Business Requirements Analysis in the Unified Process

Synopsis:

Business requirements analysis is the process of discovering requirements, analyzing requirements for incomplete, inconsistency, relevance and practicality and negotiating the final requirements for the systems. Whether the computer systems developed are what users want depends on how well requirements are captured at the earlier stage of system development. This course teaches Business Requirements Analysis in the Unified Process, particularly, the process of requirements elicitation, analyses, documentation, communication, and change management. The course will also teach UML (Unified Modelling Language) as a notational tool for expressing requirements and Use Case Modelling for capturing and representing user requirements. The course will also highlight how to transition from Requirements to Design.

Who should attend?

Business Analysts, Systems Analysts, Requirements Analysts, Managers, Subject Matter Experts, Users, Project Leaders, Software Developers and Systems Architect.

Objectives

- 1. Learn about requirements elicitation and its techniques
- 2. Learn how to use Use Cases to gather user requirements
- 3. Learn how to capture non-functional requirements
- 4. Understand and practise Use Case Modelling and UML
- 5. Learn how to produce Use Case Specification
- 6. Learn how to manage changing requirements

Prerequisites

None

Duration

3 days

Course Outline:

SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

Describe analysis and design

Discuss key steps in Analysis and Design:

Define Use Cases

Define Domain Model

Define Interaction Diagrams

Define Design Class Diagram

Explain UML (Unified Modelling Language)

Define the Unified Process, an iterative and evolutionary development process

Describe how to manage change in an iterative project

2. THE UNIFIED PROCESS

Describe the Unified Process Disciplines: Business Modelling, Requirements, Design, Implementation, Test, Deployment, Configuration and Change Management, Project Management, Environment Describe the Unified Process Phases: Inception, Elaboration, Construction, Transition Explain the relationship between the disciplines and phases

3. REQUIREMENTS ELICITATION

Define requirements

Explain Evolutionary vs Waterfall Requirements

Describe the types and categories of requirements

Discuss requirements elicitation issues

Discuss various requirements elicitation techniques

Describe benefits of each technique

Describe the skillful means to finding requirements

Discuss how to organize requirements as Unified Process artifacts

Discuss other essential requirements in System Development

4. USE CASES

Define and Discuss Actors, Scenarios, and Use Cases

Explain Use Case Modelling

Explain why use Use Cases

Explain Use Case Writing Formats and Formalities

Explain how to find Use Cases

Discuss Use Case Diagrams

Discuss Activity Diagrams

Discuss the benefits of Use Cases

Discuss how to work with Use Cases in Iterative Methods

Practice: Writing Use Cases and Drawing Activity Diagrams

5. THE INCEPTION PHASE

Define Inception

Explain what happens in the Inception Phase

Discuss how to write Use Cases in the Inception Phase

Explain how long is the Inception Phase

Explain what artifacts may start in the Inception Phase

Explain what is not in the Inception Phase

6. THE ELABORATION PHASE

Define Elaboration

Explain what happens in the Elaboration Phase

Explain what artifacts may start in the Elaboration Phase

Explain what is not in the Elaboration Phase

7. DOMAIN MODEL

Define Domain Model and Conceptual Classes

Explain the motivation for creating a domain model

Describe how to create a domain model

Explain how to distinguish Attributes from Classes

Describe Data Types

Describe UML notations for representing domain models

Define and Explain Associations

Define and Explain Compositions (or commonly known as Aggregations)

Describe Roles and Multiplicity

Explain Iterative and Evolutionary Domain Modelling Process

Practice: Creating Domain Models

8. SYSTEM SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

Define System Sequence Diagram and Conceptual Classes

Explain the motivation for drawing System Sequence Diagrams

Describe the relationship between System Sequence Diagrams and Use Cases

Explain how to name System Events and Operations

Explain how to model System Sequence Diagrams with other External Systems

Describe what information in System Sequence Diagrams to place in the Glossary

Define System Operation and Operation Contract

Explain how to define Operation Contracts for System Operations

Explain what is a Post-Condition

Explain how are Post- Conditions related to Domain Model

Explain the motivation for Post-Conditions

Explain how to create and write Operation Contracts

Discuss Operations Contracts within the Unified Process

Practice: Drawing System Sequence Diagrams

9. REQUIREMENTS TO DESIGN

Define and describe Logical Architecture and Layers

Define Software Architecture

Describe UML Package Diagram

Explain how to design system with layers

Explain the Model-View Separation principle

Explain Static and Dynamic Modelling in designing objects

Describe Class Responsibility Collaboration (CRC) Card as an Object Design technique

Describe UML Interaction Diagrams: Sequence Diagrams and Communication Diagrams

Describe UML Interaction Diagram Notation

Describe UML Class Diagrams

Describe UML Class Diagram Notation

Explain how to show UML Attribute Text and Association Lines

Explain Operations and Methods

Explain how to show Methods in Class Diagrams

10. SUMMARY

Summarize important points taught in course Review course objectives and how they are met

Course Leader

Dr. Danny Poo graduated with a BSc (Hons), MSc and PhD in Computer Science from the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology (UMIST), England. He is currently a tenured Associate Professor in the Department of Information Systems, National University of Singapore and teaches courses on Object-Oriented Software Engineering and Enterprise JavaBeans at the undergraduate level. He is presently the Vice-Chairman, Steering Committee for the Asia-Pacific Software Engineering Conference and is actively involved in teaching professionals on Object-Oriented Analysis, Design, and Programming. He is the founder and director of Cicada Cube Pte Ltd, an NUS spin-off company specializing in Enterprise-level Search and Retrieval Solutions. **Dr. Poo is author of 4 books: "Object-Oriented Programming and Java**", Springer-Verlag, 1998; "**Developing Systems Using J2EE**", Prentice-Hall, 2004, "**Learn To Program Java**", Prentice-Hall, 2004; and "**Learn To Program Enterprise JavaBeans**", Thomson Learning, 2005.