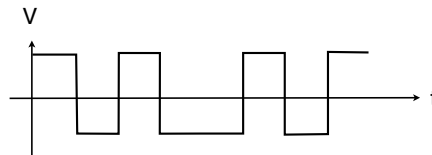


- For each encoding method below, show how the bit sequence 01011001 is encoded: RZ, NRZ-I, NRZ-L, Manchester, Differential Manchester.

Assume that the signal for the first bit (i.e., bit 0) starts at positive value.

- The following signal is received. The first bit is 0. Decode the bit sequence if the encoding scheme used is (i) NRZ-I; (ii) Manchester coding; and (iii) Differential Manchester coding.



- A given transmission medium has a SNR of 127 and supports frequency ranging from 1MHz to 3MHz. A signal is transmitted using the following modulation scheme:

$$s(t) = \begin{cases} 5 \cos(2\pi ft + 45^\circ) & 000 \\ 5 \cos(2\pi ft + 135^\circ) & 001 \\ 5 \cos(2\pi ft + 225^\circ) & 010 \\ 5 \cos(2\pi ft + 315^\circ) & 011 \\ 10 \cos(2\pi ft + 45^\circ) & 100 \\ 10 \cos(2\pi ft + 135^\circ) & 101 \\ 10 \cos(2\pi ft + 225^\circ) & 110 \\ 10 \cos(2\pi ft + 315^\circ) & 111 \end{cases}$$

- Draw the constellation for the modulation scheme above.
- What is the theoretical maximum bit rate that can be transmitted through the medium?
- What is the maximum baud rate achieved?
- If the transmission medium is noiseless, what is the achievable bitrate?