Notes on tutorial #7 (for week 10 - March 12, 2004)

April 8, 2004

Q1: Write a small forms/web-based application which asks people to enter in some personal details (name, identification number), and then puts up a new form which allows them to select a day-of-the-week, and an hour-of-the-day timeslot for a meeting with the head of the department. The result of this will be either:

success - the timeslot is allocated to that person, with a web page clearly stating that, or

failure - a web page is displayed which allows the user to try again, and which shows the remaining free time slots

Answer: *This will be up to the student...*

Q2: Research the use of *animated* 3D. Write or demonstrate a technique that gives an animated (i.e. changing) display of a group of cubes that are rotating, and moving relative to each other. Describe your technique.

Answer: *I used animated VRML, something like this:*

CODE LISTING **s1.wrl** Page 1/1

```
#VRML V2.0 utf8
Viewpoint { position 0 5 325  orientation 1 0 0 0 }
DEF transform1 Transform {
    translation 4 0.5 0
    children [ Shape { appearance Appearance {
                    material Material { emissiveColor .8 0 0 }
                }
                geometry Box { size 15 15 15 } } ] }
DEF transform2 Transform {
    translation 4 0.5 0
    children [ Shape {appearance Appearance {
                    material Material { emissiveColor  0 .8 0 }
                }
                geometry Box { size 15 15 15 } } ] }
DEF transform3 Transform {
    translation 4 0.5 0
    rotation 0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0
    children [ Shape { appearance Appearance {
                    material Material { emissiveColor  0 0 .8 }
                }
                geometry Box { size 25 25 25 } } ] }
DEF time TimeSensor { cycleInterval 5   loop    TRUE
                      enabled TRUE      startTime 1   }
DEF position1 PositionInterpolator {
        key [ 0 .5 1  ]
        keyValue [ 95 -37.5 0, -39.0522 41.0994 17.8899, 95 -37.5 0 ] }
DEF position2 PositionInterpolator {
        key [ 0 .5 1 ]
        keyValue [ -5 -37.5 0, 6.0123 19.1845 -12.0646,  -5 -37.5 0 ] }
DEF position3 PositionInterpolator {
        key [ 0 .5 1 ]
        keyValue [ -105 -37.5 0, 19.7851 21.74 8.0744, -105 -37.5 0 ] }

DEF ThingSpinner OrientationInterpolator {
        key [ 0.0, 0.5, 1.0 ]
        keyValue [ 0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0, 0.0 1.0 0.0 3.14, 0.0 1.0 0.0 6.28 ] }
ROUTE time.fraction_changed TO position1.set_fraction
ROUTE time.fraction_changed TO position2.set_fraction
ROUTE time.fraction_changed TO position3.set_fraction
ROUTE time.fraction_changed TO ThingSpinner.set_fraction
ROUTE position1.value_changed TO transform1.translation
ROUTE position2.value_changed TO transform2.translation
ROUTE position3.value_changed TO transform3.translation
ROUTE ThingSpinner.value_changed  TO transform3.set_rotation
```

Q3: Find/install a programming system which gives a 3D interface. Write a small program which spins a cube in a 3D canvas, with the speed of rotation changed by a scale.

Answer: *The TkOGL package seemed fairly simple to set up to add 3D to Tk. It creates a 3D canvas - OGLwin, and the following code (extracted from the TkOGL distribution) shows how to use it. I have omitted the code used to create the display list, but it is on the web site and in the distribution:*

CODE LISTING **t7.3.tcl** Page 1/1

```
package require Tkogl

#code to create display list

init_polybuild
pack [OGLwin .gl -aspect 1 -stencil 8] -side left -fill both -expand yes
set dlist [.gl newlist]
set mode fill
pack [frame .cmd] -side left -fill y
pack [frame .cmd.main] -side top -fill x
polybuild .gl hexahedron regular $dlist $mode
.gl eval \
    -matrixmode projection \
    -loadidentity \
    -perspective 20 1 0.5 20\
    -matrixmode modelview \
    -loadidentity \
    -lookat 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 1 0 \
    -pushmatrix \
    -material front ambient 0.3 0.3 0.3 \
    -material front diffuse 0.5 0.5 0.5 \
    -material front specular 0.3 0.3 0.3 \
    -material front shininess 40 \
    -light light0 position 1 1 1 0 \
    -light light0 ambient 1 1 1 \
    -light light0 diffuse 1 1 1 \
    -light light0 specular 1 1 1 \
    -clearcolor 0 0 1 \
    -enable lighting -enable light0 -enable light1 \
    -enable depthtest
.gl main -clear colorbuffer depthbuffer stencilbuffer\
    -call $dlist
scale .speed -label Speed -from 0 -to 20 -length 10c
pack .speed
set xrot 1
set yrot 1
rotate .gl
```