

# Animation of Algorithm

## Goal:

To understand an algorithm by animating its execution, step-by-step.

## Algorithm: Array-Sum (find sum of n numbers)

### Observe carefully:

- sequential instruction
- conditional statements,
- repetitive statements,

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

Let's *animate* the execution of this algorithm on the input:

### Input to Algo. Array-Sum:

$$n = 6$$

$$\text{Array } A = [2, 5, 10, 3, 12, 24]$$

## Algorithm Array-Sum

→ **Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );**

**begin**

**Sum\_SF**  $\leftarrow 0$ ;

**k**  $\leftarrow 1$ ;

**while** ( $k \leq n$ ) **do**

**Sum\_SF**  $\leftarrow$  **Sum\_SF** +  $A[k]$ ;

**k**  $\leftarrow k + 1$ ;

**endwhile**

**Sum**  $\leftarrow$  **Sum\_SF**;

**Print** "Sum is", **Sum**;

**end**;

## *Model of Computer: Initial State*

$A[1]$     2                          $n$     6

$A[2]$     5                          $k$     ?

$A[3]$     10

$A[4]$     3

$A[5]$     12

$A[6]$     24

**CPU**

**Sum\_SF**    ?

**Sum**    ?

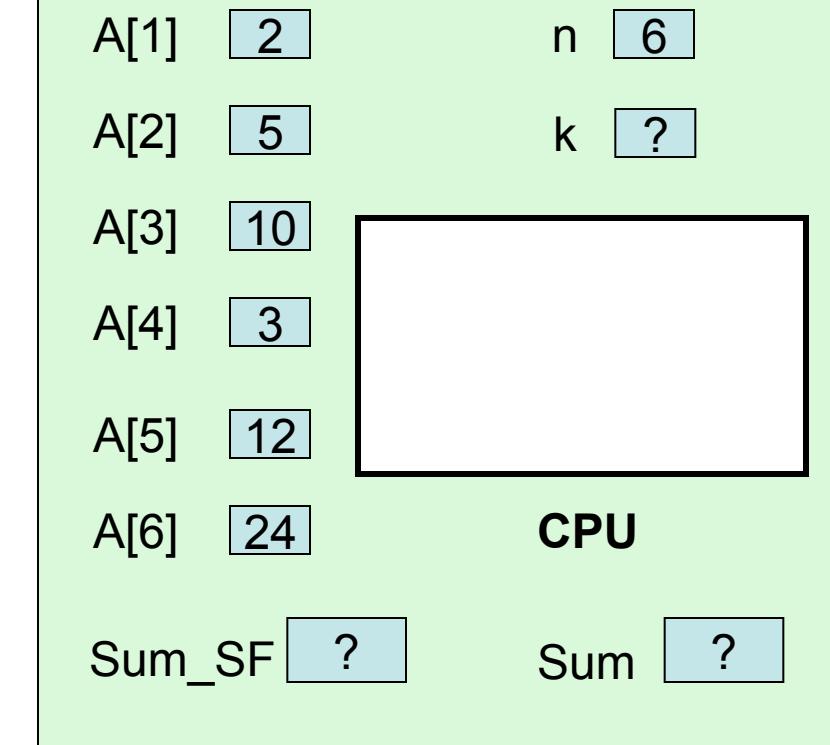


We assume that the values of  $n$  and the array  $A[1..6]$  has been read into the computer.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

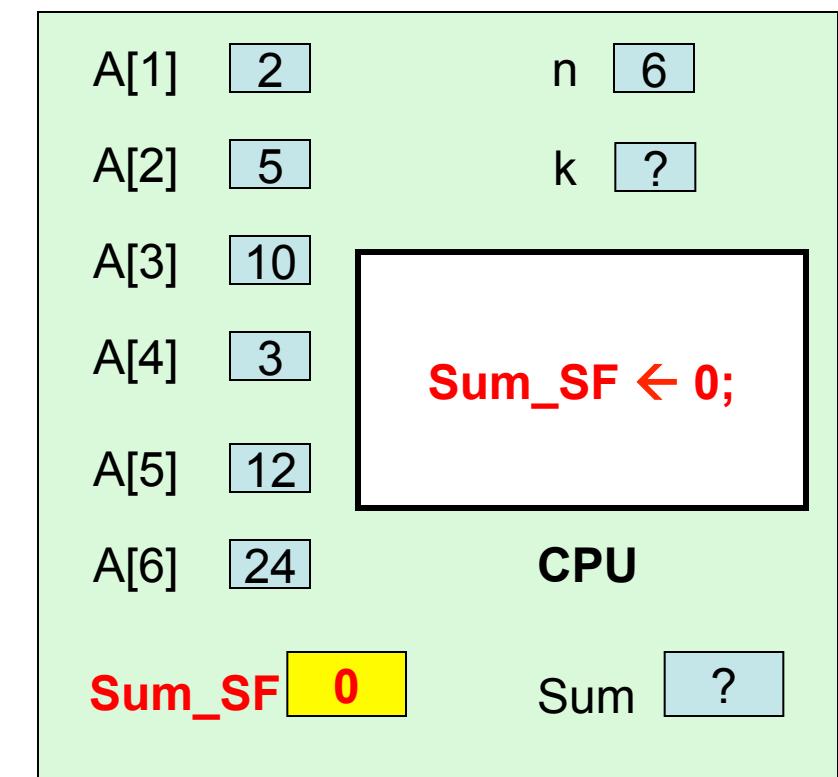
*Start of execution...*



## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*executing...*

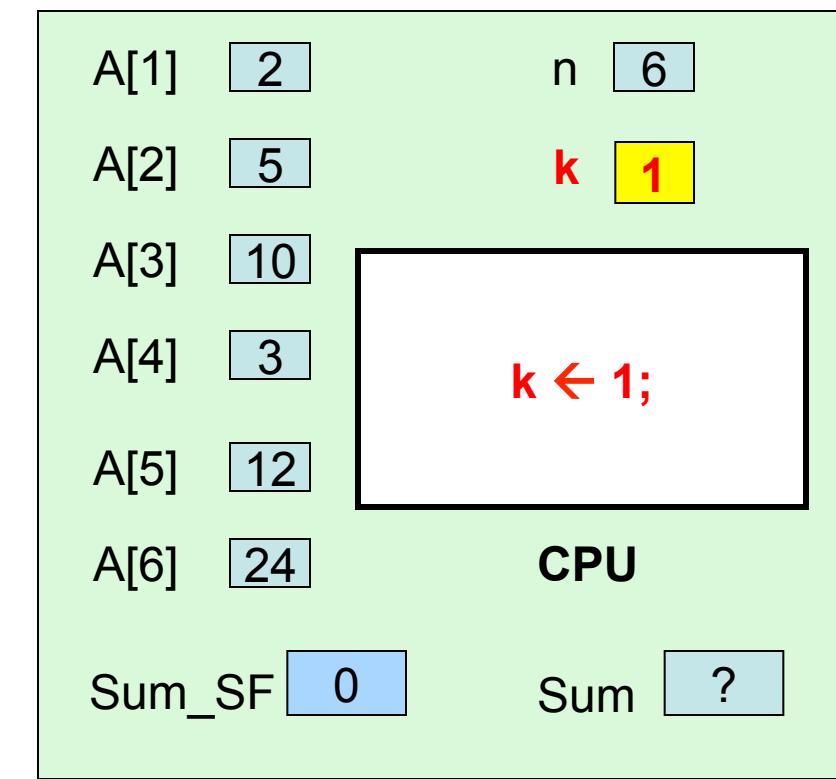


Assignment statement;  
The value of 0 is stored in the  
storage box called Sum\_sf.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*executing...*

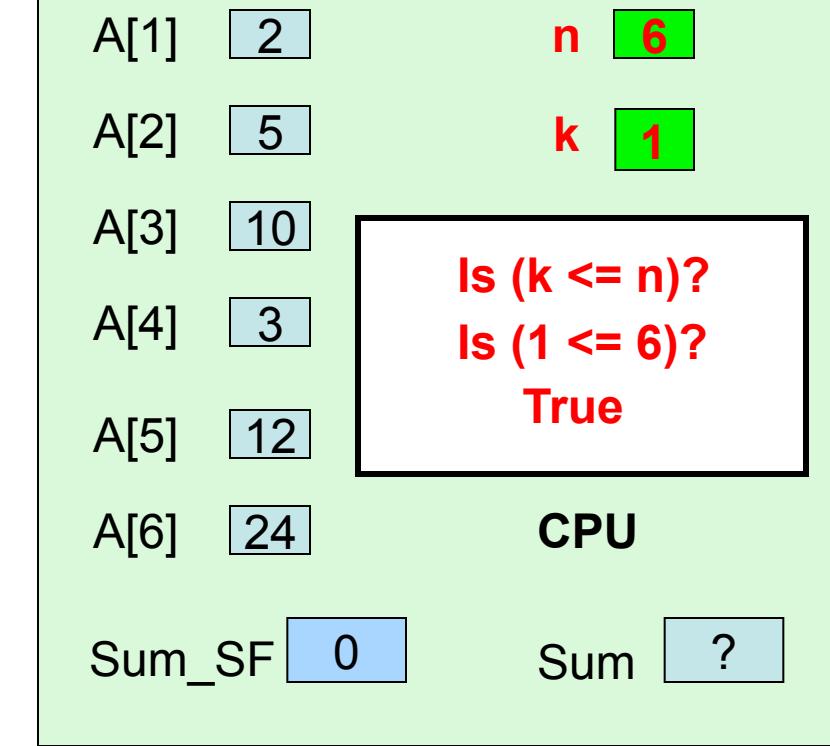


Assignment statement;  
The value of 1 is stored in the storage box called *k*.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print "Sum is", Sum;  
end;
```

*executing beginning of loop*

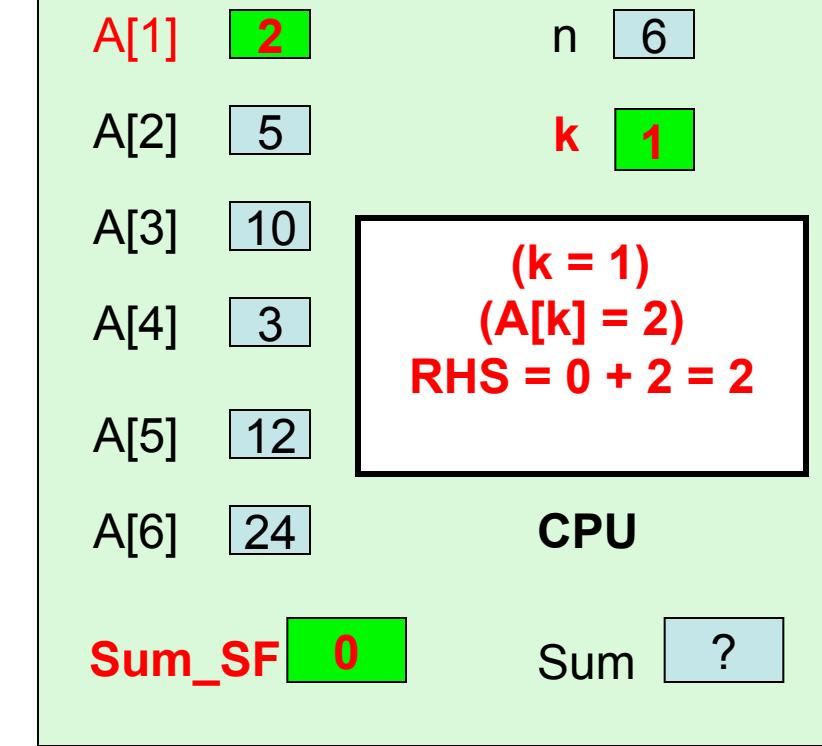


Conditional:  $(k \leq n)$   
Reads value of  $k$  and  $n$ ;  
Check outcome of  $(k \leq n)$ ,  
Condition is True, execute loop;  
Value of  $k$ ,  $n$  are unchanged.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print "Sum is", Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

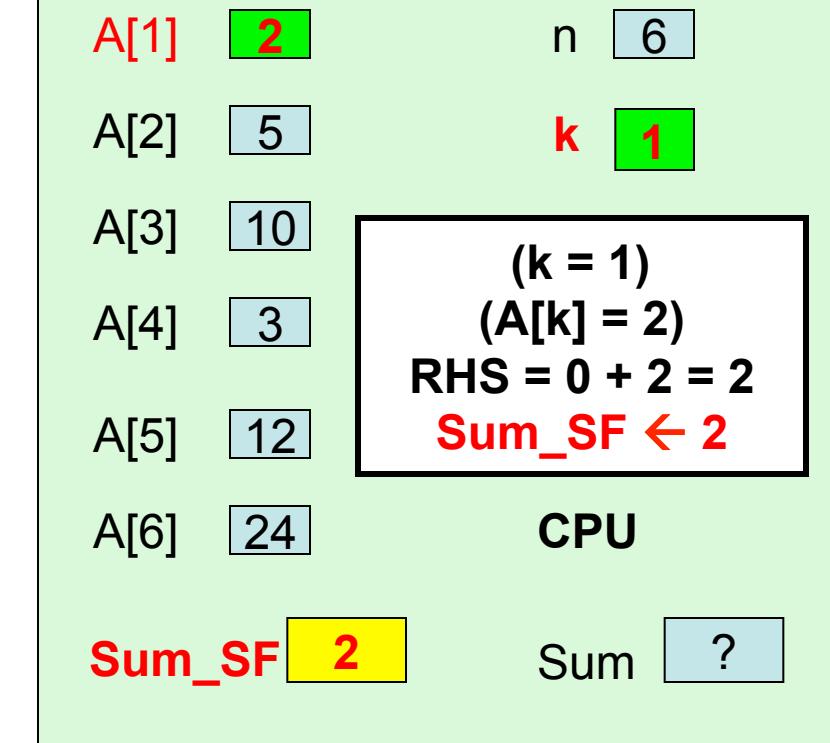


Calculate value of expression  
on the right-hand-side;  
Note: In  $A[k]$ ,  $k$  is used as an  
index (subscript) to the array  $A$

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*



Calculate value of expression  
on the right-hand-side;  
Assign result to variable on left;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	2
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 2      Sum ?

This increments value of k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*End of body of loop, loop back...*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	2
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 2      Sum ?



Reached end of the loop body.  
*Must loop back and  
re-test the loop condition.  
(We will skip this in future loops)*

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	2
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	
Sum_SF	2	Sum	?

Is (*k* <= *n*)?  
Is (2 <= 6)?  
True

Sum\_SF      2      Sum      ?

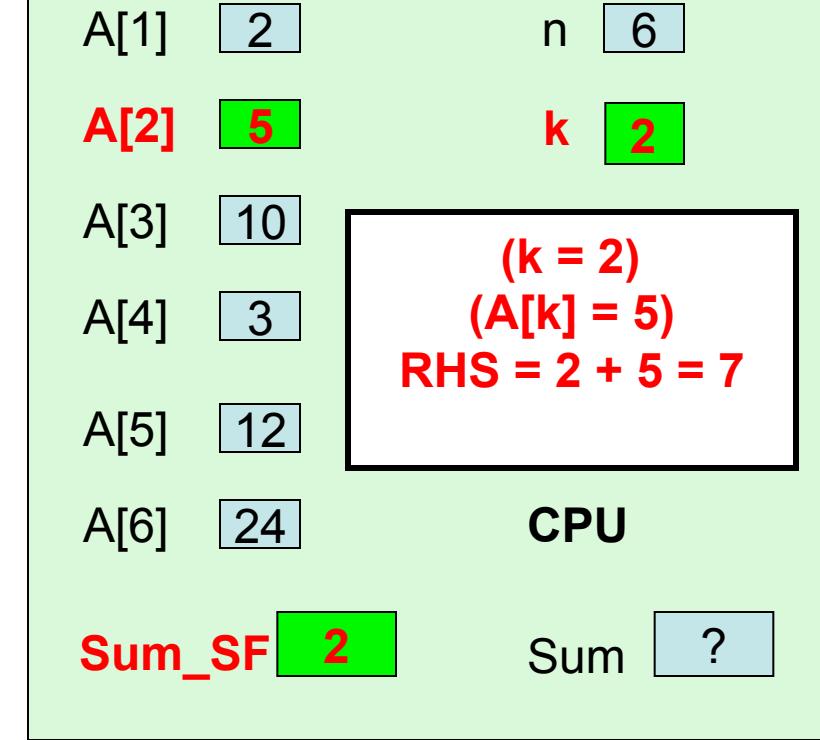


Testing the loop condition again with new value of *k*.  
(This is call a pre-test loop, where testing is done before entering the loop.)

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

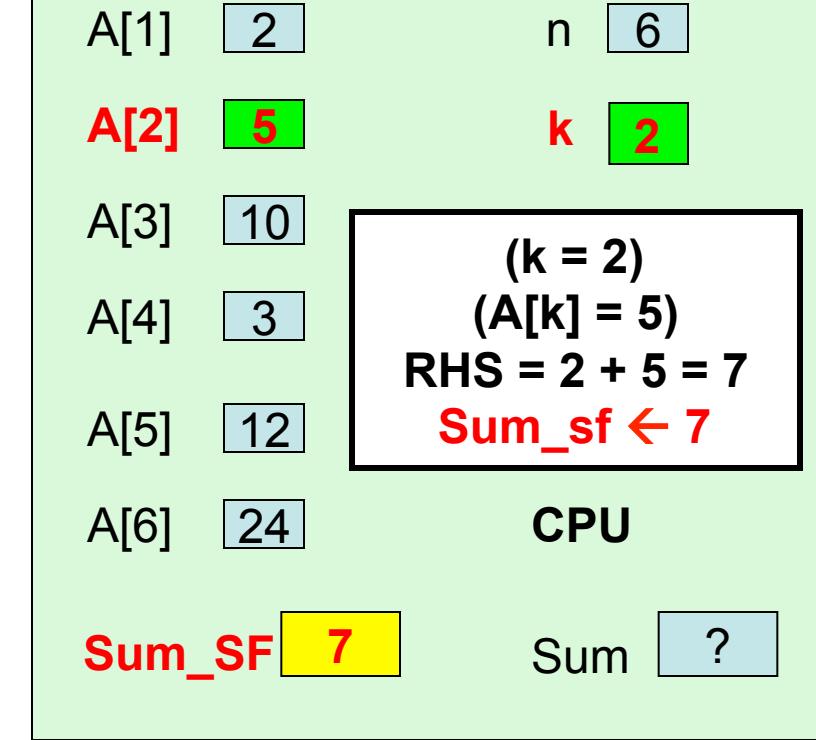


Notice that *A*[*k*] now gets the second number in the list;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*



Notice that *A*[*k*] now gets the second number in the list;  
This number (5) is added to  
*Sum\_SF*

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	3
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 7      Sum ?

k ← k + 1;  
k ← 2 + 1;

CPU



This increments value of k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	3
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	
Sum_SF	7	Sum	?

Is  $(3 \leq 6)$ ?  
True

Testing the loop condition again  
with new value of *k*.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print "Sum is", Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

$A[1]$	2	$n$	6
$A[2]$	5	$k$	3
$A[3]$	10	$(k = 3)$ $(A[k] = 10)$ $Rhs = 7 + 10$ $Sum\_SF \leftarrow 17$	
$A[4]$	3		
$A[5]$	12		
$A[6]$	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF **17**      Sum **?**

Now  $A[k]$  gets the third element  
Add  $A[3]$  to Sum\_sf;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	4
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 17      Sum ?

increment k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	4
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 17      Sum ?

Is (4 <= 6)?  
True

CPU

Testing the while loop condition  
again with new value of *k*.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	4
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3	(k = 4)	(A[k] = 3)
A[5]	12	Rhs = 17 + 3	
A[6]	24	Sum_SF ← 20	CPU

Sum\_SF **20**      Sum **?**

Add A[4] to Sum\_SF;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	5
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 20      Sum ?

increment k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

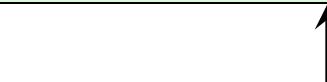
*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	5
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 20      Sum ?

Is (5 <= 6)?  
True

CPU



Testing the while loop condition  
again with new value of *k*.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	5
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12	(k = 5) (A[k] = 12) Rhs = 20 + 12 Sum_SF ← 32	
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF **32**      Sum **?**

Add A[5] to Sum\_SF;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	6
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 32      Sum ?

increment k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	6
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 32      Sum ?

Is (6 <= 6)?  
True



Testing the while loop condition  
again with new value of *k*.

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print "Sum is", Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

$A[1]$	2	$n$	6
$A[2]$	5	$k$	6
$A[3]$	10	$(k = 6)$ $(A[k] = 24)$ $Rhs = 32 + 24$ $Sum\_SF \leftarrow 56$	
$A[4]$	3		
$A[5]$	12		
$A[6]$	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF **56**      Sum **?**

Add  $A[6]$  to Sum\_SF;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*inside body of loop*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	7
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum\_SF 56      Sum ?

increment k;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Test loop condition again...*

A[1]	2	<i>n</i>	6
A[2]	5	<i>k</i>	7
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24		

Is  $(7 \leq 6)$ ?  
False

CPU

Sum\_SF 56      Sum ?



The loop condition fails (is false);  
Skip the body of loop.  
Go to *the statement after*  
*the while loop*;

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Jump out of loop, to next stmt...*

A[1]	2	n	6
A[2]	5	k	7
A[3]	10		
A[4]	3		
A[5]	12		
A[6]	24	CPU	

Sum ← Sum\_SF

Sum\_SF 56      Sum 56

Copy value of Sum\_SF to Sum

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
end;
```

*Print statement...*

A[1] 2                      n 6

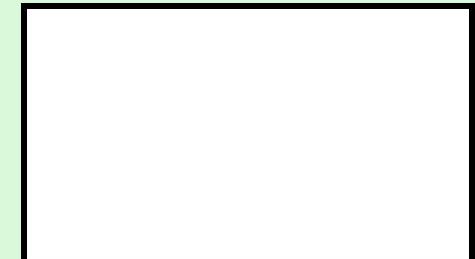
A[2] 5                      k 7

A[3] 10

A[4] 3

A[5] 12

A[6] 24



CPU

Sum\_SF 56

Sum 56

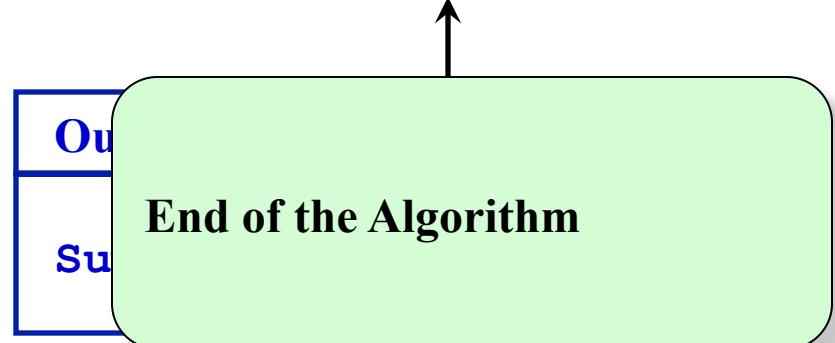
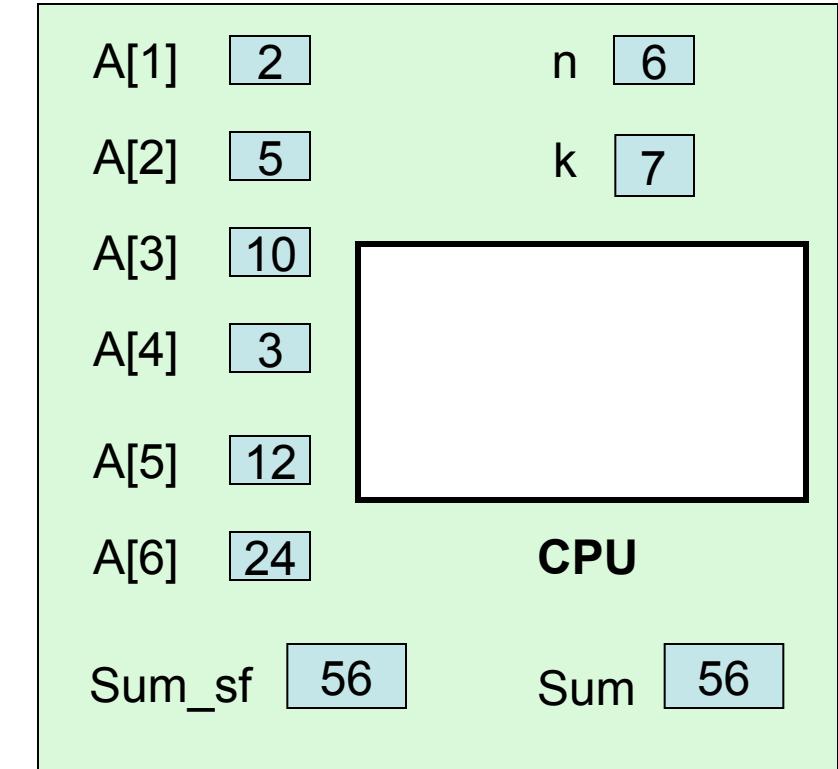
Output of Algorithm Sum:

Sum is 56

## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum(A, n);  
begin  
    Sum_SF ← 0;  
    k ← 1;  
    while (k <= n) do  
        Sum_SF ← Sum_SF + A[k];  
        k ← k + 1;  
    endwhile  
    Sum ← Sum_SF;  
    Print “Sum is”, Sum;  
  
    → end;
```

*End of Algorithm...*



## Algorithm Array-Sum

```
Array-Sum( $A$ ,  $n$ );  
begin  
    Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  0;  
     $k \leftarrow 1$ ;  
    while ( $k \leq n$ ) do  
        Sum_SF  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF +  $A[k]$ ;  
         $k \leftarrow k + 1$ ;  
    endwhile  
    Sum  $\leftarrow$  Sum_SF;  
    Print "Sum is", Sum;  
end;
```

**Your Homework:**  
On your own, execute  
algorithm Sum on this input.

### Input to Algorithm Sum:

$$n = 4$$

$$\text{Array } A = [4, 7, 3, 9, 2, 20, 10]$$

# Summary

## Review:

- A. Did you understand the following concepts:
  1. variables (storage boxes)
  2. arrays (a collection of contiguous variables)
  3. array index or subscript
  
- B. Can you follow the execution of
  - sequential instruction,
  - the loop pre-test,
  - repetitive statements?

# Self Assessment

## Self Test 1: (based on the example)

1. How many times was the loop executed?
2. How many times was the pre-loop test executed?
3. What is the value of  $k$  at the end of the algorithm?

## Self Test 2: (for a general value of $n$ )

1. How many times was the loop executed?
2. How many times was the pre-loop test executed?
3. What is the value of  $k$  at the end of the algorithm?

## Self Test 3: (Modifying the algorithm *slightly* to ...)

1. compute the average of the  $n$  numbers in array  $A$ .
2. the “sum-of-squares” of the  $n$  numbers.