



Lecture 6

18 September 2018

Admin Matters

Common C Mistakes

Unit 13: **Call Stack**

Unit 14: **Pointer**

Unit 15: **Array**

Unit 16: **String**

Midterm

Venue: MPSH 1 (B)

2 October

4pm - 6pm

Midterm

Open Book
Lecture 1 to 5

Tutorial 5

Problem Sets from
Units Today

Assignment 1

being graded

Assignment 1

solutions & general
comments to be made
available tomorrow

Assignment 2

Due this Friday 6pm

Assignment 3

Release this Friday
(to be graded on
correctness and style)

Assignment 3

Everything
up to
arrays

Assignment 3

Due 5 October 2018

Practical Exam 1

Midterm

Information posted
online

**Previously on
CS1010..**

Unit 5:

We will use long and
double only for
CS1010

**Using int will cause
your program to fail
on large inputs.**

**What's the advantage
of int over long?**

(besides memory usage)

**Using float will
cause your program
to loose precision.**

**What's the advantage
of float over
double?**

(besides memory usage)

**Please follow
instructions given in
the assignment.**

e.g.,
not writing function
`area_of_rectangle`

e.g.,
not solving digits
recursively

```
long square(long x)
{
    return x*x;
}
```

```
double hypotenuse_of(long base, long height)
{
    return sqrt(square(base) + square(height));
}
```

```
double hypotenuse;
```

not
a function

```
int main()
{
    hypotenuse = hypotenuse_of(base, height);
}
```

“This is a very very
bad programming
habit. So, don’t do
this”

**There are still
students who do this**



Strict policy on plagiarism

Disciplinary action will be taken :(

**There are still
students who do this**



```

bool morning_peak_hour(long hours, long minutes){
    if((hours >= 6 && hours <= 8 )|| (hours == 9 && minutes >= 0 && minutes <= 29)){
        return true;
    }
    else{
        return false;
    }
}
//function to test if boarding time falls under evening peak hour
bool evening_peak_hour(long hours, long minutes){
    if((hours >= 18 && hours <= 23) && (minutes >= 0 && minutes <= 59)){
        return true;
    }
    else{
        return false;
    }
}
//function to test if boarding time falls under midnight peak hour
bool midnight_peak_hour(long hours, long minutes){
    if((hours >= 0 && hours <= 5) && (minutes >= 0 && minutes <= 59)){
        return true;
    }
    else{
        return false;
    }
}
//function to test if it is a weekday
bool weekday(long days){
    if(days >= 1 && days <= 5){
        return true;
    }
    else{
        return false;
    }
}
//function to calculate surcharge
double surcharge(long days, long hours, long minutes){
    double surcharge = 0.0;
    if(weekday(days) == true && morning_peak_hour(hours, minutes) == true){
        surcharge = 0.25;
    }
    else if(evening_peak_hour(hours, minutes) == true){
        surcharge = 0.25;
    }
    else if(midnight_peak_hour(hours, minutes) == true){
        surcharge = 0.50;
    }
    return surcharge;
}
//function to calculate basic fare
double basic_fare(distance){
    long distance1;
    long distance2;
    double charge = 0.0;

    if(distance > 0 && distance <= 1000){
        charge = 3.40;
    }
    else if(distance > 1000 && distance <= 10200){
        distance1 = distance - 1000;
        if(distance1 % 400!= 0){
            charge = 3.40 + ((distance1)/400)*0.22 + 0.22;
        }
        else{
    
```

```

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        }
    }
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        else{
    
```

Call Stack

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
long x = 1;
```

```
long y;
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

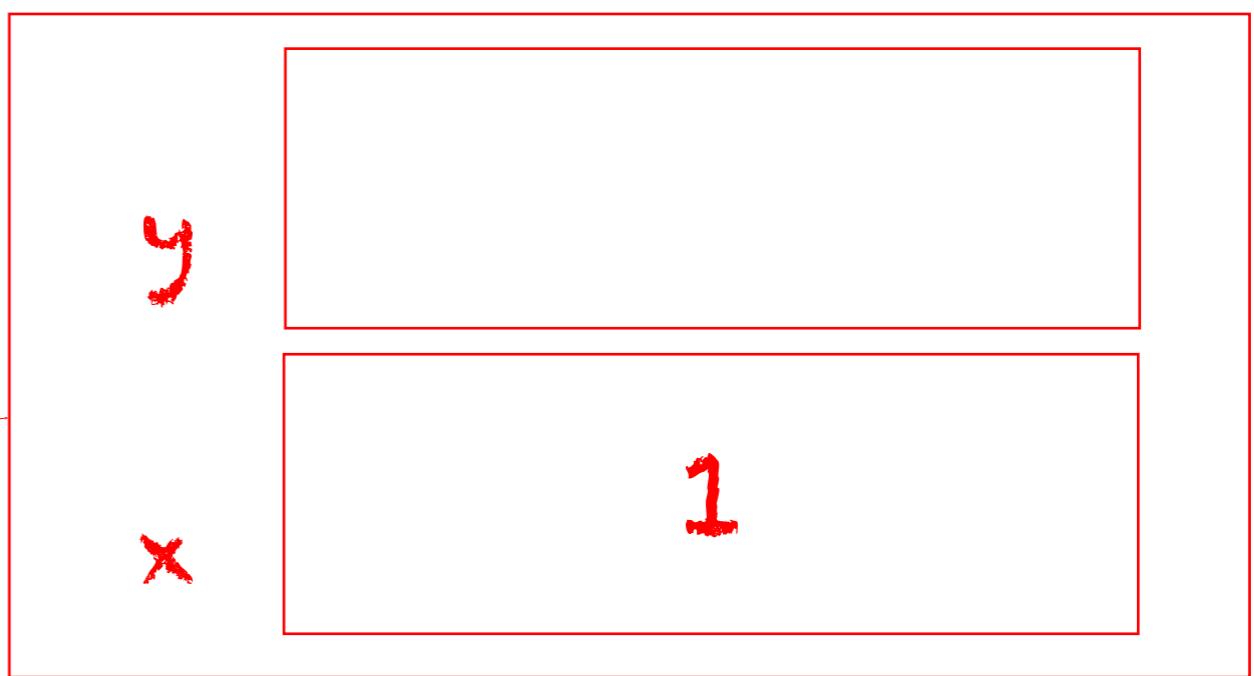
```
    long x = 1;
```

```
    long y;
```

```
}
```

stack
frame

Call Stack

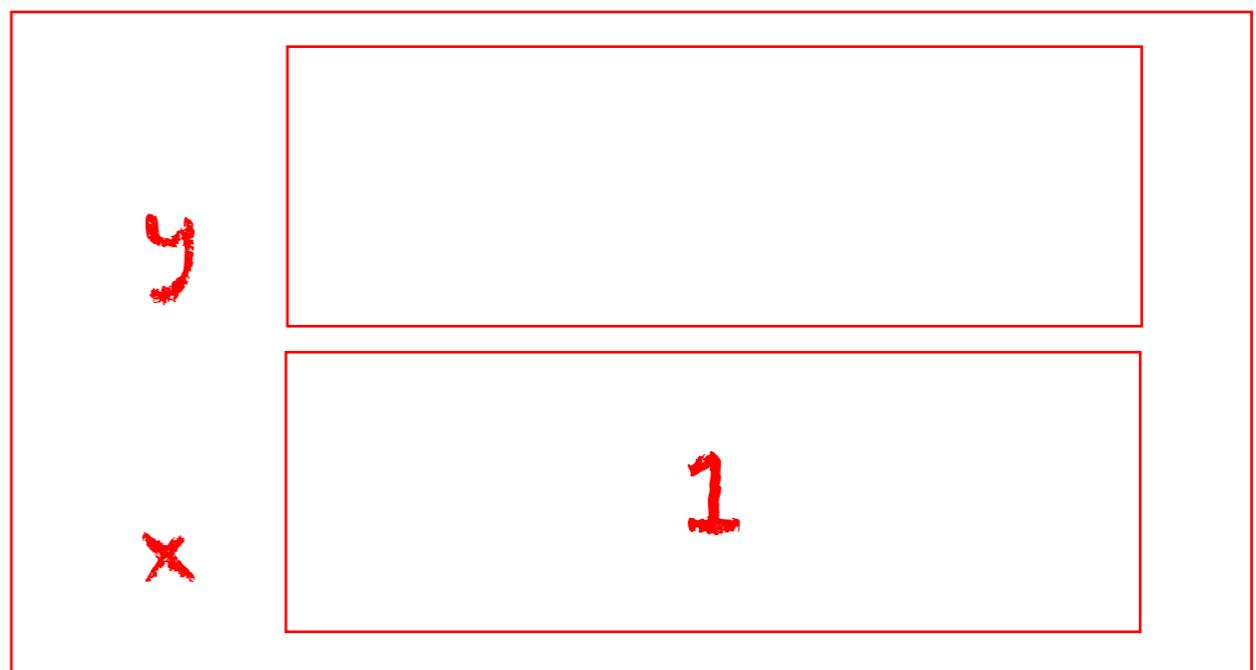
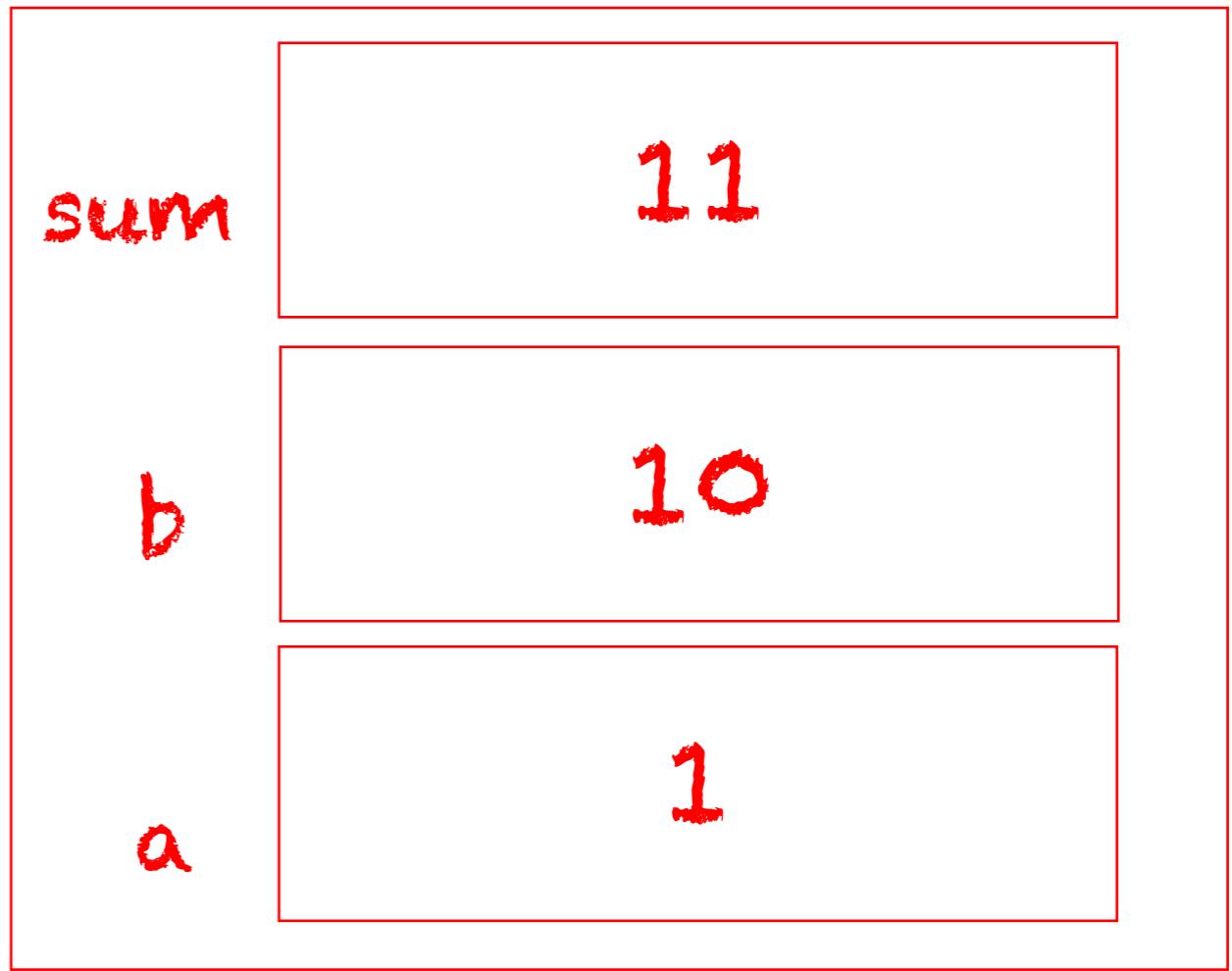


```
long add(long a, long b)
{
    long sum;
    sum = a + b;
    return sum;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long x = 1;
    long y;
    y = add(x, 10);
}
```

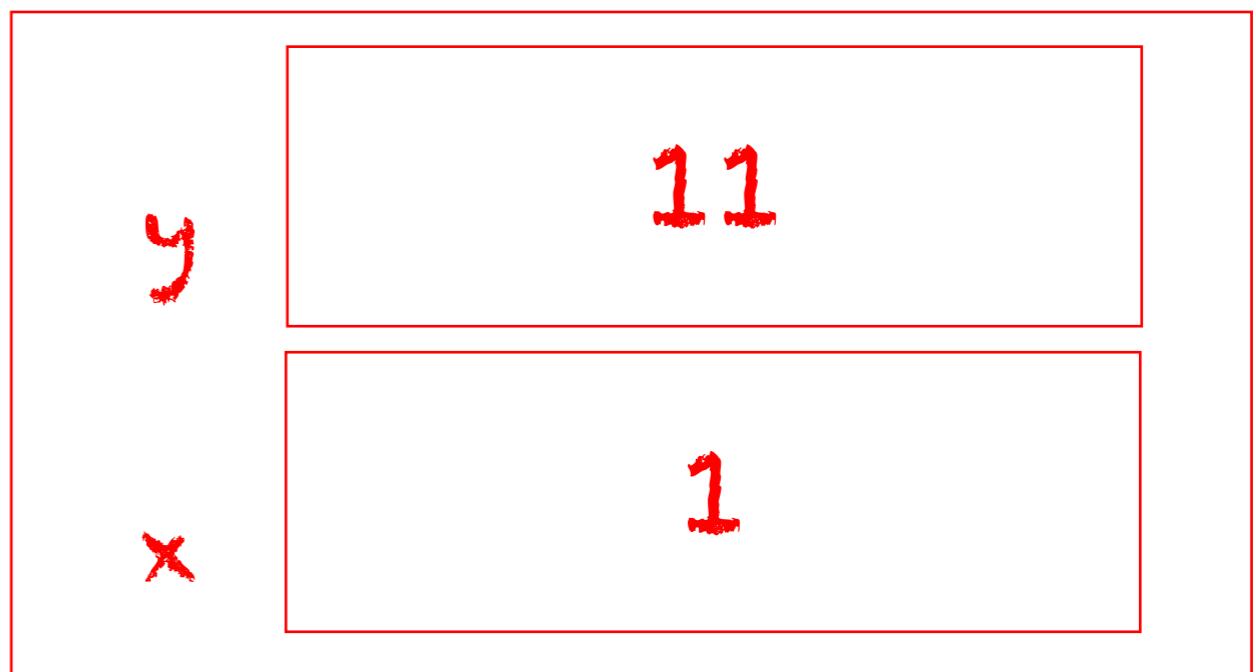
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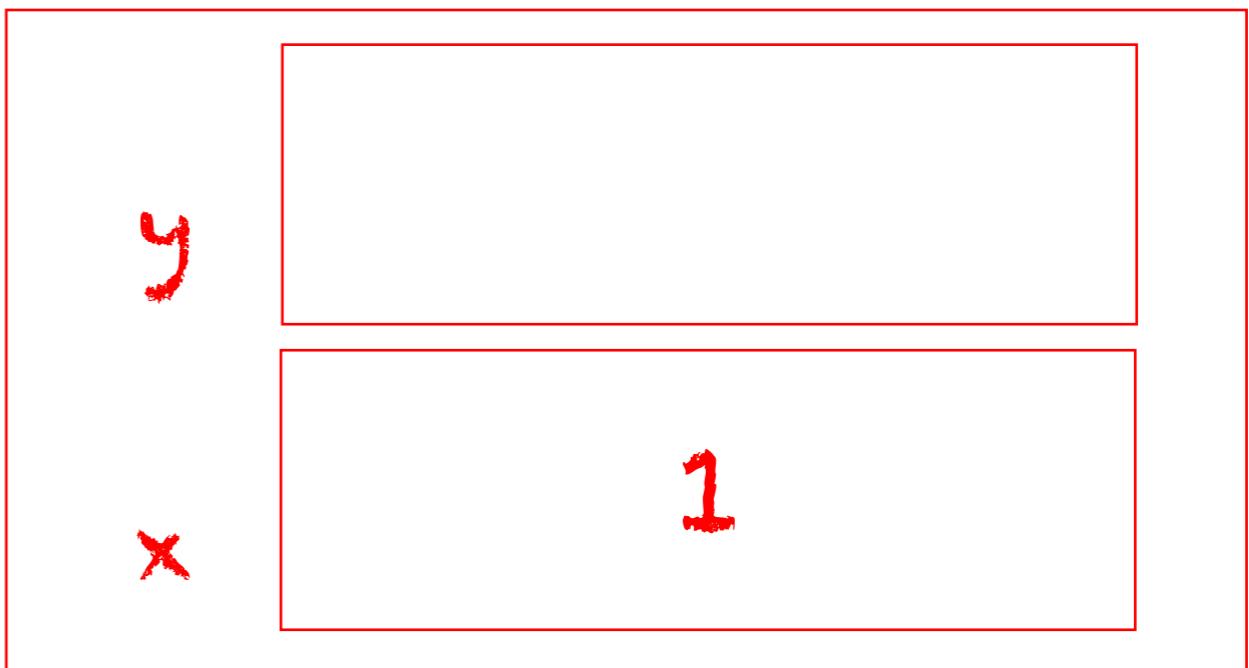
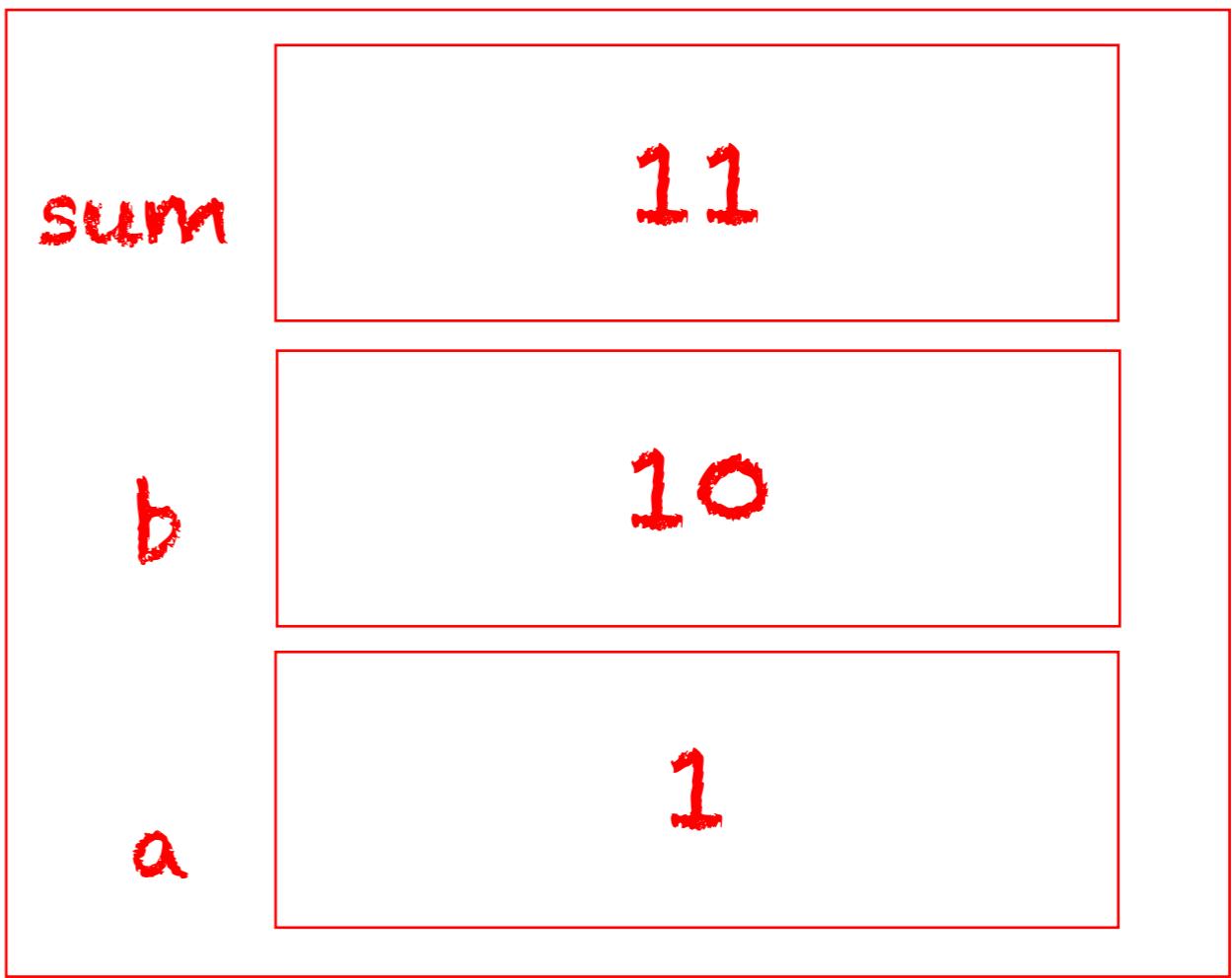


```
long add(long a, long b)
{
    long sum;
    sum = a + b;
    a = 42;
    return sum;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long x = 1;
    long y;
    y = add(x, 10);
}
```

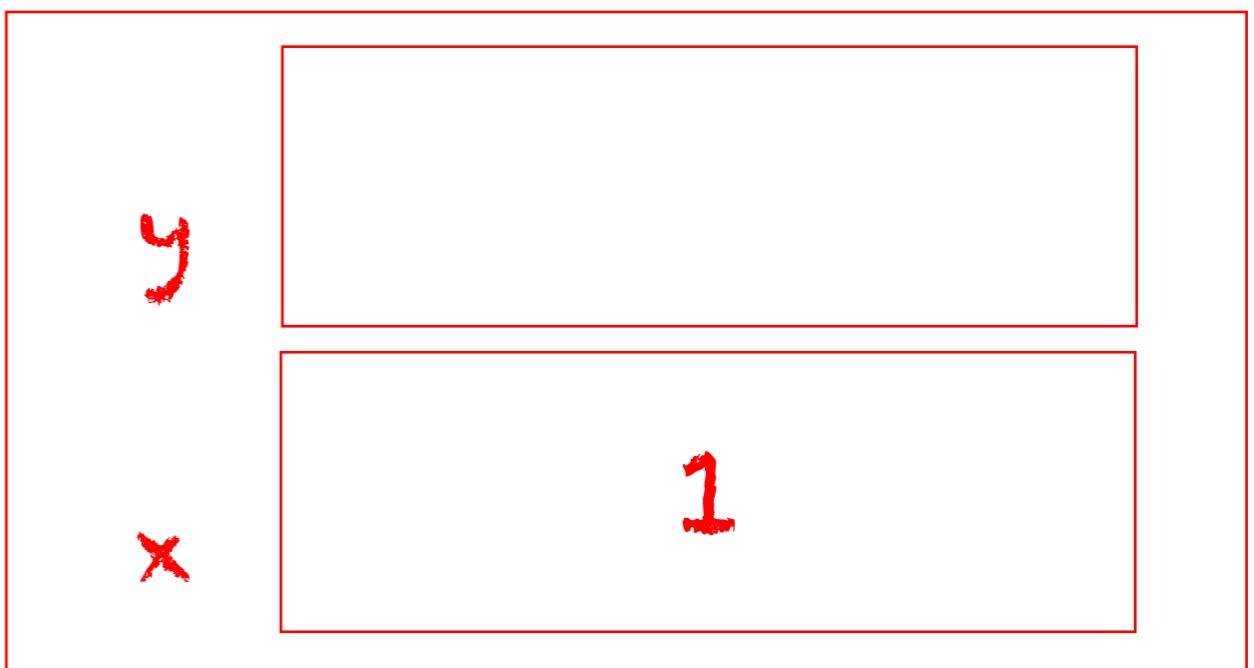
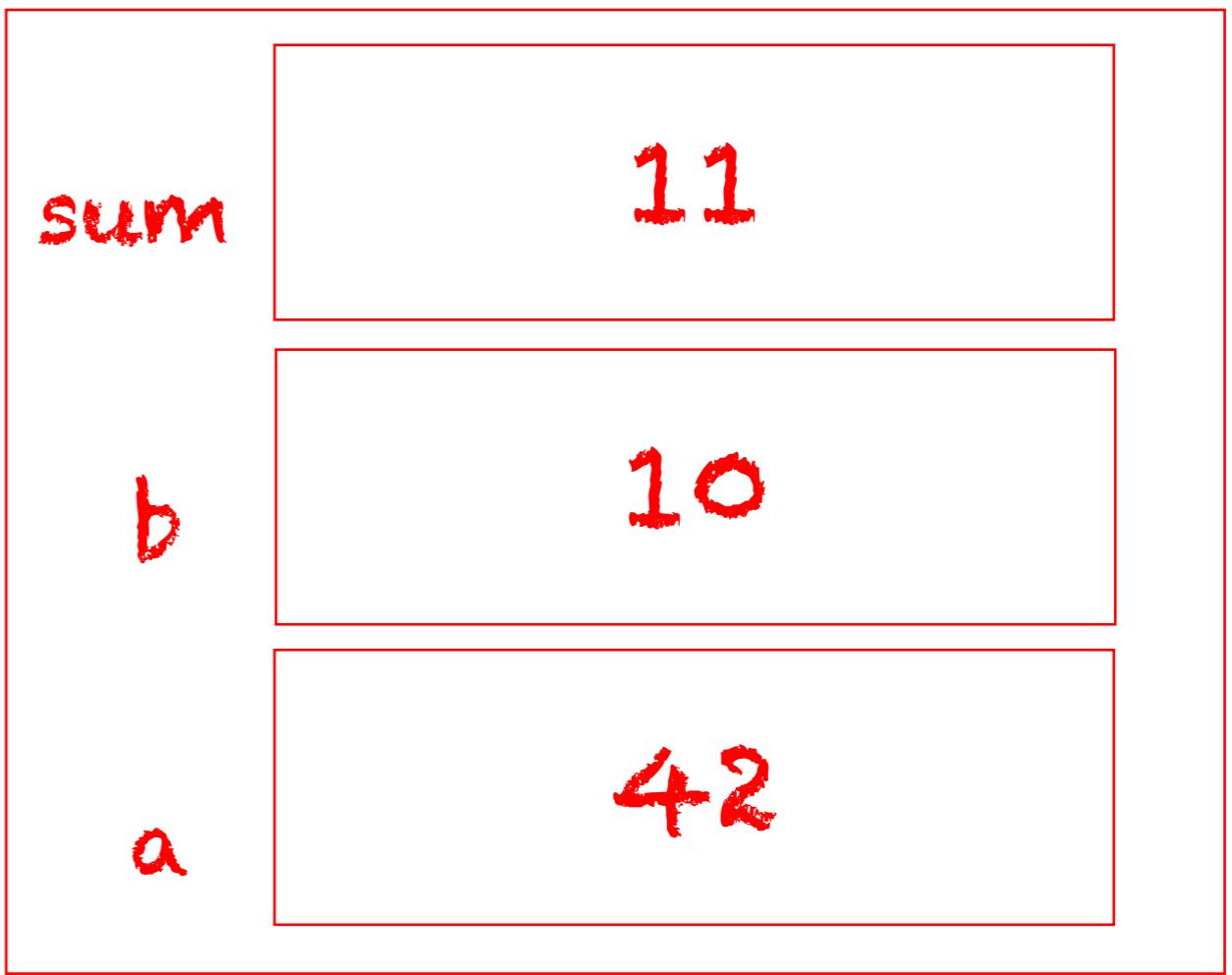
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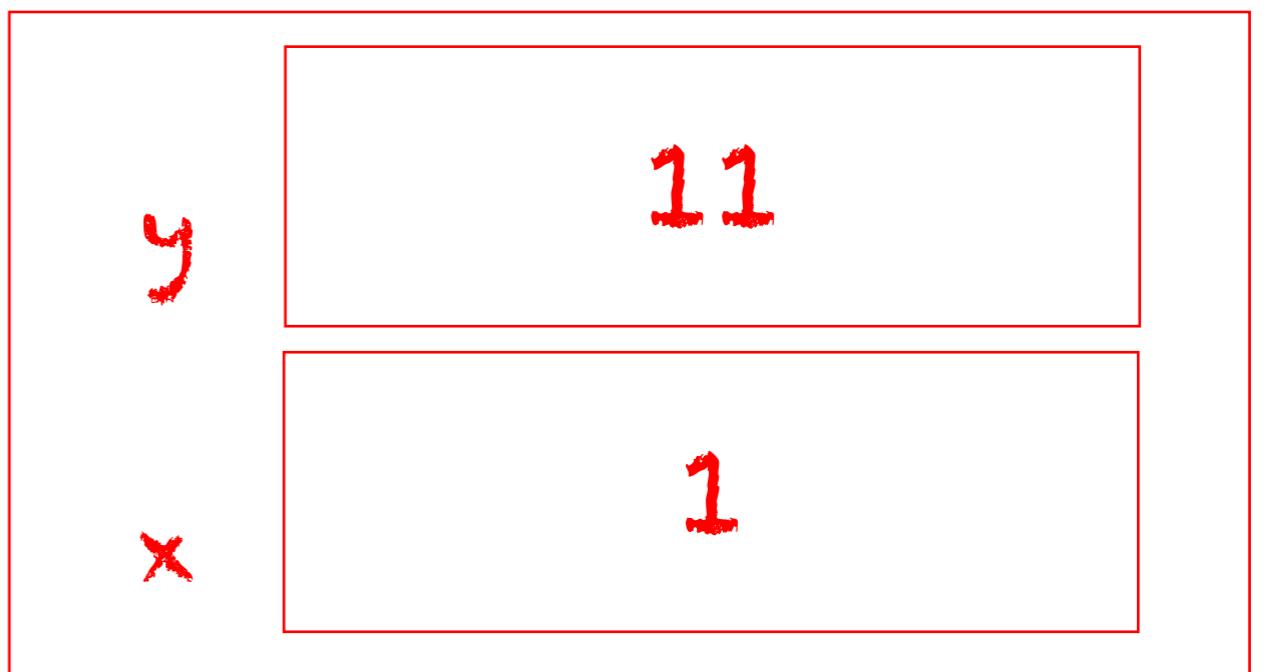
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    long x = 1;
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    long y;
    y = add(x, 10);
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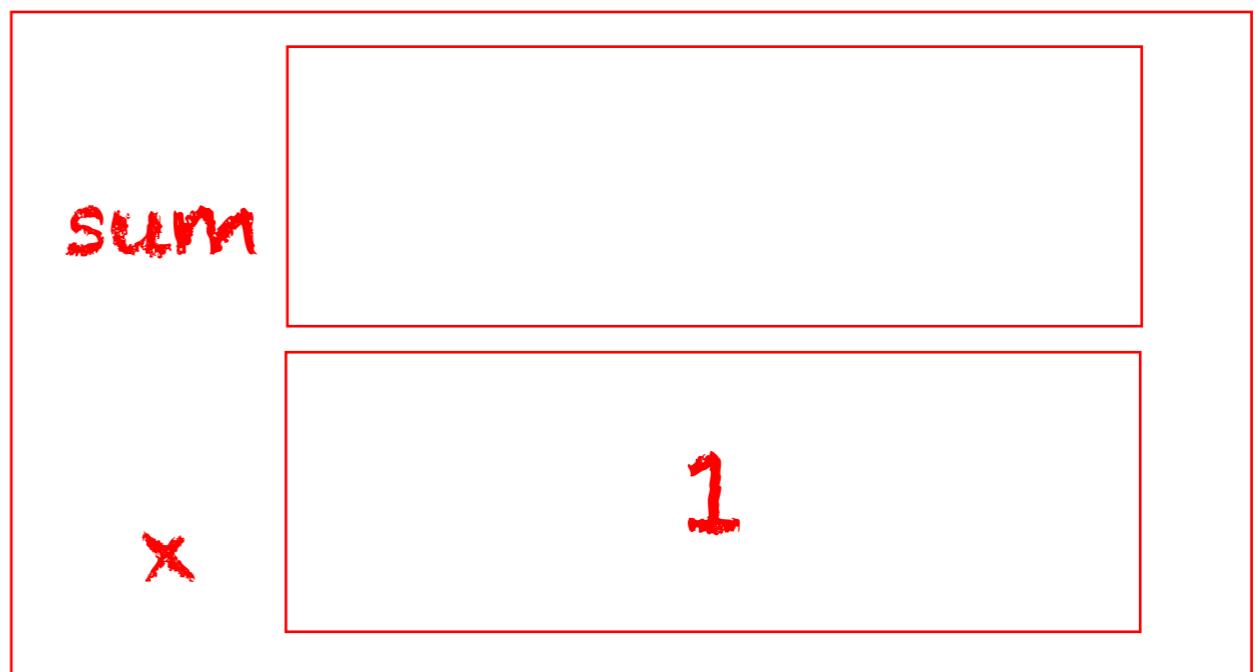


```
void add(long sum, long a, long b)
{
    sum = a + b;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long x = 1;
    long sum;
    add(sum, x, 10);
}
```

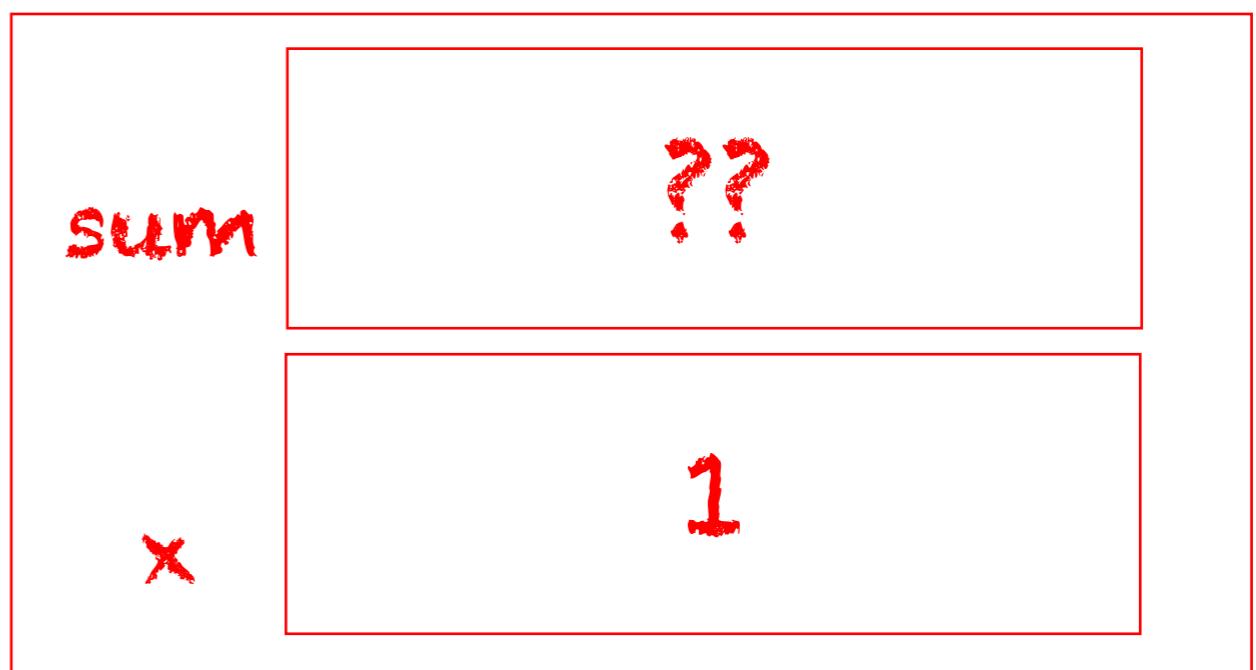
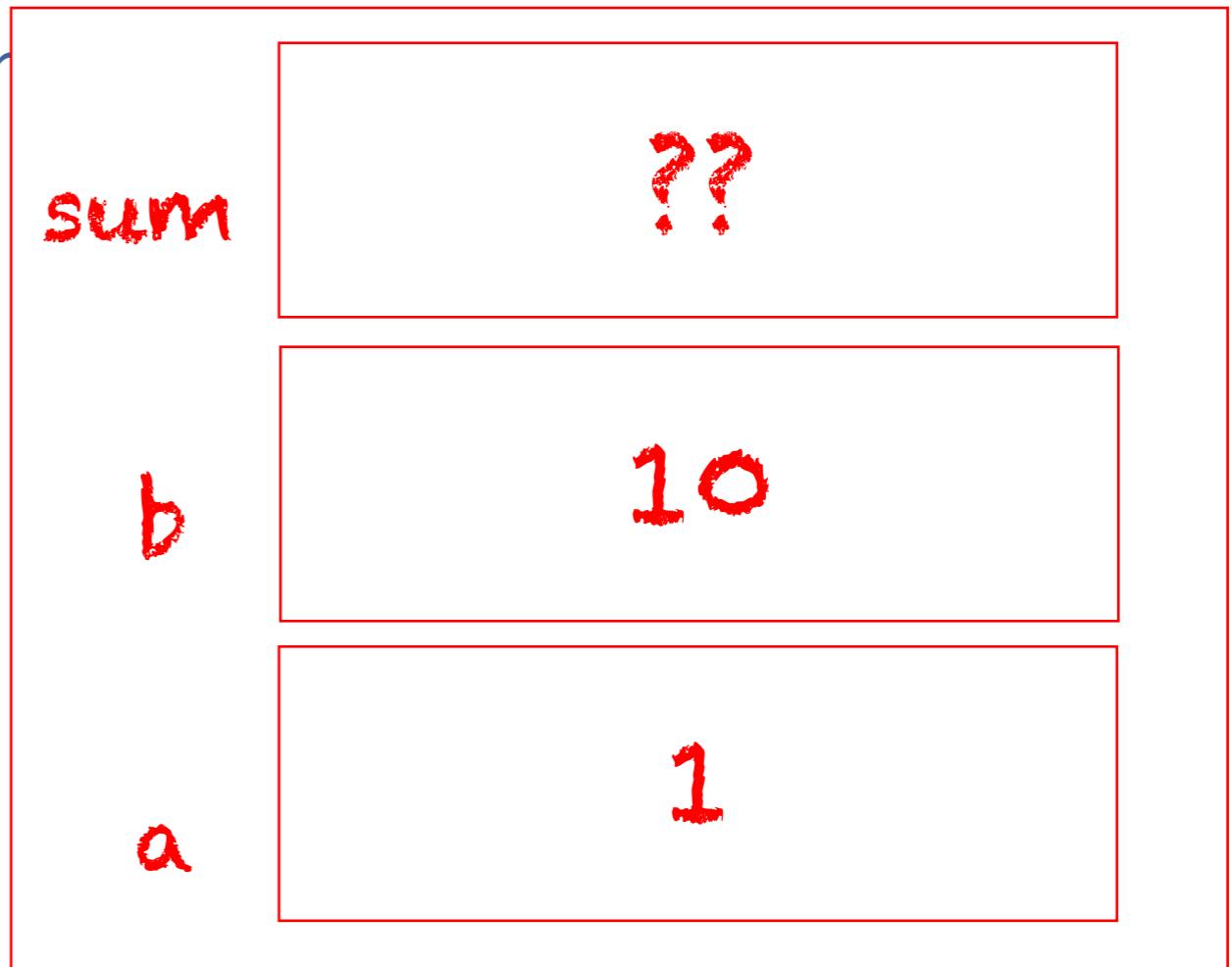
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```

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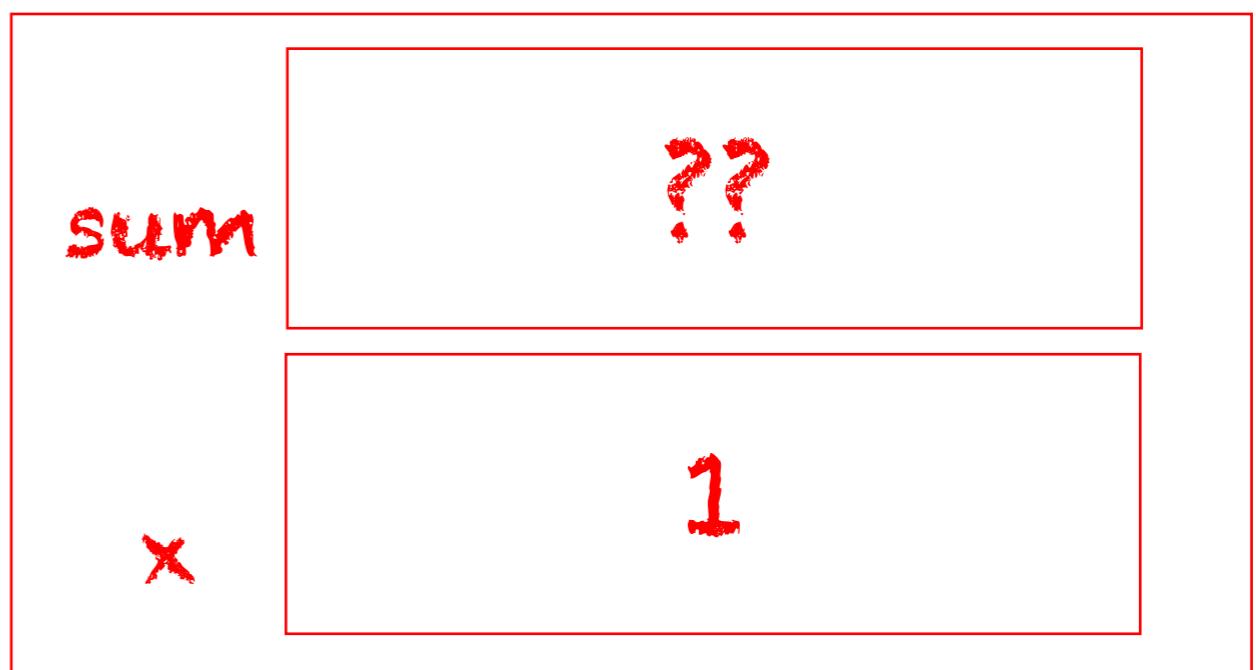
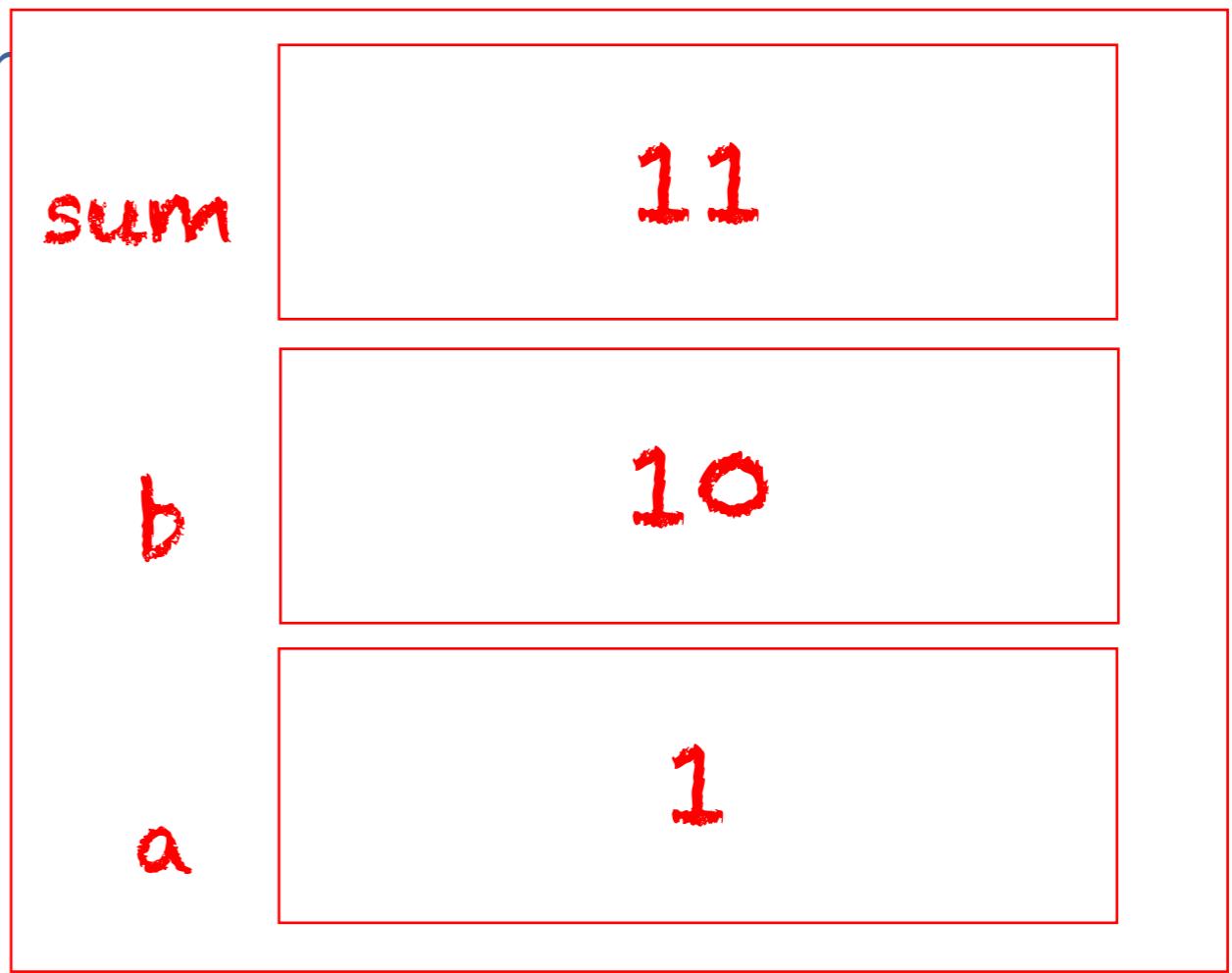
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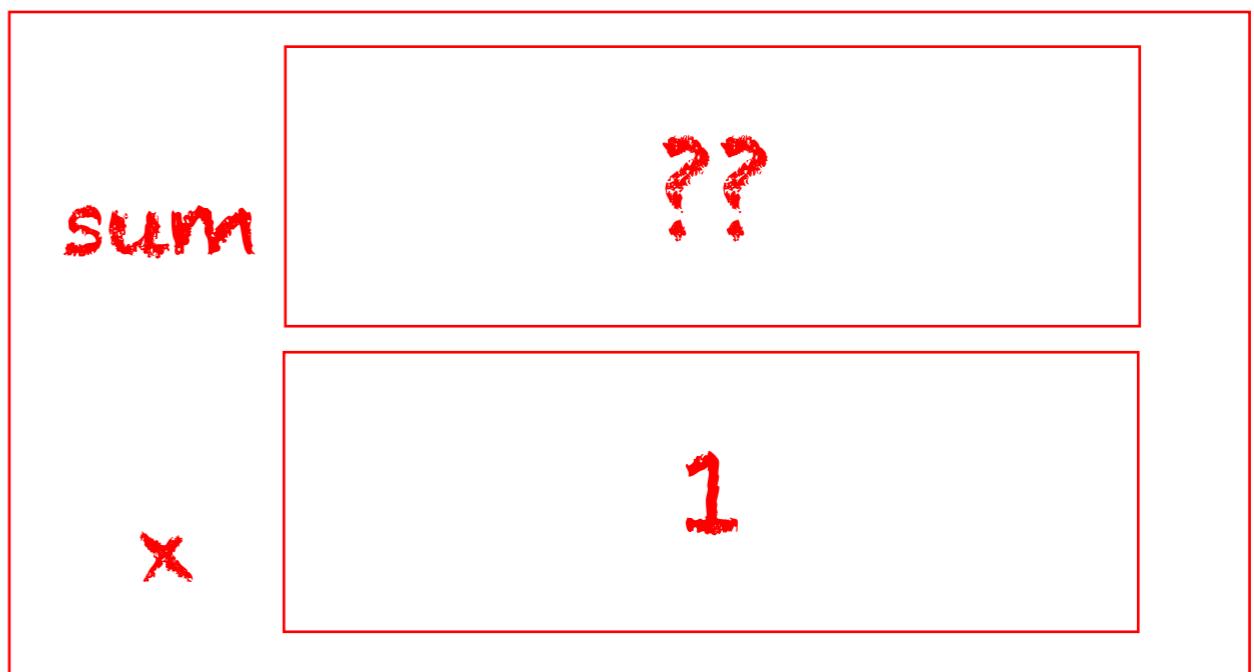
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void add(long sum, long a, long b)
{
    sum = a + b;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long x = 1;
    long sum;
    add(sum, x, 10);
}
```



- & address of a variable (i.e., address of a memory location)
- * memory location at an address (i.e., the variable at the address)

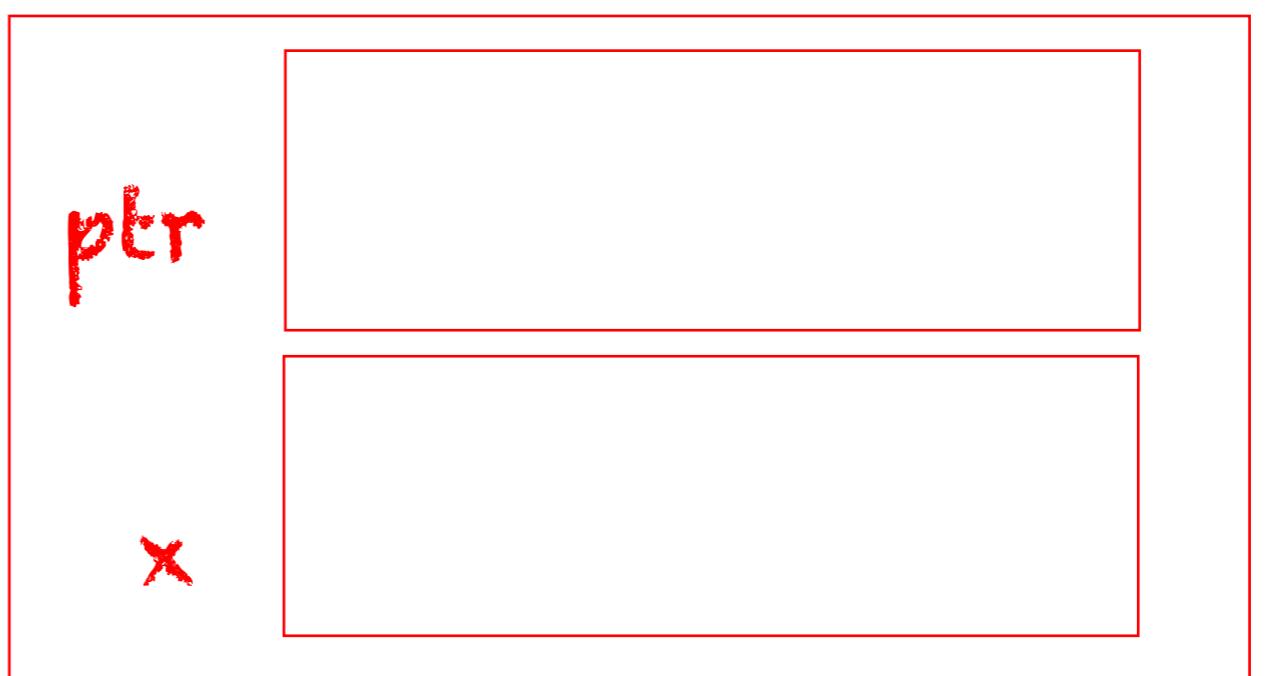
& address of a variable

if x is a variable, then &x gives us the address of x.
(where does x live?)

Suppose we have an address a, how to find out who lives there?

answer: *a

```
int main()
{
    long x;
    long *ptr;
    ptr = &x;
    *ptr = 1;
}
```



```
#include "cs1010.h"

void add(long sum, long a, long b)
{
    sum = a + b;
    cs1010.Println_long((long)&sum);
}

int main()
{
    long x = 1;
    long sum;
    add(sum, x, 10);
    cs1010.Println_long((long)&sum);
}
```

Some Rules about Pointers

- A pointer to some type T can only points to a variable of type T
- We cannot change the address of a variable (but can change what a pointer is pointing to)
- We can perform add and subtract on pointers

Arrays

array decay

```
long a[10];
```

a

is equivalent to

$\&a[0]$

```
long a[2] = {0, 1};  
long b[2] = {0, 1};  
  
if (a == b) { // always false  
:  
}  
  
b = a; // not possible
```

$a[i] = 10;$

$*(a + i) = 10;$

$x = a[42];$

$x = *(a + 42);$

```
long max(long list[], long length)
{
    :
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long a[10] = { ... };
    max(a, 10);
}
```

```
long max(long *list, long length)
{
    :
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long a[10] = { ... };
    max(a, 10);
}
```

```
long a[ ? ];
```

```
long size = cs1010_read_long();  
:  
long a[size];
```

variable-size array

```
long size = cs1010_read_long();
:
long *a = cs1010_read_long_array(size);
```

variable-size array

Strings

A string is
an array of char
terminated by ‘\0’

```
char *str = "hello!";
```

```
char str[7] = { 'h', 'e', 'l',  
    'l', 'o', '!', '\0'}
```