

### The Tourist Problem: And Fun with Graph Modeling

#### Hon Wai Leong

Department of Computer Science National University of Singapore leonghw@comp.nus.edu.sg

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#### **The Tourist Problem**

#### **□** Organization

- National University of Singapore

  School of Computing
- **\*** The Tourist Problem
- Analysis and Simplifications
- **❖ Problem Modeling (with** *Graphs***)**
- **Solving the** *Graph* **Model**
- **❖** Mapping back the Solution
- Moral of the Story

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#### The Tourist Problem (KL/PJ)...

Given: A list of parents, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule guided tours for them so that each parent visits all the places in his/her list.

| An Instance of Tourist Problem |                              |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Tourist                        | Places of Interest           |  |  |
| Aaron                          | KLCC, SLTP, BB               |  |  |
| Betty                          | $MW^{TP}$ , $BH$ , $SL^{TP}$ |  |  |
| Cathy                          | tC, Bgs, MVM                 |  |  |
| David                          | BH, MW <sup>TP</sup> , MVM   |  |  |
| Evans                          | MW <sup>TP</sup> , BH, KLCC  |  |  |
| Frances                        | SL <sup>TP</sup> , KLCC, BB  |  |  |
| Gary                           | MW <sup>TP</sup> , MVM       |  |  |
| Harry                          | BH, MW <sup>TP</sup>         |  |  |
|                                |                              |  |  |

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#### The Tourist Problem (KL/PJ Entities)

- ☐ Good to know the entities we are dealing with...
  - **\*** The Tourists:

$$T = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H\}$$

**\*** The Attractions (Places):

 $P = \{BB, Bgs, BH, KLCC, MVM, MW^{TP}, SL^{TP}, tC\}$ 

| Places of Attraction                |                       |           |                     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|--|
| Place Common Name Place Common Name |                       |           |                     |  |  |
| SLTP                                | Sunway Lagoon TP      | $MW^{TP}$ | Mines Wonderland TP |  |  |
| BB Bukit Bintang BH Berjaya Hill    |                       |           |                     |  |  |
| MVM Mid Valley Mall Bgs Bangsar     |                       |           |                     |  |  |
| KLCC                                | <b>KL City Centre</b> | tC        | The Curve           |  |  |

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#### The Tourist Problem...

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that each tourist visits all the places in his/her list.

| An Insta |                    |                         |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Tourist  | Places of Interest |                         |
| Aaron    | SZG, BG, JB        |                         |
| Betty    | CG, JG, BG         |                         |
| Cathy    | VC, SI, OR         |                         |
| David    | JG, CG, OR         |                         |
| Evans    | CG, JG, SZG        |                         |
| Frances  | BG, SZG, JB        |                         |
| Gary     | CG, OR             |                         |
| Harry    | JG, CG             |                         |
| 2.1116   | (T                 | he Tourist Problem) Pag |

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#### **The Tourist Problem (Entities)**

- ☐ Good to know the entities we are dealing with...
  - **\*** The Tourists:

 $T = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H\}$ 

**\*** The Attractions (Places):

 $P = \{BG, CG, JB, JG, OR, SI, VC, SZG\}$ 

| Places of Attraction                |  |    |                 |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|----|-----------------|--|--|
| Place Common Name Place Common Name |  |    |                 |  |  |
| BG                                  | <b>Botanical Gardens</b>               | CG | Chinese Gardens |  |  |
| JB                                  | JB Jurong Birdpark JG Japanese Gardens |    |                 |  |  |
| OR Orchard Road SI Sentosa Island   |  |    |                 |  |  |
| SZG                                 | <b>Spore Zoological Gardens</b>        | VC | VivoCity        |  |  |

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Some Simplifications: Consider

Aaron { SZG, BG, JB }

Frances { SZG, BG, JB }

Also consider

\* David { JG, CG, OR }

Gary { CG, OR }

#### An Instance of Tourist Problem

| Tourist | Places of Interest |
|---------|--------------------|
| Aaron   | SZG, BG, JB        |
| Betty   | CG, JG, BG         |
| Cathy   | VC, SI, OR         |
| David   | JG, CG, OR         |
| Evans   | CG, JG, SZG        |
| Frances | BG, SZG, JB        |
| Gary    | CG, OR             |
| Harry   | JC, CC             |
|         |                    |

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**Simplification Rule:** 

If  $P(T_1) \subseteq P(T_2)$ , then tourist  $T_1$  can just "follows" tourist  $T_2$ . Thus, we can omit  $T_1$  from consideration.

Oh, can also omit Harry

\* Betty { CG, JG, BG }
Harry { CG, JG

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#### The (Reduced) Tourist Problem...

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that

each tourist visits all the places in his/her list.

| An Instance of Tourist Problem |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Tourist Places of Interest     |  |  |  |
| Aaron SZG, BG, JB              |  |  |  |
| Betty CG, JG, BG               |  |  |  |
| Cathy VC, SI, OR               |  |  |  |
| David JG, CG, OR               |  |  |  |
| Evans CG, JG, SZG              |  |  |  |

 $T = \{A, B, C, D, E\}$ 

 $P = \{BG, CG, JB, JG, OR, SI, VC, SZG\}$ 

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#### The Tourist Problem - v0

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that

each tourist visits all the places in his/her list.

**Solution:** (Singapore 1-Day Tour)

Put all the tourists on one bus. Visit all eight places in 1 day.

| An Instance of Tourist Problem |                  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Tourist Places of Interest     |                  |  |  |  |
| Aaron                          | SZG, BG, JB      |  |  |  |
| Betty                          | CG, JG, BG       |  |  |  |
| Cathy                          | Cathy VC, SI, OR |  |  |  |
| David JG, CG, OR               |                  |  |  |  |
| Evans                          | CG, JG, SZG      |  |  |  |

What's Good: It works! One bus, one-day.

What's Bad: Too rushed. NO time to see anything!

Not interesting!

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#### The Tourist Problem – v0.5

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that

each tourist visits all the places in his/her list, and

C1: Each tourist visits at most one place a day.

#### **Simple Solution:**

Schedule one trip to every place every day.

| An Instance of Tourist Problem |             |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Tourist Places of Interest     |             |  |  |  |
| Aaron                          | SZG, BG, JB |  |  |  |
| Betty                          | CG, JG, BG  |  |  |  |
| Cathy                          | VC, SI, OR  |  |  |  |
| David                          | JG, CG, OR  |  |  |  |
| Evans                          | CG, JG, SZG |  |  |  |

What's Good: It works! Finish in 3 days. (minimum!)

What's Bad: Wasteful! 24 bus trips.

Also, not so interesting!

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#### The Tourist Problem – v0.8

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that

each tourist visits all the places in his/her list,

C1: Each tourist visits at most one place a day, and

C2: There is at most one bus trip to each place

#### **Simple Solution:**

Schedule *one trip per day*, each to a *different* place.

What's Good: It works! 8 trips. What's Bad: It takes 8 days!

An Instance of Tourist Problem

Tourist Places of Interest

Aaron SZG, BG, JB

Betty CG, JG, BG

Cathy VC, SI, OR

David JG, CG, OR

Evans CG, JG, SZG

But wait... Did you see something interesting?

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#### The Tourist Problem – v1.0

Given: A list of tourist, each with his/her list of places to visit.

To do: Schedule bus rides for them so that

each tourist visits all the places in his/her list,

C1: Each tourist visits at most one place a day,

C2: There is at most one bus trip to each place, and

C3: minimize the number of days to complete mission.

#### **Observation:**

On the same day, cannot schedule SZG and BG can schedule SZG and OR

How to model all these constraints?

| An Instance of Tourist Problem |             |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Tourist Places of Interest     |             |  |  |  |
| Aaron                          | SZG, BG, JB |  |  |  |
| Betty                          | CG, JG, BG  |  |  |  |
| Cathy VC, SI, OR               |             |  |  |  |
| David JG, CG, OR               |             |  |  |  |
| Evans CG, JG, SZG              |             |  |  |  |

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#### **Activity Period #1:**

Bus Scheduling DIY (Do It Yourself) (5 minutes)

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#### **Review of Activity #1**

- ☐ How many days did you use?
  - **❖** \_\_\_\_ days
- **□** What was the main difficulty?
  - **\*** What if we are talking about 100 tourists?
  - \* ... and 20 different attractions?
- **□** Was there a lot of repetitive task?
  - **❖** How was the task?
- **☐** How can we do better?

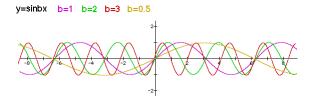
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#### The Graph Model

#### **□** What is a graph?

$$\Leftrightarrow$$
 eg:  $y = sin(bx)$ 



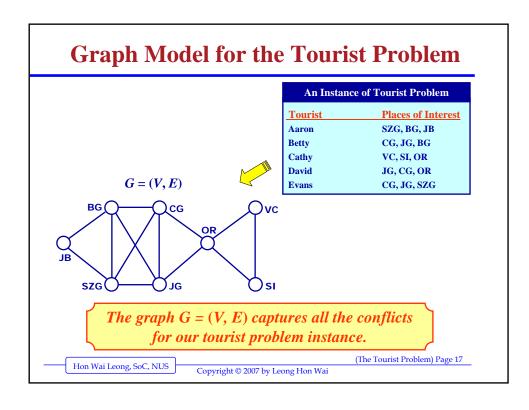
 $\square$  No. Not this type of graph.

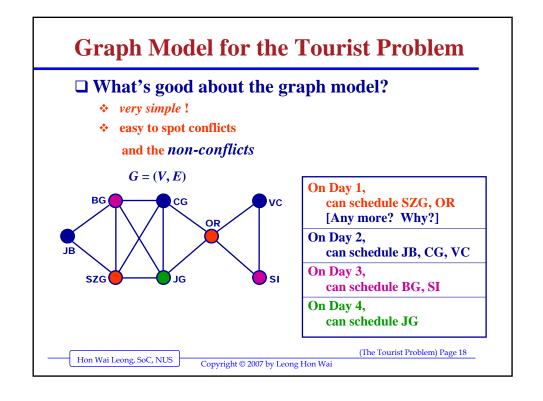
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The Graph Model  $\Box$  Graph G = (V, E)**❖** *V* is a set of vertices, nodes (circles) Nodes are **&** *E* is a set of edges (connections) **Places An Instance of Tourist Problem** BG( **Tourist Places of Interest** SZG, BG, JB Aaron CG, JG, BG Betty VC, SI, OR Cathy **Edges** David JG, CG, OR szg represent CG, JG, SZGEvans "conflicts" In our graph, nodes are places, and edges in the graph means conflicts. (The Tourist Problem) Page 16 Hon Wai Leong, SoC, NUS Copyright © 2007 by Leong Hon Wai

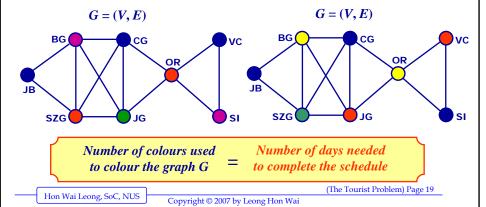




#### **Graph Coloring Problem**

☐ Given a graph G = (V, E), colour the vertices in V so that any two vertices that are connected by an edge in E will have *different* colors.

We want to minimize the number of colors.



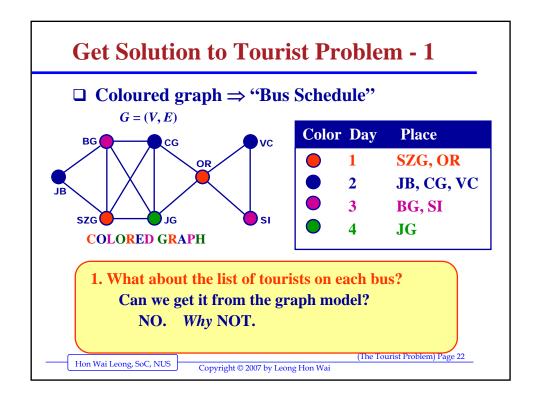
#### **Activity Period #2:**

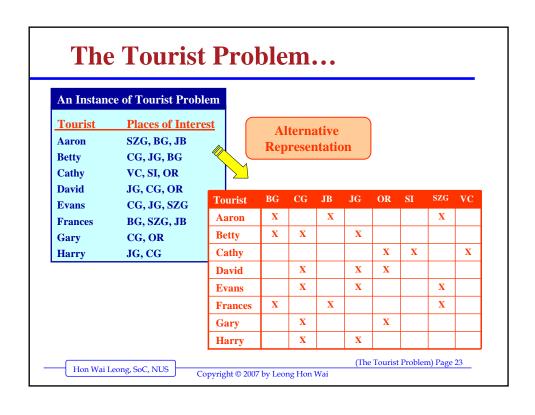
**Graph Colouring Exercises** (10 minutes)

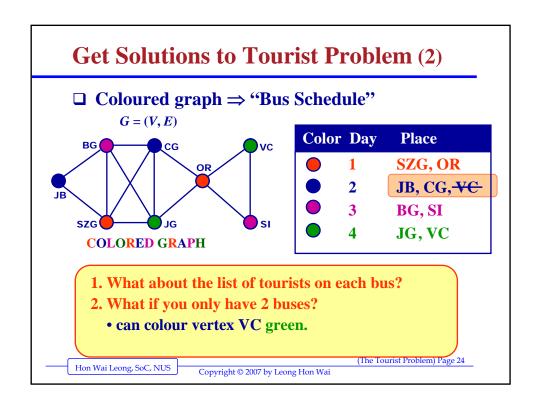
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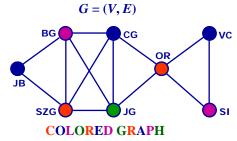
# Review of Activity #2 Is Graph Colouring fun? Did you really used different colours? How many colours was did you use (Q1)? What about the cycles (Q2): Q2(a): C<sub>6</sub> (a cycle of length 6)? Q2(b): C<sub>5</sub> (a cycle of length 5)? What else can you say? What about the graph in Q3? What about Q4? Why (The Tourist Problem) Page 21







# Get Solutions to Tourist Problem (3) $\square$ Coloured graph $\Rightarrow$ "Bus Schedule"



| Color | Day | Place      |
|-------|-----|------------|
| •     | 1   | SZG, OR    |
|       | 2   | JB, CG, VC |
|       | 3   | BG, SI     |
|       | 4   | JG         |
|       |     |            |

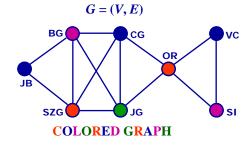
- 1. What about the list of tourists on each bus?
- 2. What if you only have 2 buses?
- 3. What if BG is closed on Day 3?
  - Can we re-order the colours?

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#### **Get Solutions to Tourist Problem (3)**

☐ Coloured graph ⇒ "Bus Schedule"

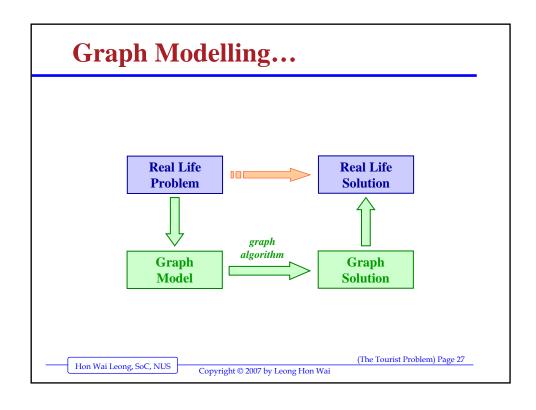


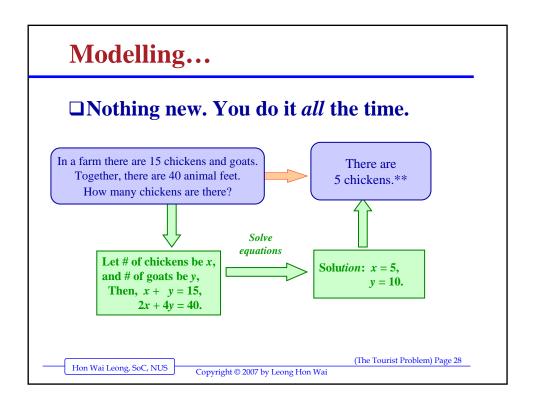
| Color | Day | Place      |
|-------|-----|------------|
|       | 1   | SZG, OR    |
|       | 2   | JB, CG, VC |
|       | 3   | BG, SI     |
|       | 4   | JG         |
|       |     |            |

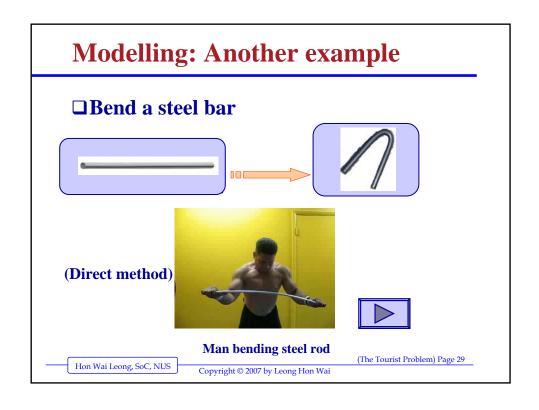
- 1. What about the list of tourists on each bus?
- 2. What if you only have 2 buses?
- 3. What if BG is closed on Day 3?
- 4. Can we use fewer colours (fewer days)?

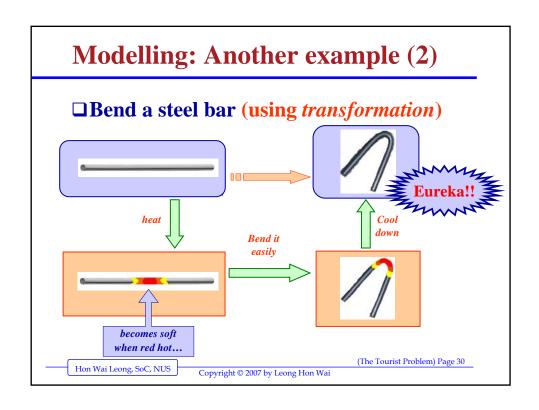
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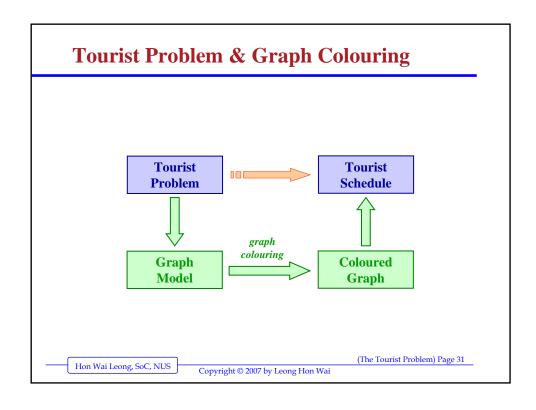
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# Modelling in Tourist Problem Recap: Our Graph modelling...

| Graph<br>Model       | Tourist<br>Problem                      |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Nodes                | places                                  |  |  |
| Edges /<br>Conflicts | tourist want<br>to visit both<br>places |  |  |
| Colors               | bus trips to places                     |  |  |
| Others               | The tourists                            |  |  |

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#### **Moral of the Story**

- **☐** The Tourist Problem:
  - **Some problems are EASY.** (don't complicate them)
  - Get a simple solution first.
    then analyze it, improve it, refine it.
  - Solution depend on the questions asked
  - **\*** It is important to ask questions.
  - **❖** Theoretical modeling and analysis are beneficial
- **□** Modeling
  - **Abstract modeling simplifies problem and solution!**
  - **\*** Abstract model is *transferable*.
  - **\*** Models don't answer everything.

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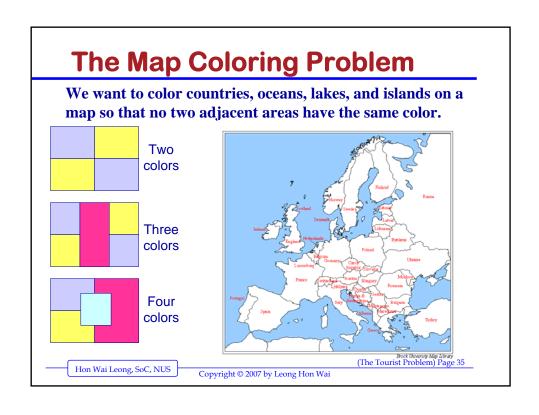
#### **Graph Colouring & Applications**

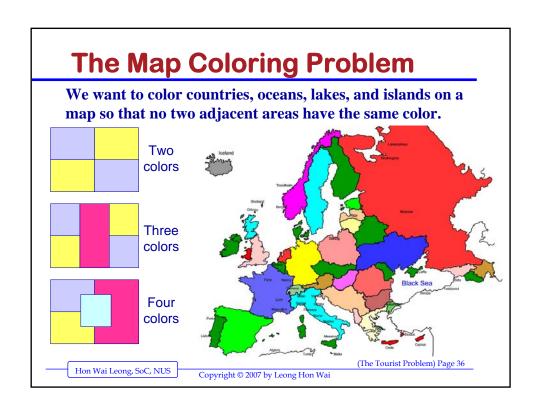
- ☐ Where *else* is Graph Colouring used?
  - **\*** The Tourist Problem [done]
  - **❖ Map Colouring**
  - Fish in a Tank
  - Frequency assignment in wireless networks
  - Time Table Scheduling
  - \* And a whole lot more...

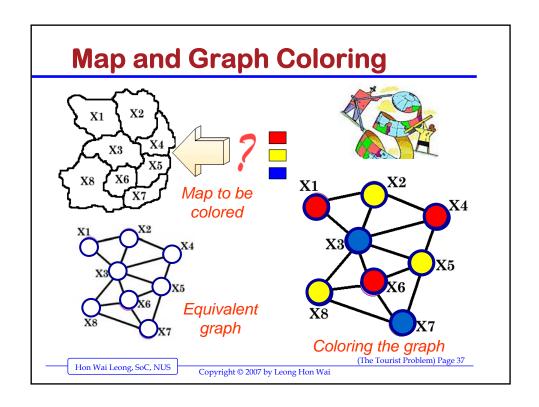
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#### **The Four Color Theorem**

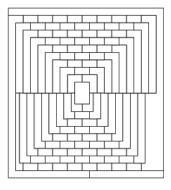
#### **Question:**

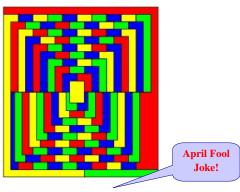
Can *all* map be coloured using only four colours?

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Martin Gardner published in Scientific American (*April* 1975) this map of 110 regions. He claimed that the map *requires five colors* and constitutes a counterexample to the four-color theorem.

However, the coloring of Wagon, obtained algorithmically using <u>Mathematica</u>, clearly shows that this map is, in fact, four-colorable.

Source: http://mathworld.wolfram.com/Four-ColorTheorem.html

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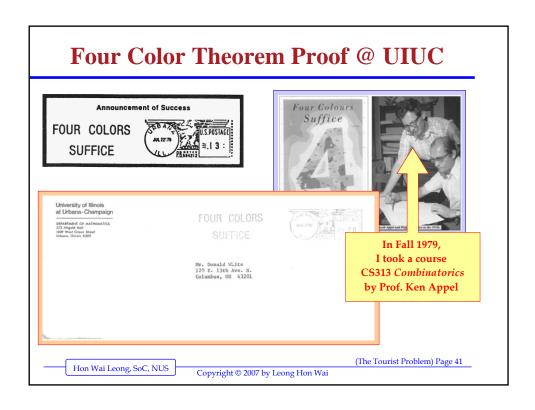
#### 150 years of history...

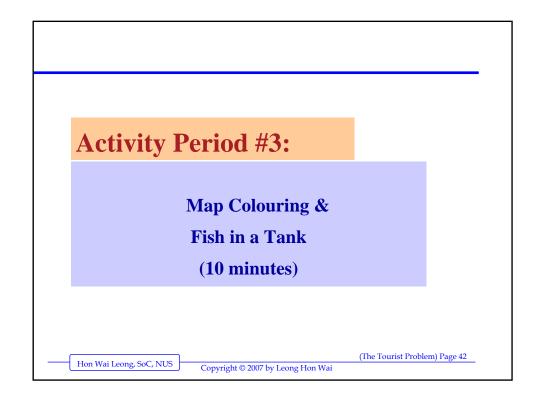
- **□** 1852 Conjecture (*Guthrie* → *DeMorgan*)
- ☐ 1878 Publication (Cayley)
- □ 1879 First proof (*Kempe*)
- □ 1880 Second proof (*Tait*)
- ☐ 1890 Rebuttal (*Heawood*)
- □ 1891 Second rebuttal (*Petersen*)
- □ 1913 Reducibility, connexity (*Birkhoff*)
- ☐ 1922 Up to 25 regions (Franklin)
- □ 1969 Discharging (*Heesch*)
- □ 1976 Four Color Thm (Appel & Haken) @UIUC
- □ 1995 Streamlining (Robertson & al.)
- □ 2005 COQ proof (Gonthier)



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#### **Review of Hands-on Activity #3**

- ☐ How many colours did the map need?
  - **❖** You should never need more than 4 colours
- ☐ Did you know about the "Four-Colour Theorem"?
- ☐ How many fish tanks did you need?

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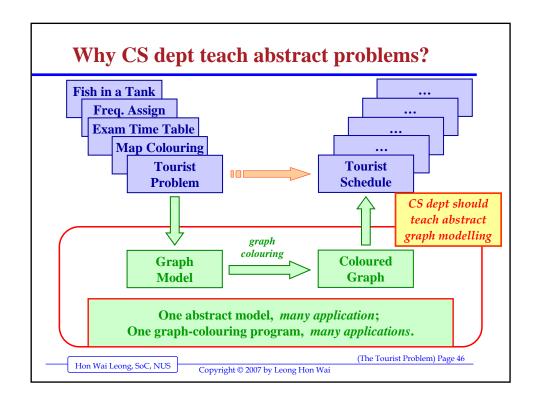
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#### **Summary of Problem Modelling**

|                      | Tourist<br>Problem                      | Fish in a<br>tank                   | Frequency<br>Assignment               | Map<br>Coloring             |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Nodes                | places                                  | fishes                              | radio stations                        | Countries                   |
| Edges /<br>Conflicts | tourist want<br>to visit both<br>places | cannot be<br>placed in<br>same tank | interference<br>if placed<br>too near | share a<br>common<br>border |
| Colors               | bus trips to places                     | fish tanks                          | signal<br>frequencies                 | color                       |
| Others               | The tourists                            |                                     |                                       |                             |

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#### References...

#### **On Graph Coloring and Applications:**

- 1. <a href="http://www.geom.uiuc.edu/~zarembe/graph3.html">http://www.geom.uiuc.edu/~zarembe/graph3.html</a>
- ${\color{blue} 2. \quad \underline{http://www.colorado.edu/education/DMP/activities/graph/ddghnd03.html}}$
- 3. Lots of other links available

#### On the Four Color Theorem:

- 1. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Four\_color\_theorem
- 2. <a href="http://www.maa.org/reviews/fourcolors.html">http://www.maa.org/reviews/fourcolors.html</a>
- ${\it 3.} \quad http://www.math.gatech.edu/{\it \sim} thomas/FC/fourcolor.html$
- 4. http://www.mathpages.com/home/kmath266/kmath266.htm

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# End of Talk on Tourist Problem!

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