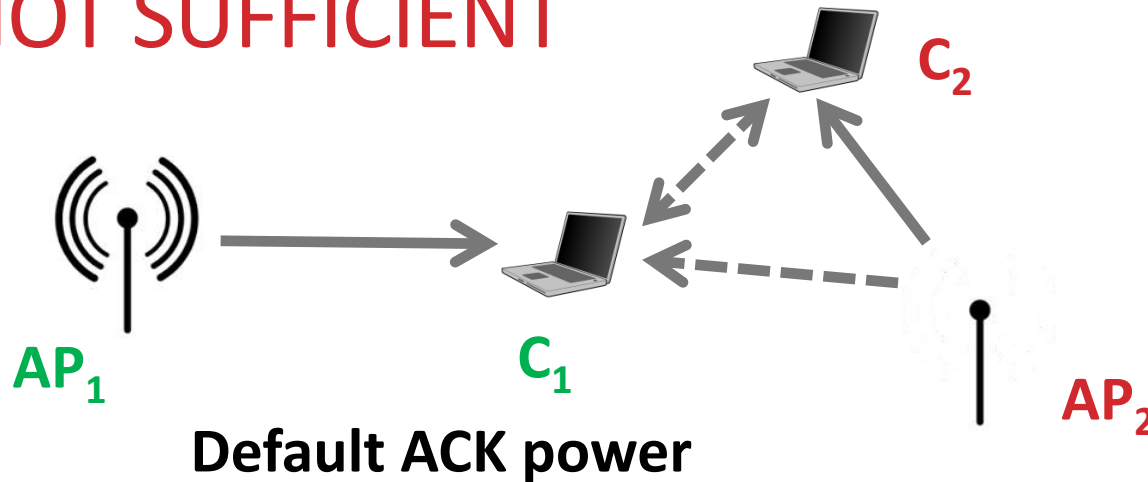
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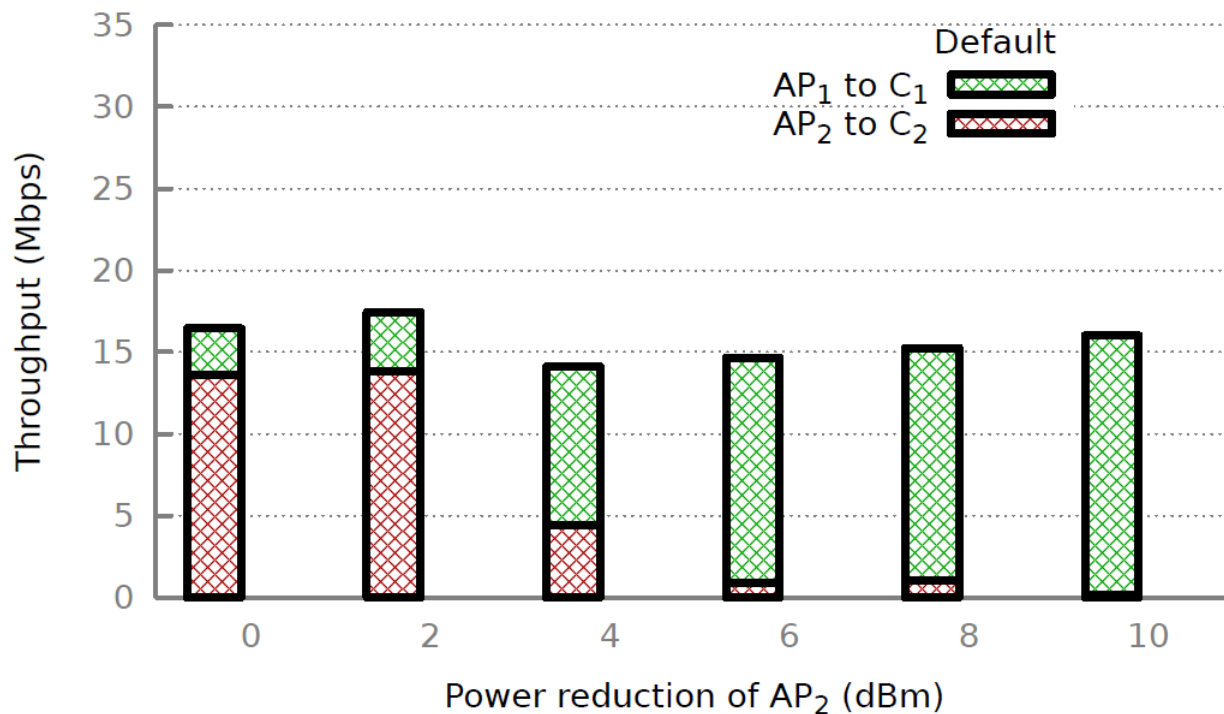
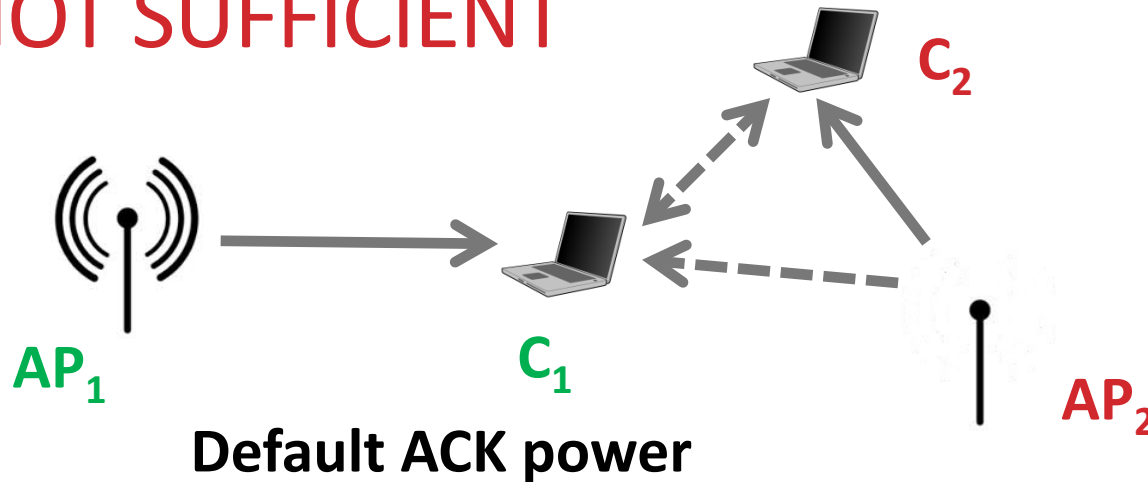
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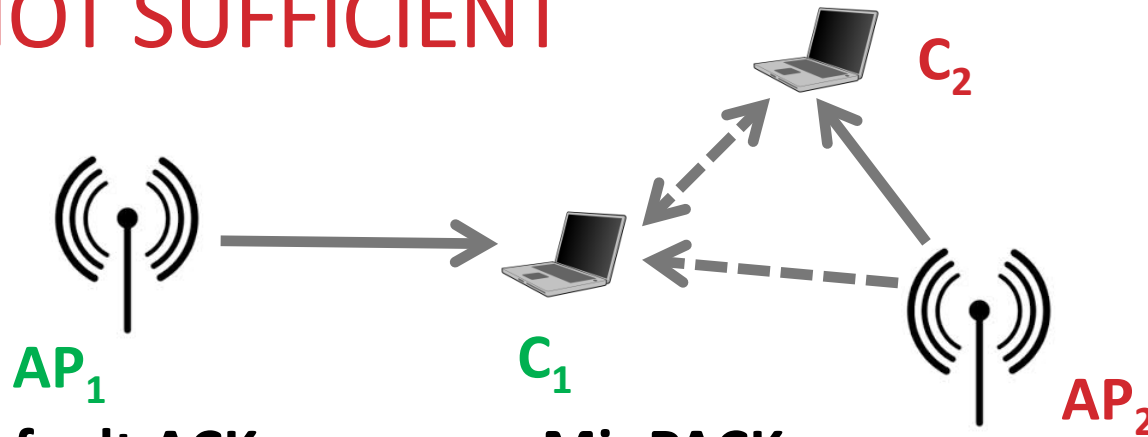
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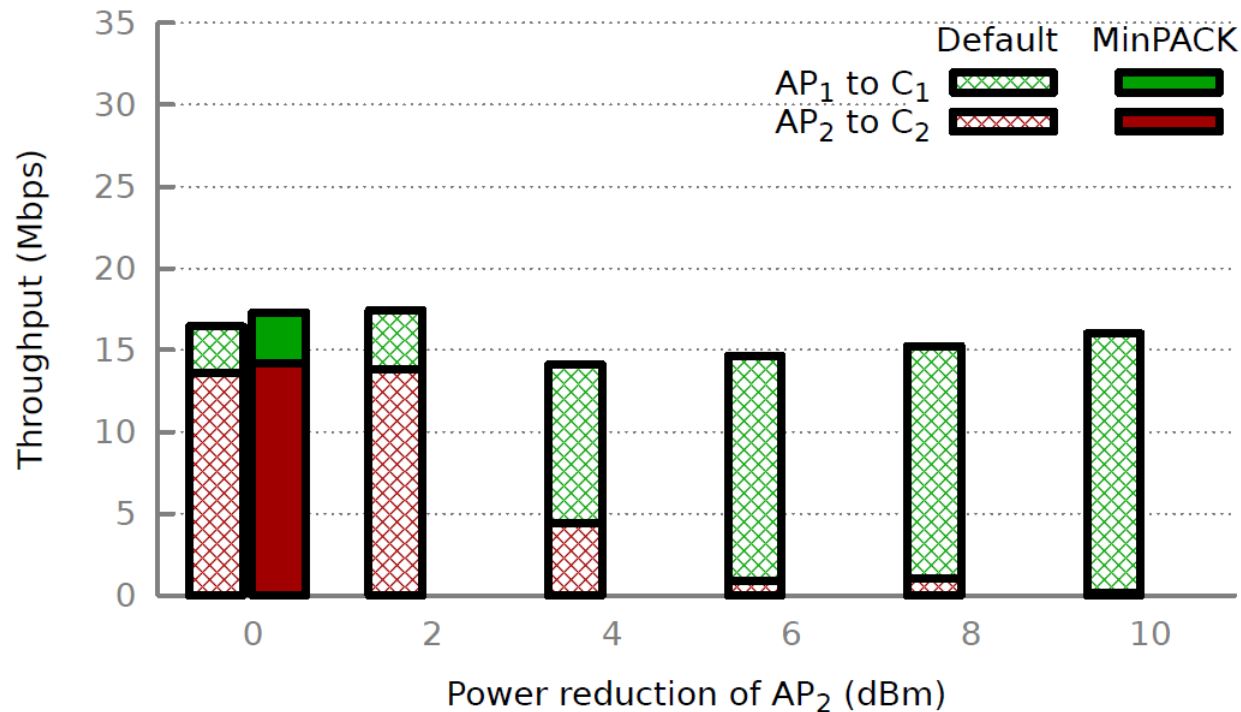
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# POWER CONTROL OF DATA FRAMES IS NOT SUFFICIENT

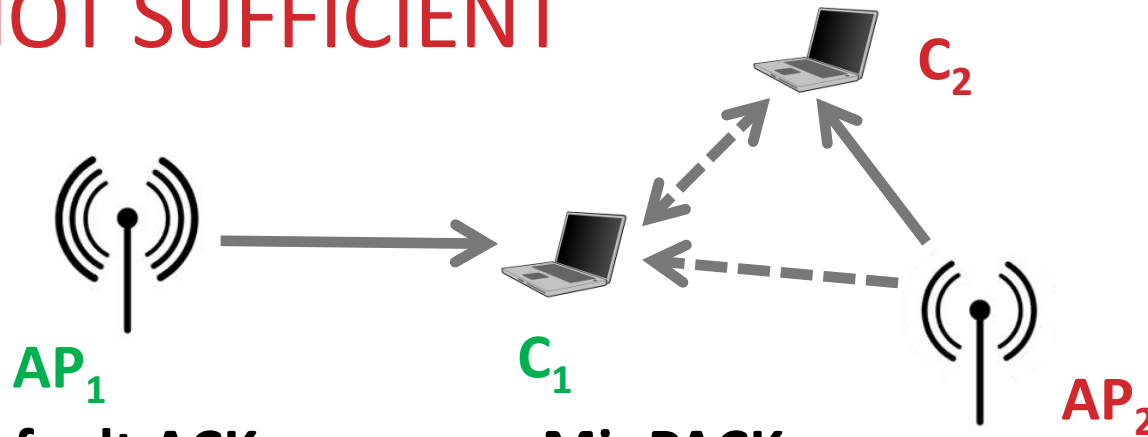


## Default ACK power vs. MinPACK

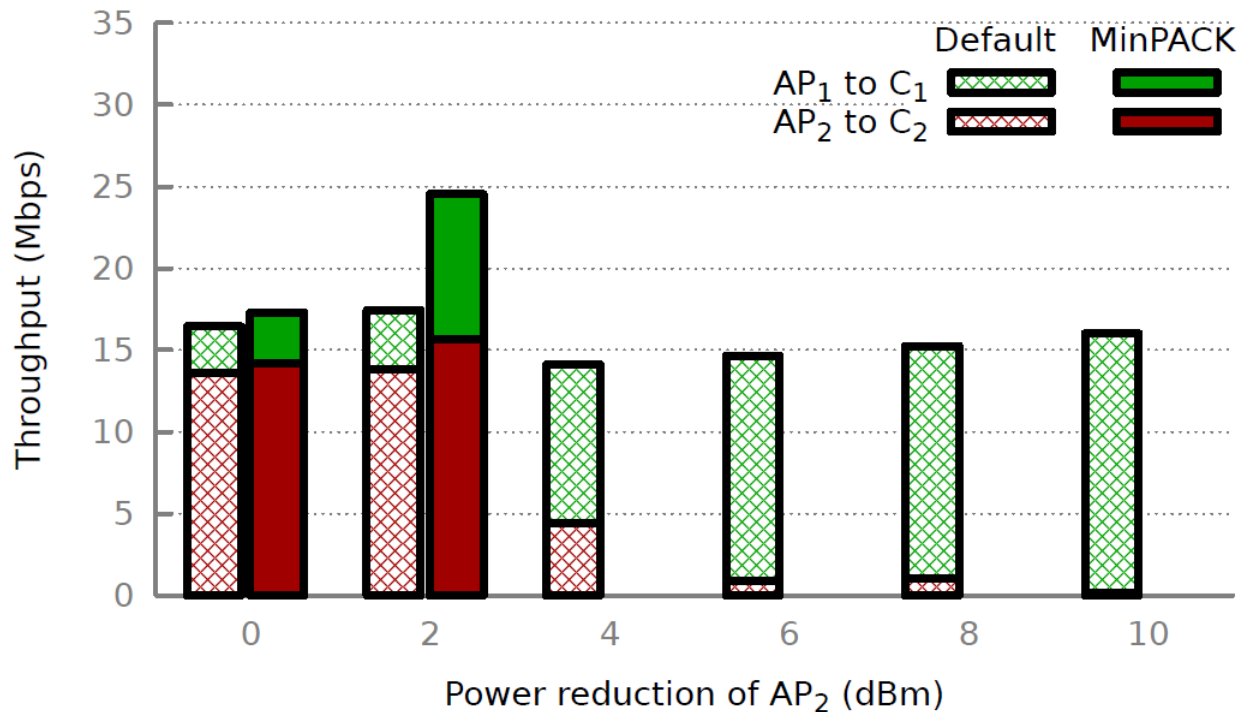




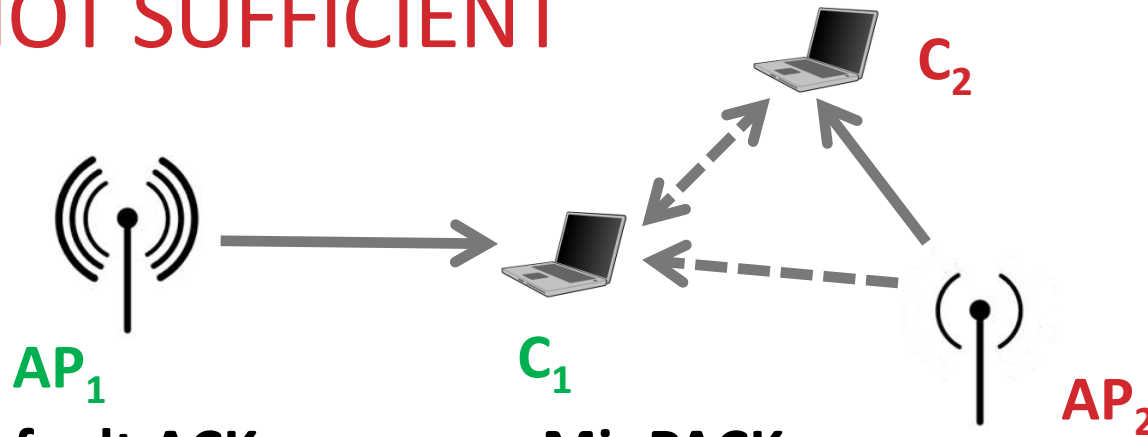
# POWER CONTROL OF DATA FRAMES IS NOT SUFFICIENT



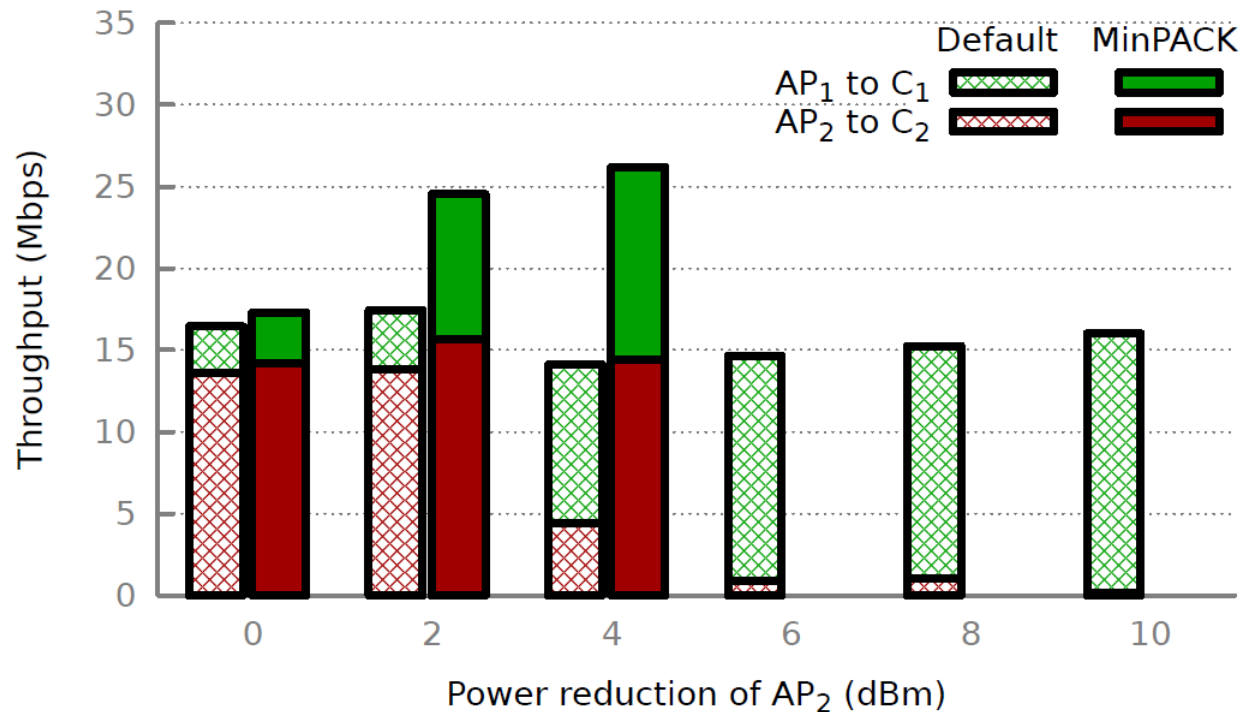
## Default ACK power vs. MinPACK



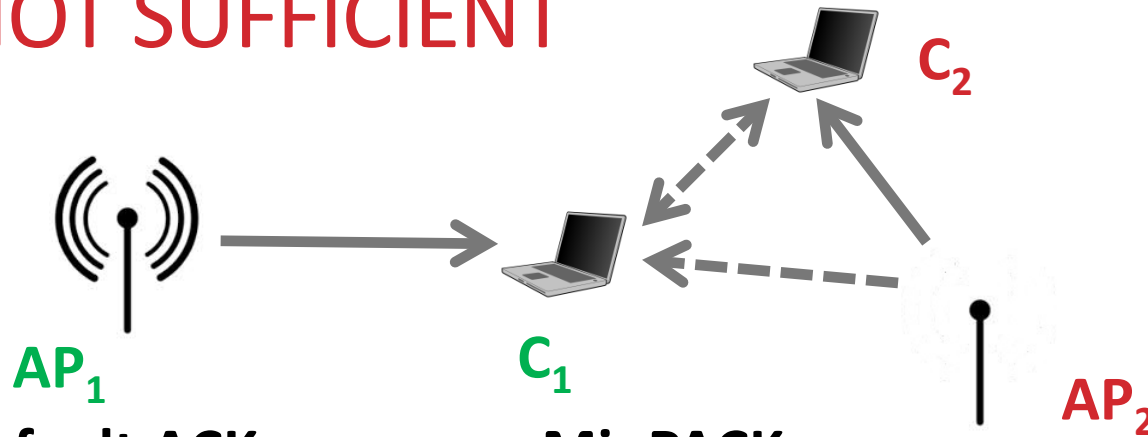
# POWER CONTROL OF DATA FRAMES IS NOT SUFFICIENT



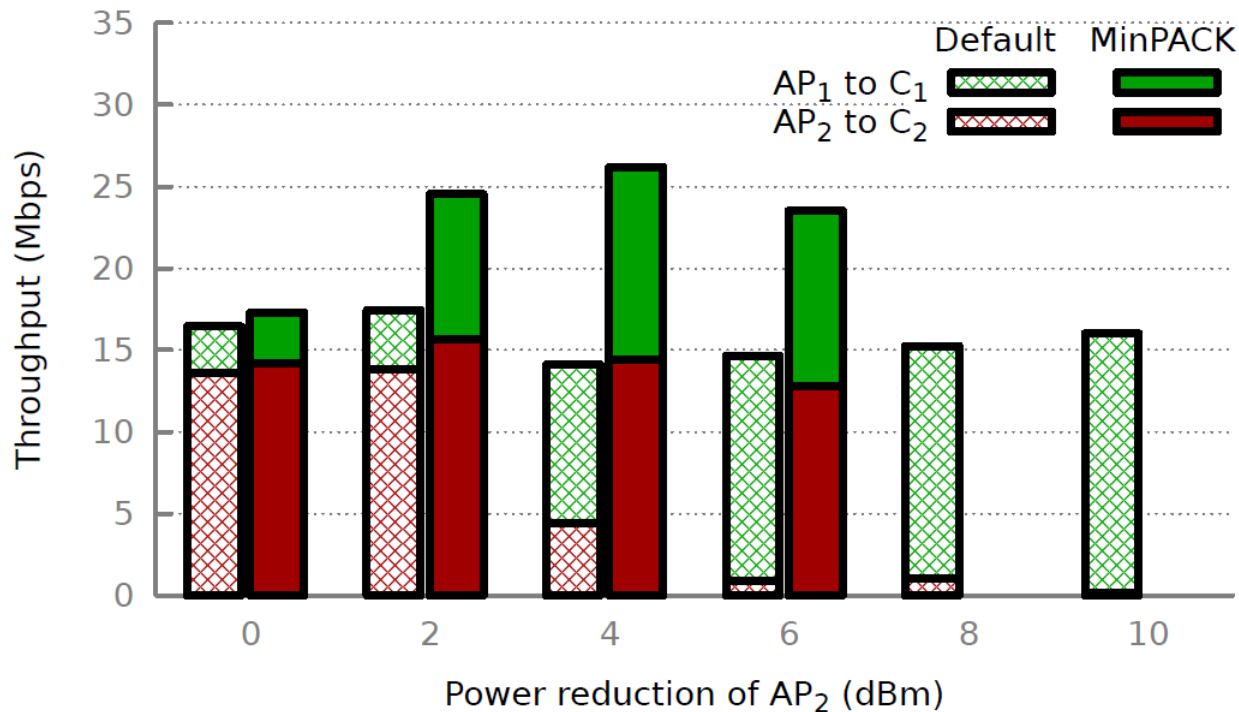
Default ACK power vs. MinPACK



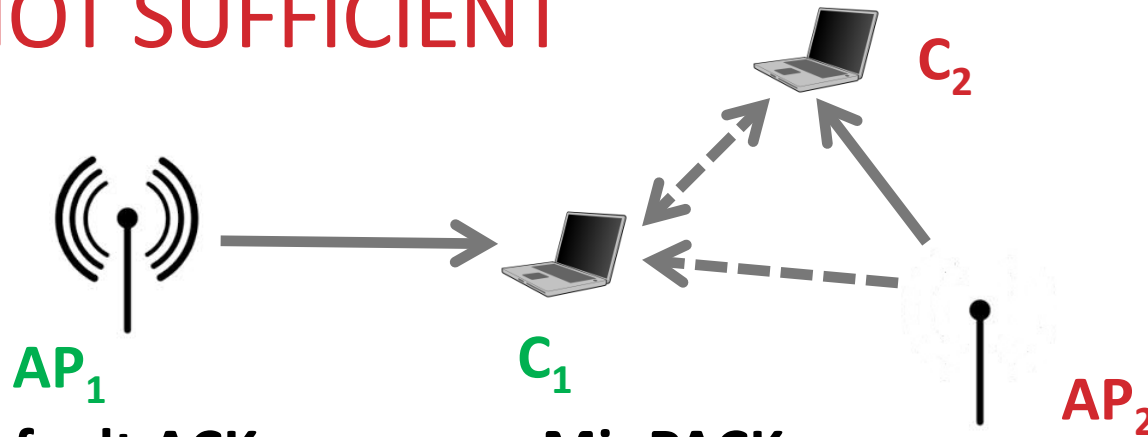
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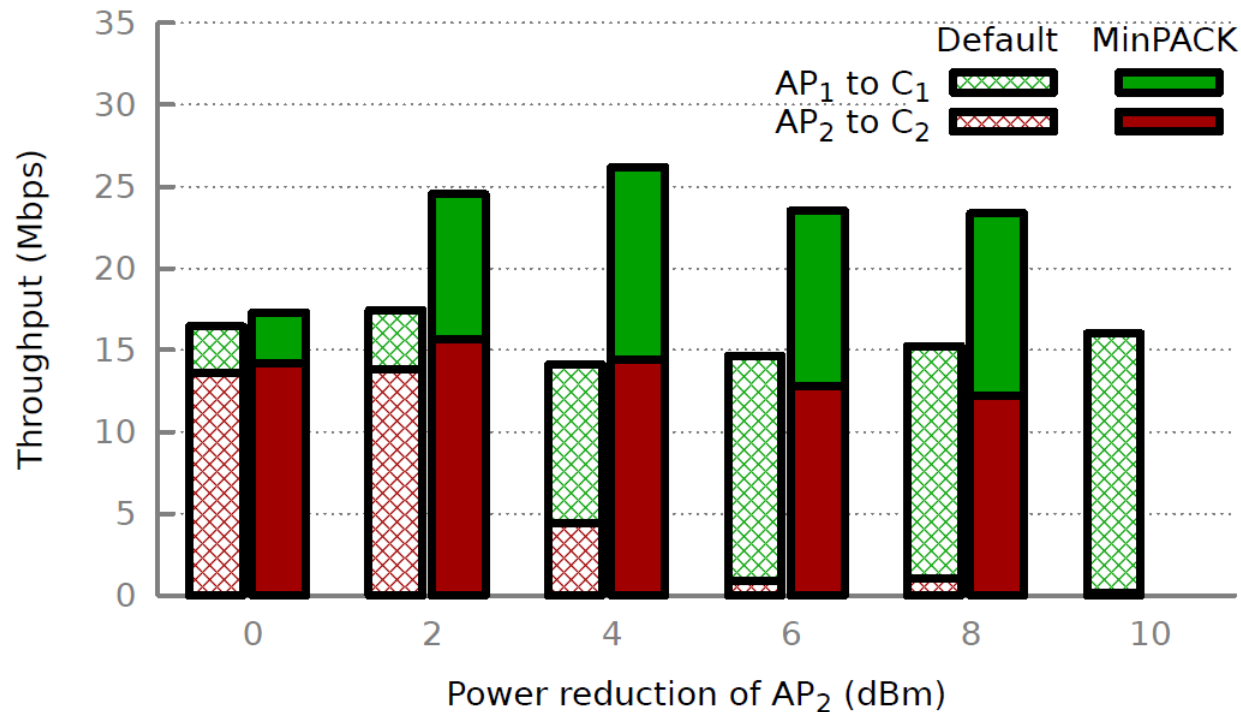
## Default ACK power vs. MinPACK



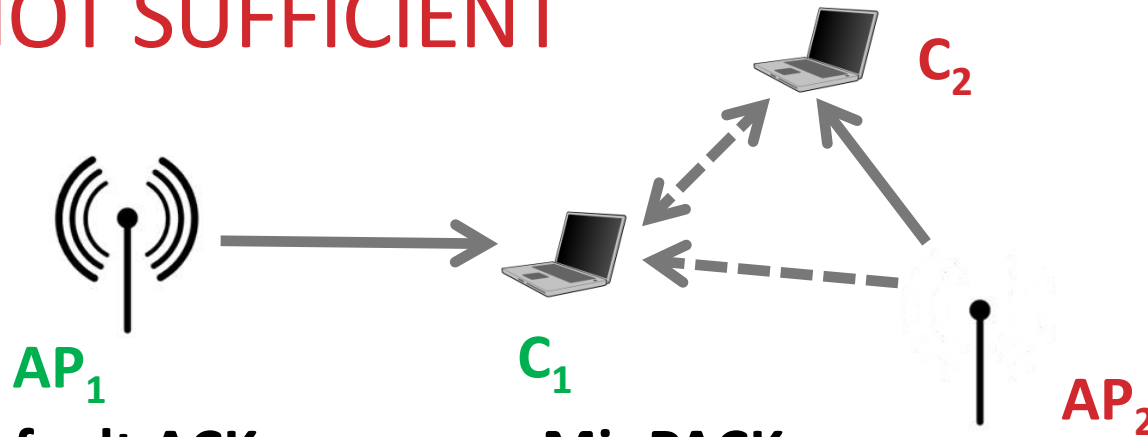
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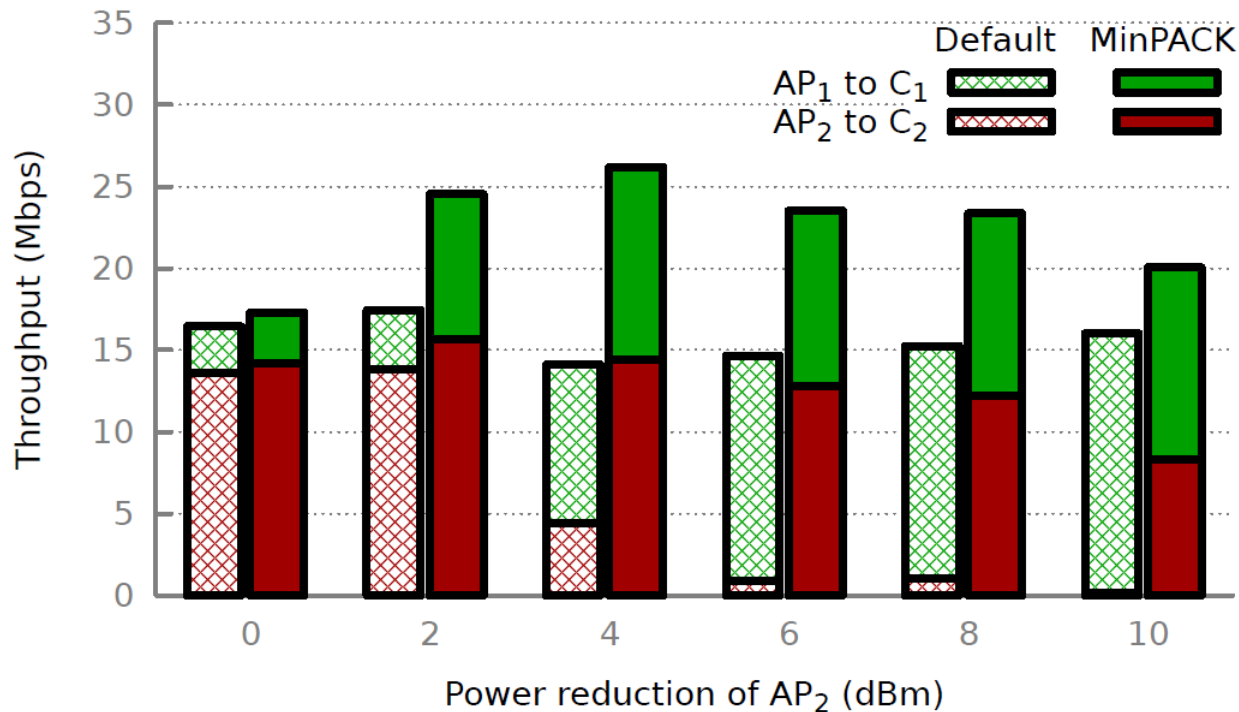
Default ACK power vs. MinPACK



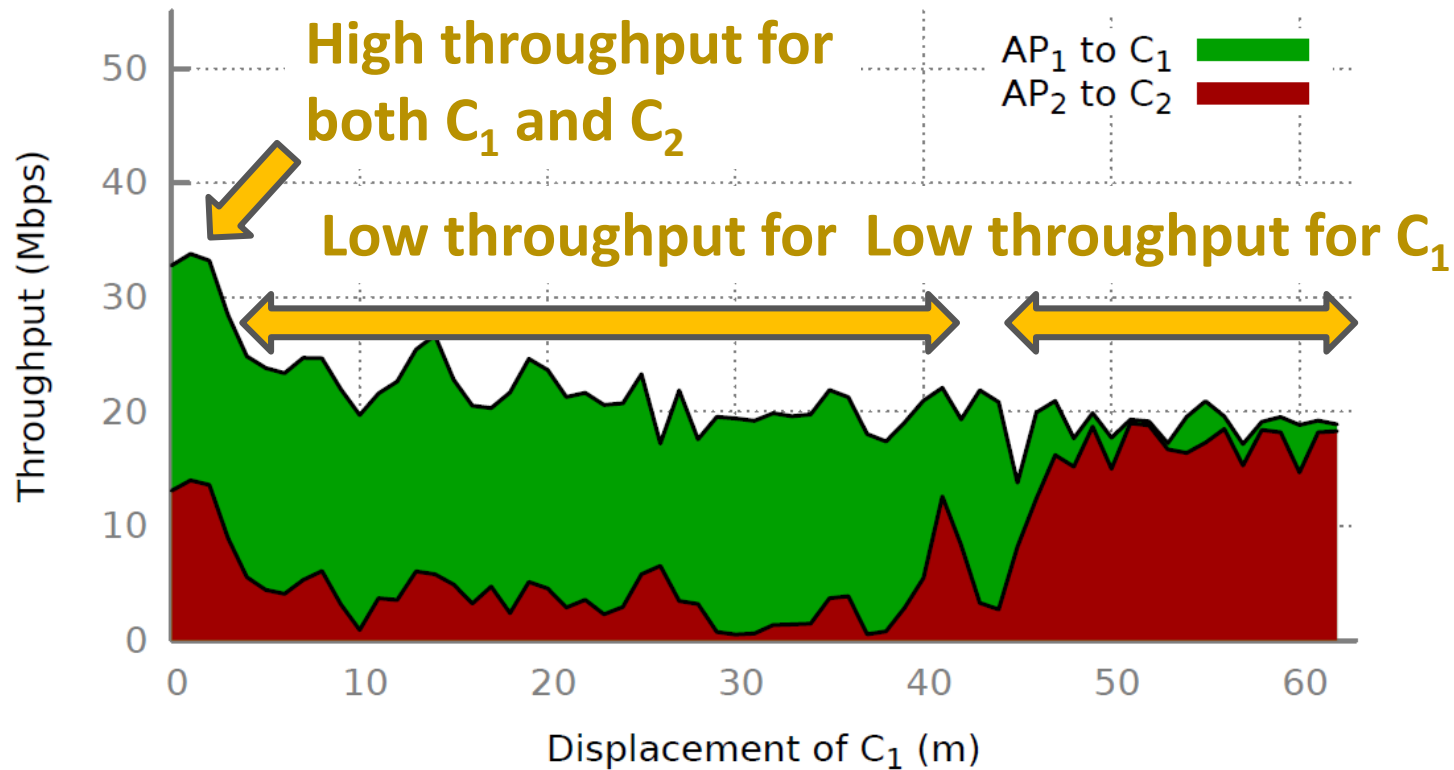
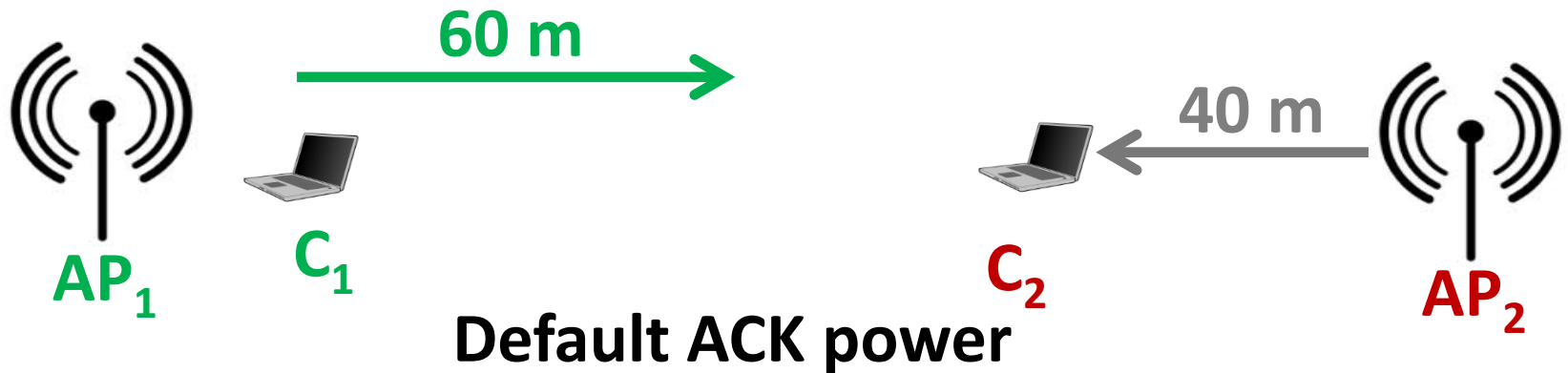
# POWER CONTROL OF DATA FRAMES IS NOT SUFFICIENT



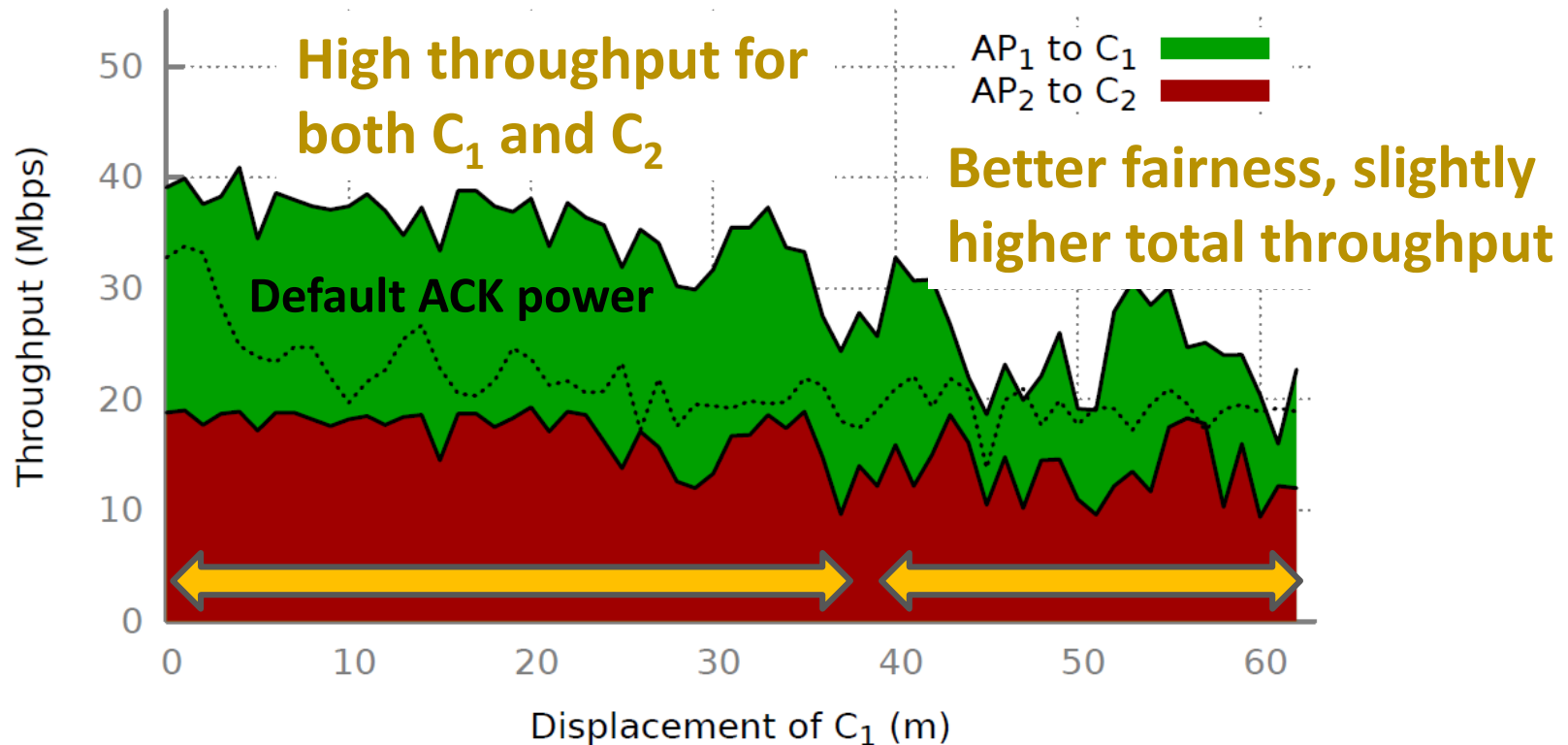
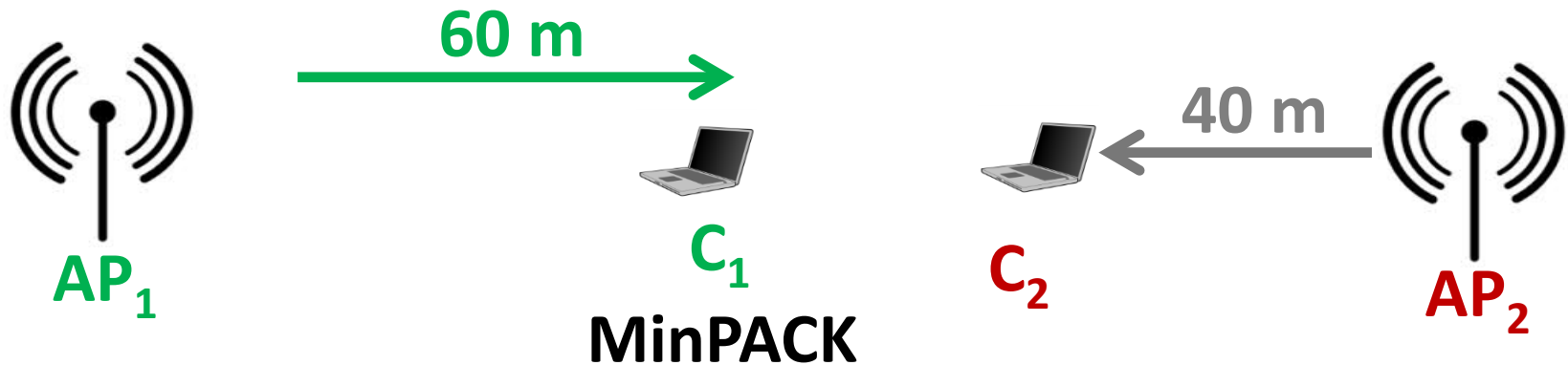
## Default ACK power vs. MinPACK



# MOBILITY



# MOBILITY



# CONCLUSION

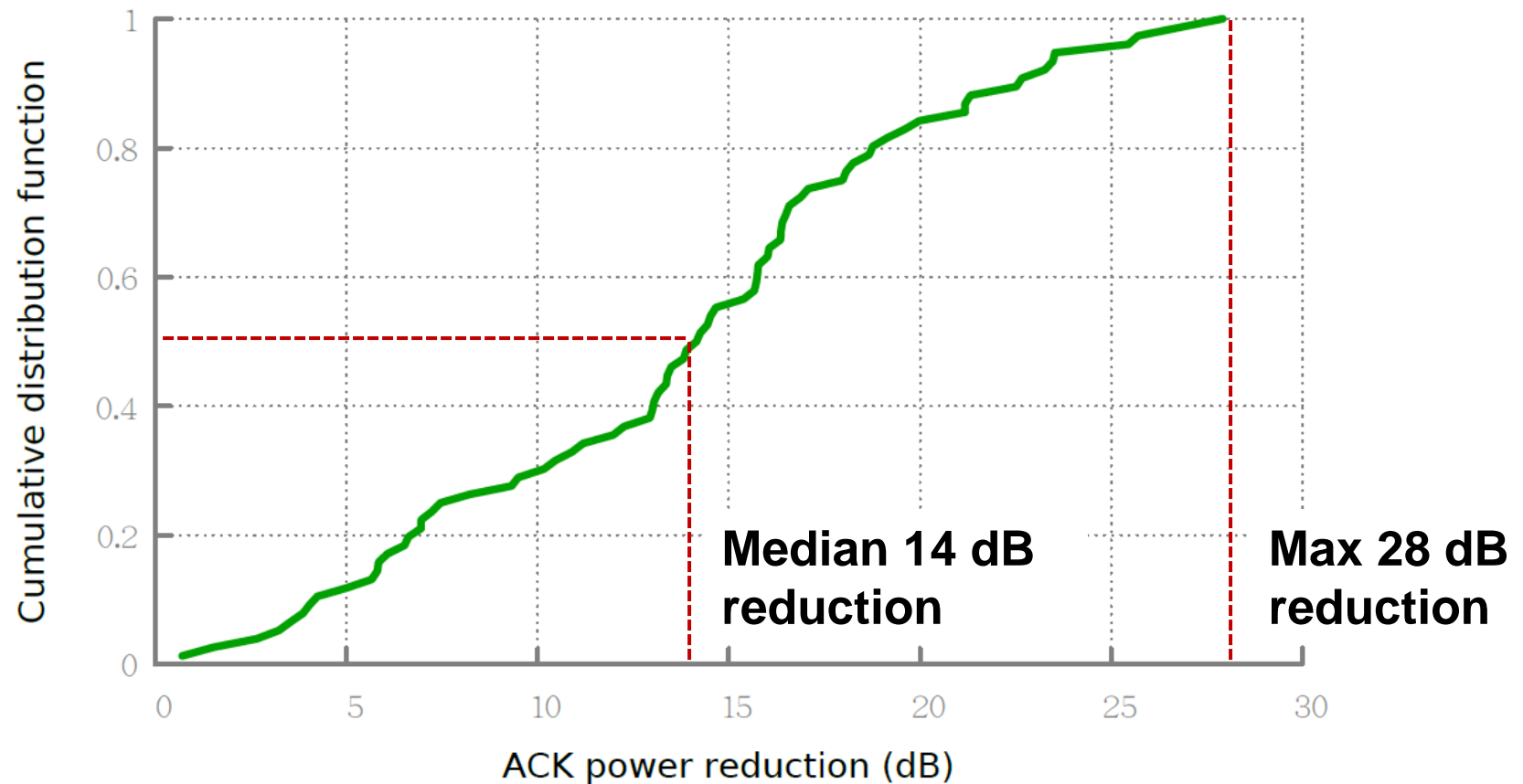
- MAC ACK interference is common and serious
- MinPACK
  - Improve total throughput and/or fairness
  - Complementary to tx power control of DATA frames
  - Adaptive to mobility
  - Applicable to commercial hardware adapters



**THANK YOU!**

**BACK-UP SLIDES**

# DISTRIBUTION OF ACK POWER REDUCTION



**ACK is small, sent at low rate, and protected by EIFS**

**Number of ap for each channel or what? (make it clearer) How about other channels(ie. 2-5)?**

**Impact of mac ack interference: no need animation, add to next page at the corner, put  $11/a$  and  $11/n$  at the legend label, adjust color of the histogram, 'how does ' to 'how can'**

**Estimation of ack success rate: break up the animation, highlight the data sender is AP(hard to modify, put a pic here)**

**Passive estimation for block ack: 'the extra' to 'solution'**

**Evaluation of minpack: make the point direct to audience**

**Throughput gain: make lines darker, add animation to make it clearer**

**Distribution of ack power reduction: font problem to be fixed, power reduction important? Consider removing this slide**

**Power control of data frames is not enough: make it more natural to audience, use more solid pattern(hard to see), no need to say words at every step**

**Mobility: prepare for the doubt of c1 performance decrease, draw the location of c2 in the graph, draw the total throughput(prev vs. now)**

